



Appendix D:

Trip Generation And Distribution





Trip Generation Calculations - Combined Total

Condition	Trips: All Vehicles			Trips: Trucks			Trips: Passenger Cars		
	Total	Enter	Exit	Total	Enter	Exit	Total	Enter	Exit
Average Weekday	2422	1210	1212	383	192	191	2039	1018	1021
Weekday AM Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic	199	143	56	43	24	19	156	119	37
Weekday PM Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic	229	63	166	44	23	21	185	40	145
Average Saturday	661	331	330	106	53	53	555	278	277
Saturday Peak Hour of Generator	103	40	63	13	6	7	90	34	56
Average Sunday	563	280	283	90	45	45	473	235	238
Sunday Peak Hour of Generator	97	33	64	12	6	6	85	27	58

Mellott, Craig

From: Kinard, Eric W <ekinard@pa.gov>
Sent: Thursday, November 6, 2025 10:01 AM
To: Mellott, Craig
Cc: Dzurko, Michael J; Warden, William J; Thompson, Vickie M.; Whalen, Dan
Subject: Re: [External] Warehouse Trip Generation - Current ITE Manual

Good morning Craig,

Yes, we are agreeable to using the LUC 150 12th edition data with the SOL flowchart.

Thanks for your patience with this one. Give me a shout if you have any questions.

[cid:eca6cd14-4f35-40df-a249-04e3c199bf3b]

Eric Kinard | District Permits Manager

PA Department of Transportation | PennDOT Engineering District 8-0

Traffic Unit | Permits Section

2140 Herr Street | Harrisburg PA 17103-1699

Phone: 717-787-9237 | Cell: 717-773-8179 | ekinard@pa.gov<<mailto:ekinard@pa.gov>>

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Mellott, Craig

From: Mellott, Craig
Sent: Wednesday, October 15, 2025 3:25 PM
To: Kinard, Eric W
Cc: Dzurko, Michael J; Warden, William J; Thompson, Vickie M.; Whalen, Dan
Subject: RE: [External] Warehouse Trip Generation - Current ITE Manual
Attachments: 12Edition ITE #150 filtered for less than 500ksf and NE.pdf; ITE 150 Data Unfiltered 12th Edition.pdf; ITE 154 Data Unfiltered 12th Edition.pdf

Eric – no problem. For purposes of this interim discussion, I focused on only the ITE#150 data (filtered for buildings <500 ksf and in the NE/Mid-Atlantic Region) along with ITE#154 from the 12th edition, since those are the two current methodologies referenced in 282 and the flow chart. Below is a table showing the difference – as you can see, ITE #154 stayed the same (looks like no new data added for #ITE 154 since the 11th edition).

ITE #150, filtered for <50 ksf and NE/Mid-Atlantic, did go down pretty substantially for total vehicles – this LUC did get new data since the 11th edition, some of which were the 15 sites PennDOT studied (that were incorporated into the statistics).

ITE's 12th edition web application gives an error when we tried to get filtered ITE#150 data for trucks during the AM/PM peaks; that's why we don't show anything below relative to the 12th edition for those scenarios. We've reached out to ITE to see if they can figure out why it's giving an error.

I've also attached PDF data from the 12th Edition for the following: (1) Filtered data for ITE #150 for <500 ksf and NE/Mid-Atlantic Region; (2) unfiltered ITE trip gen data for ITE #150; (3) unfiltered ITE trip gen data for ITE #154.

Let me know your thoughts – I can provide info on other ITE codes if you'd like (ITE#155 (High-Cube Fulfillment), #156 (High Cube Parcel Hub), #157 (High-Cube Cold Storage), but those are fairly specific users that would seem to be appropriate if the actual end user is known (although obviously happy to hear PennDOT's feedback in that regard).

Thanks!

TABLE A
ITE TRIP GENERATION DATA 11TH VS 12 EDITION TRIP GENERATION MANUAL

Land Use	ITE #	Time Period	Trip Type	Weighted Average Rate
High-Cube Transload and Short-Term Storage Warehouse	154	Weekday	All Vehicular	1.40 (1.40)
			Truck	0.22 (0.22)
		Weekday A.M. Peak Hour	All Vehicular	0.08 (0.08)
			Truck	0.02 (0.02)
		Weekday P.M. Peak Hour	All Vehicular	0.10 (0.10)
			Truck	0.01 (0.01)
Warehousing <500 KSF GFA	150 ¹	Weekday	All Vehicular	3.02 (2.52)
			Truck	0.60 (0.40)
		Weekday A.M. Peak Hour	All Vehicular	0.42 (0.24)
			Truck	0.05
		Weekday P.M. Peak Hour	All Vehicular	0.37 (0.27)
			Truck	0.06

T = number of site-generated vehicular trips

X = independent variable (ksf, thousand square feet of gross leasable areas)

¹ = ITE LUC 150 Filtered by Northeast & Mid-Atlantic Region/Size



Black Bold Font: 11th Edition Trip Generation Manual

Red Font (Rates identified in 12th Edition Trip Generation Manual)

Craig Mellott, P.E., PTOE, Vice President



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From: Kinard, Eric W <ekinard@pa.gov>

Sent: Wednesday, October 15, 2025 1:06 PM

To: Mellott, Craig <cmellott@tpdinc.com>

Cc: Dzurko, Michael J <MDZURKO@pa.gov>; Warden, William J <wilwarden@pa.gov>; Thompson, Vickie M. <victthompso@pa.gov>; Whalen, Dan <danwhalen@pa.gov>

Subject: RE: [External] Warehouse Trip Generation - Current ITE Manual

Craig,

Could you quantify and document the changes to all the various warehouse LUC in the 12th edition so we could evaluate?

It's embarrassing, but due to the budget impasse, we can't purchase the newest edition.



Eric Kinard | District Permits Manager

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From: Mellott, Craig <cmellott@tpdinc.com>

Sent: Wednesday, October 15, 2025 11:42 AM

To: Kinard, Eric W <ekinard@pa.gov>; Warden, William J <wilwarden@pa.gov>; Thompson, Vickie M. <victhompso@pa.gov>; Whalen, Dan <danwhalen@pa.gov>

Cc: Dzurko, Michael J <MDZURKO@pa.gov>

Subject: [External] Warehouse Trip Generation - Current ITE Manual

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Eric/Bill/Vickie/Dan – thanks again for talking with me this morning on PennDOT District 8-0's methodologies for generating trips associated with speculative warehousing where end users are not yet known. I wanted to confirm that moving forward, since the 12th edition of ITE's *Trip Generation Manual* was recently issued, PennDOT 8-0 is comfortable using the attached flow chart (from the current Publication 282) to establish trip generation rates for speculative warehouse development, but rather than using the 11th edition of the *Trip Generation Manual*, **usage of the 12th edition ITE Trip Generation Manual data for the flow chart determination/trip generation calculations is acceptable.**

If you would, we'd appreciate you confirming this understanding until such time (if/when) Central Office decides to update the methodology in a future Publication 282 update. I've copied Mike Dzurko on this email as well to keep him in the loop.

Let me know your thoughts. Thank you!

Craig Mellott, P.E., PTOE, Vice President



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 Graph Look Up

Query

Filter

FILTER BY:

REGION [\(Details\)](#):

Northeast & Mid-Atlantic

Some regions are not shown due to lack of data.

RANGE OF YEARS:

From: 1991

To: 2023

RANGE OF IV VALUES (1000 SQ. FT. GFA):

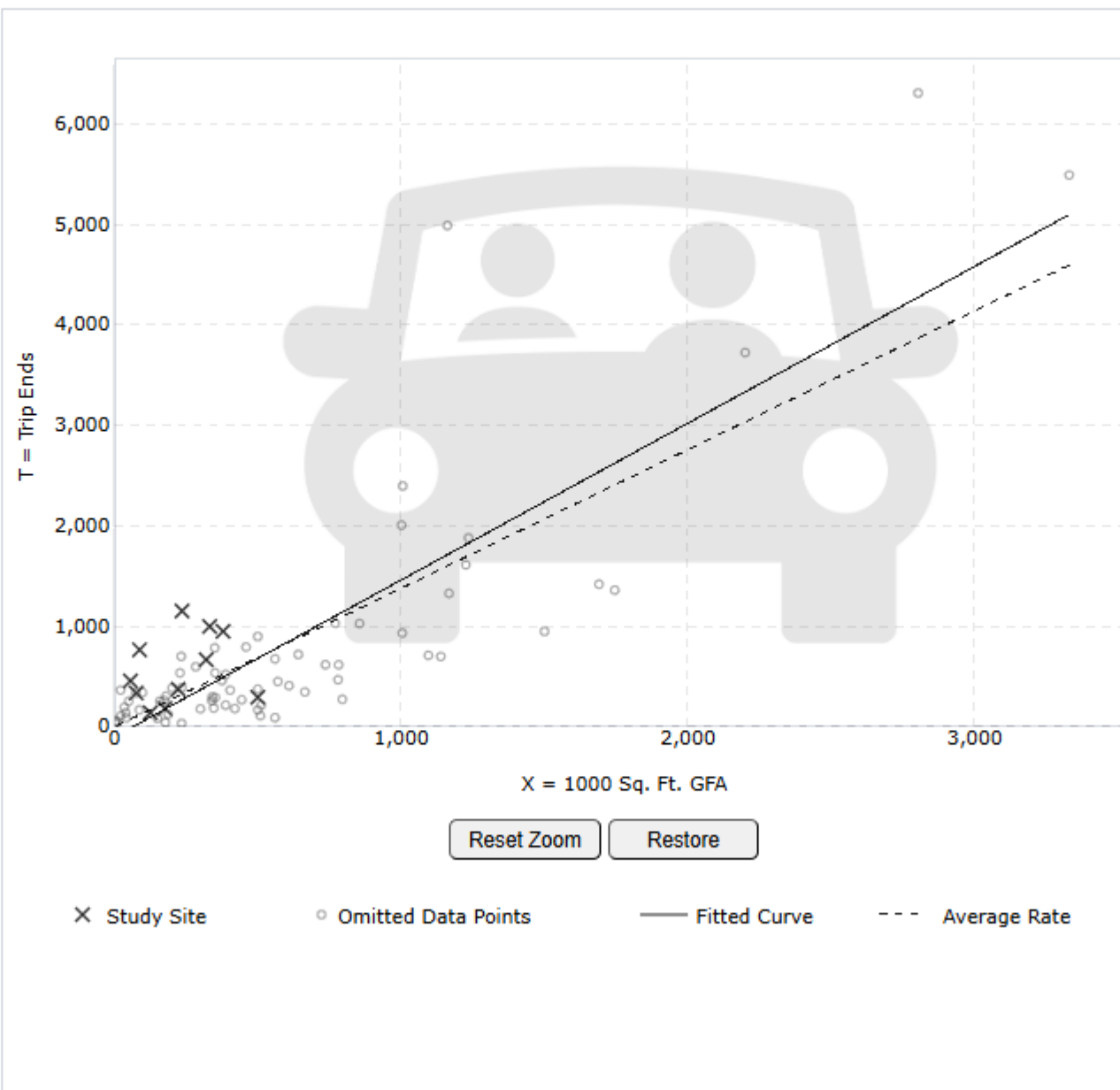
From: 3.89

To: 500

Update

Data Plot and Equation

Caution – Filtered Data Set



Use the mouse wheel to Zoom Out or Zoom In.
Hover the mouse pointer on data points to view X and T values.

ORIGINAL DATA STATISTICS

Land Use:

Warehouse (150) [Click for Description and Data Plots](#)

Independent Variable:

1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

Time Period:

Weekday

Setting/Location:

General Urban/Suburban

Trip Type:

Vehicle

Number of Studies:

81

Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA:

554

Average Rate:

FILTERED DATA STATISTICS

Filtered by:

Region: Northeast & Mid-Atlantic

Years: 1991-2023

IV Value: 3.89-500

Number of Studies:

11 out of 81

Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA:

228

Average Rate:

2.52

Range Of Rates:

0.59 - 8.75

Standard Deviation:

2.05

Directional Distribution:

50% entering, 50% exiting

Query

Filter

FILTER BY:

REGION [\(Details\)](#):

Northeast & Mid-Atlantic

Some regions are not shown due to lack of data.

RANGE OF YEARS:

From: 1990 To: 2023

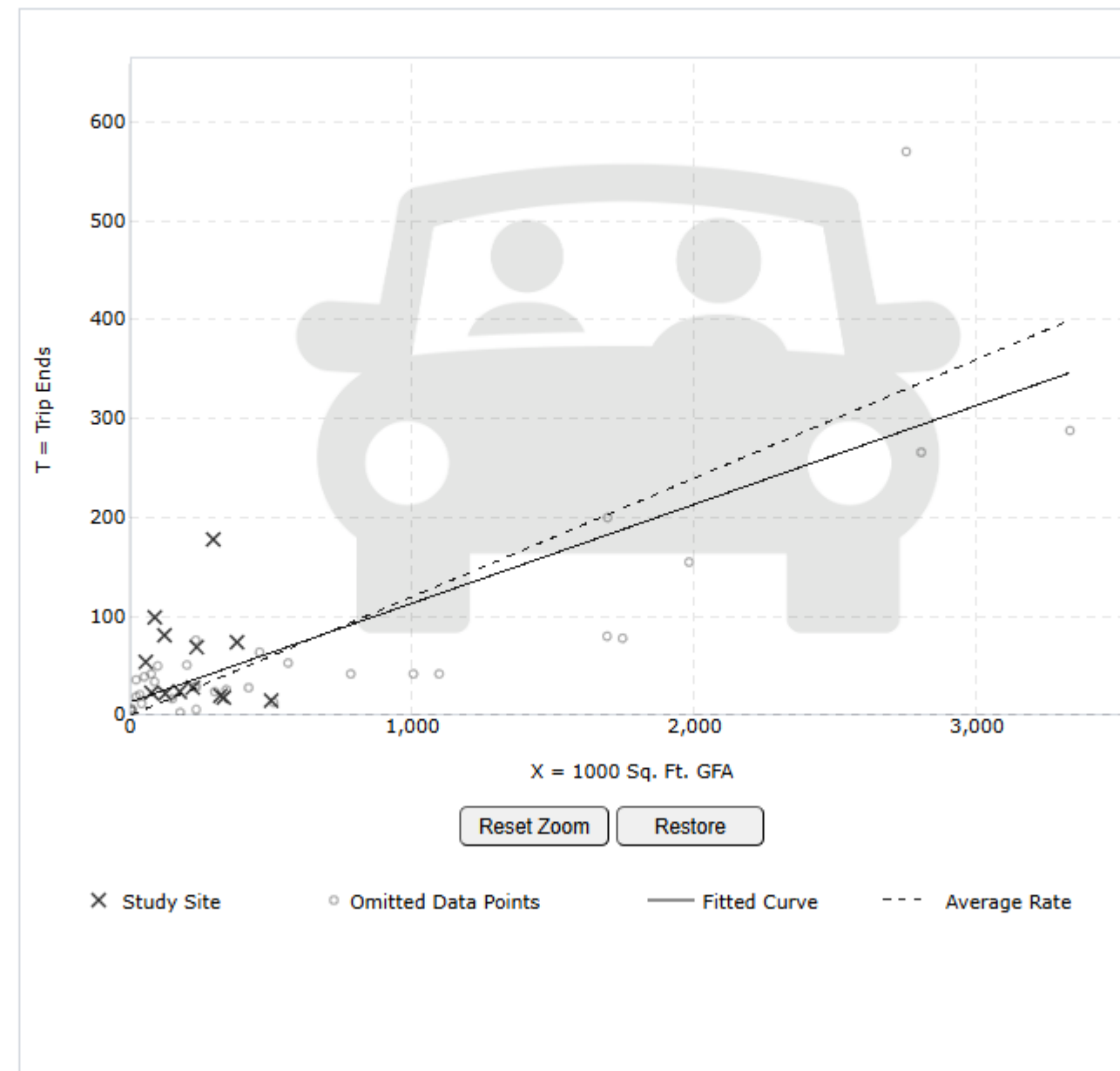
RANGE OF IV VALUES (1000 SQ. FT. GFA):

From: 3.89 To: 500

Update

Data Plot and Equation

Caution – Filtered Data Set



Use the mouse wheel to Zoom Out or Zoom In.
Hover the mouse pointer on data points to view X and T values.

ORIGINAL DATA STATISTICS

Land Use:

Warehouse (150) [Click for Description and Data Plots](#)

Independent Variable:

1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

Time Period:

Weekday
Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic
One Hour Between 7 and 9 a.m.

Setting/Location:

General Urban/Suburban

Trip Type:

Vehicle

Number of Studies:

47

Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA:

FILTERED DATA STATISTICS

Filtered by:

Region: Northeast & Mid-Atlantic
Years: 1990-2023
IV Value: 3.89-500

Number of Studies:

13 out of 47

Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA:

225

Average Rate:

0.24

Range Of Rates:

0.03 - 1.13

Standard Deviation:

0.28

Directional Distribution:

71% entering, 29% exiting

 Graph Look Up

Query

Filter

FILTER BY:

REGION [\(Details\)](#):

Northeast & Mid-Atlantic

Some regions are not shown due to lack of data.

RANGE OF YEARS:

From: 1990

To: 2023

RANGE OF IV VALUES (1000 SQ. FT. GFA):

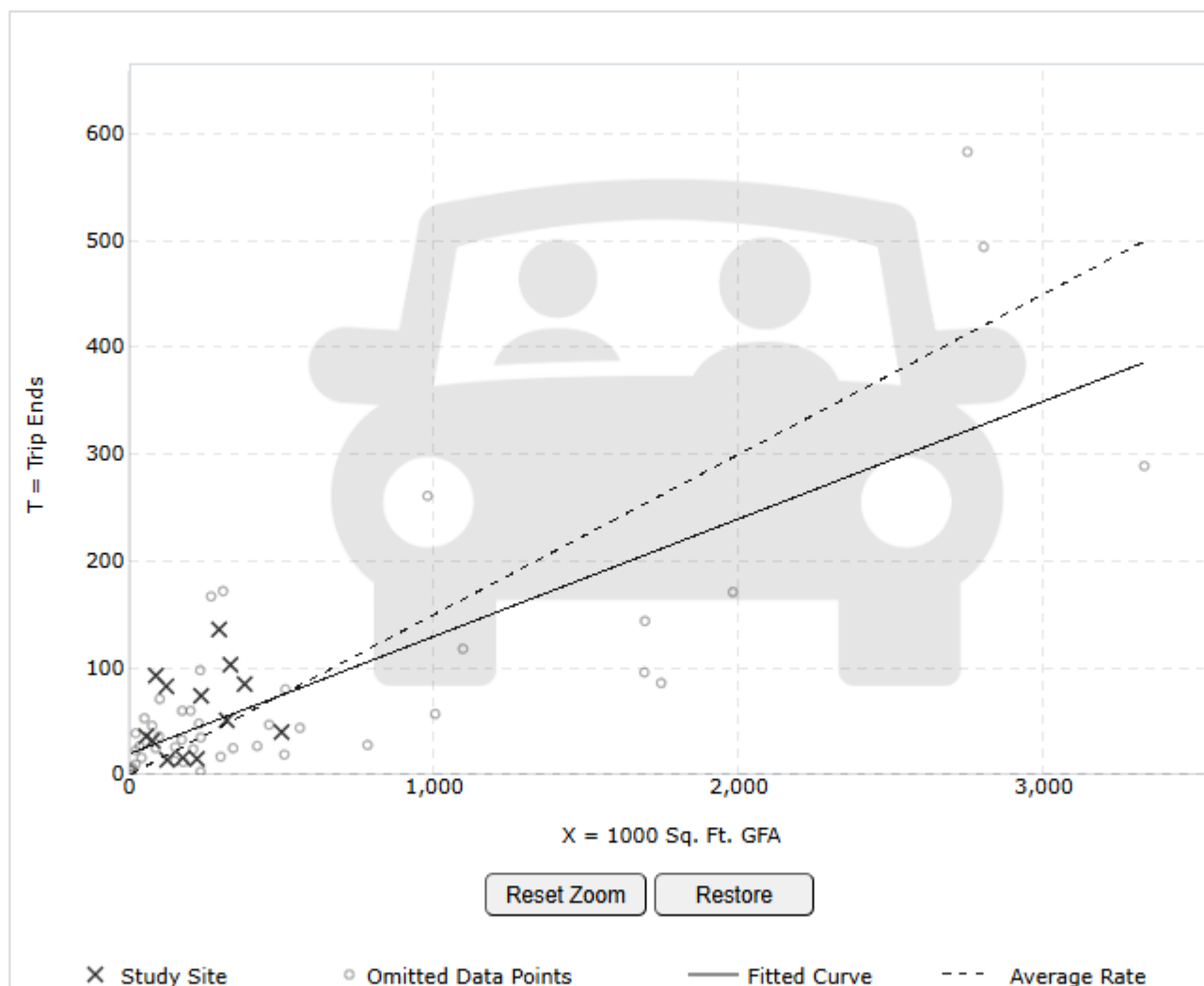
From: 3.89

To: 500

Update

Data Plot and Equation

Caution – Filtered Data Set



Use the mouse wheel to Zoom Out or Zoom In.
Hover the mouse pointer on data points to view X and T values.

ORIGINAL DATA STATISTICS

Land Use:

Warehouse (150) [Click for Description and Data Plots](#)

Independent Variable:

1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

Time Period:

Weekday

Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic

One Hour Between 4 and 6 p.m.

Setting/Location:

General Urban/Suburban

Trip Type:

Vehicle

Number of Studies:

58

Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA:

FILTERED DATA STATISTICS

Filtered by:

Region: Northeast & Mid-Atlantic

Years: 1990-2023

IV Value: 3.89-500

Number of Studies:

13 out of 58

Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA:

225

Average Rate:

0.27

Range Of Rates:

0.07 - 1.06

Standard Deviation:

0.23

Directional Distribution:

27% entering, 73% exiting

 Graph Look Up

Query

Filter

FILTER BY:

REGION [\(Details\)](#):

Northeast & Mid-Atlantic

Some regions are not shown due to lack of data.

RANGE OF YEARS:

From: 2010

To: 2023

RANGE OF IV VALUES (1000 SQ. FT. GFA):

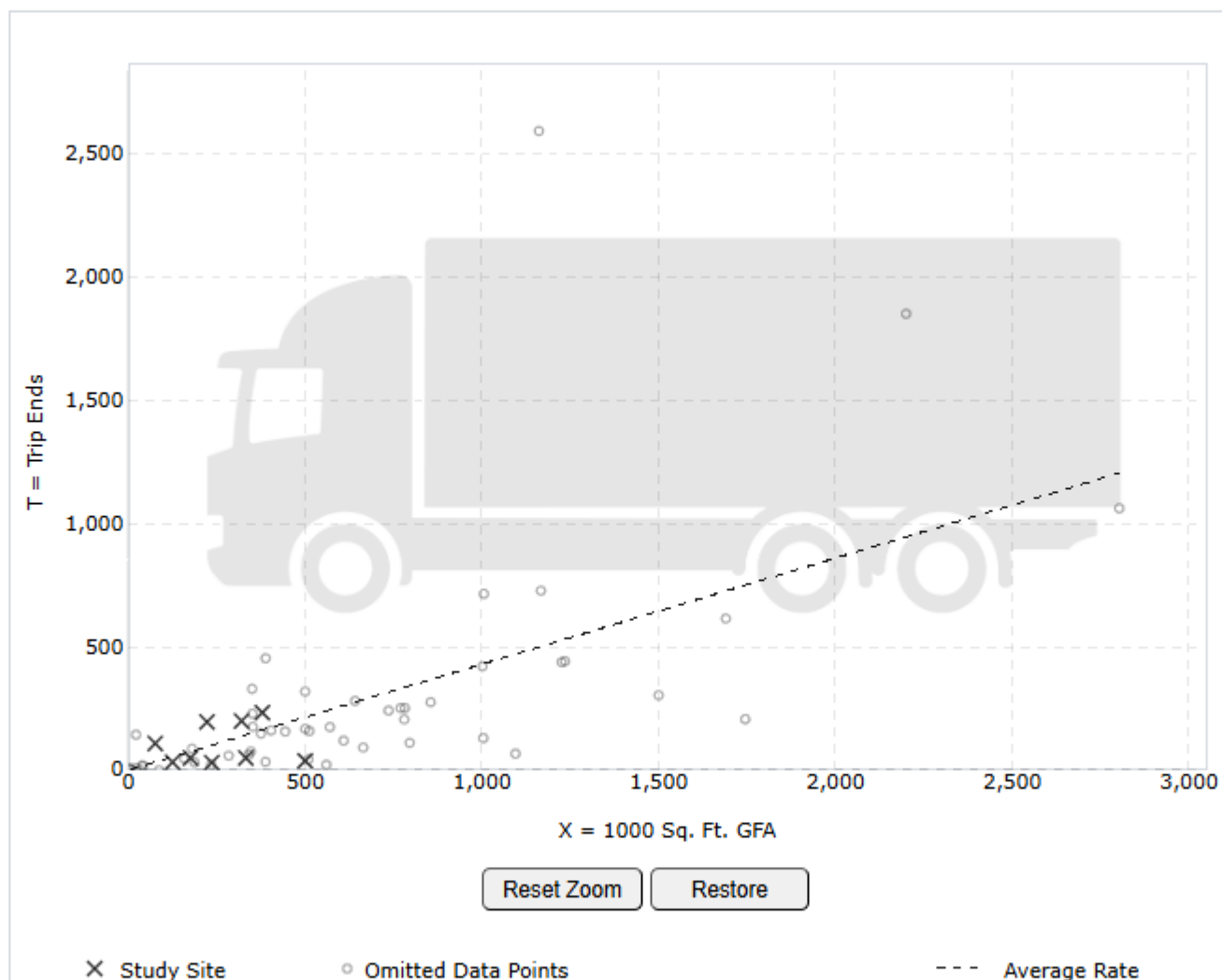
From: 3.89

To: 500

Update

Data Plot and Equation

Caution – Filtered Data Set



Use the mouse wheel to Zoom Out or Zoom In.
Hover the mouse pointer on data points to view X and T values.

ORIGINAL DATA STATISTICS

Land Use:

Warehouse (150) [Click for Description and Data Plots](#)

Independent Variable:

1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

Time Period:

Weekday

Setting/Location:

General Urban/Suburban

Trip Type:

Truck

Number of Studies:

61

Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA:

591

Average Rate:

FILTERED DATA STATISTICS

Filtered by:

Region: Northeast & Mid-Atlantic

Years: 2010-2023

IV Value: 3.89-500

Number of Studies:

9 out of 61

Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA:

263

Average Rate:

0.40

Range Of Rates:

0.08 - 1.43

Standard Deviation:

0.35

Directional Distribution:

50% entering, 50% exiting

Land Use: 150

Warehouse

Description

A warehouse is a large building primarily devoted to the storage of goods and materials but may also include office and maintenance areas. Stored goods can include raw materials, packing materials, parts, or other finished goods. A warehouse may provide long-term storage or serve as a distribution center for transferring goods between carriers (e.g., from long-haul carrier to a local delivery vehicle). A warehouse typically has loading docks to load and unload goods from trucks.

Additional Data

An additional resource which provides more information about warehouse types and definitions is available from NAIOP Research Foundation: Commercial Real Estate Terms and Definitions report from April 2024. <https://www.naiop.org/globalassets/research-and-publications/report/terms-and-definitions-/naiop-2024-terms-and-definitions.pdf>

The sites were surveyed in the 1990s, the 2000s, the 2010s, and the 2020s in California, Connecticut, Florida, Minnesota, New Jersey, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, and Texas.

Source Numbers

406, 411, 443, 579, 583, 596, 598, 611, 619, 642, 752, 869, 875, 876, 914, 940, 1050, 1214, 1221, 1257, 1286

Warehouse (150)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

On a: Weekday

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 81

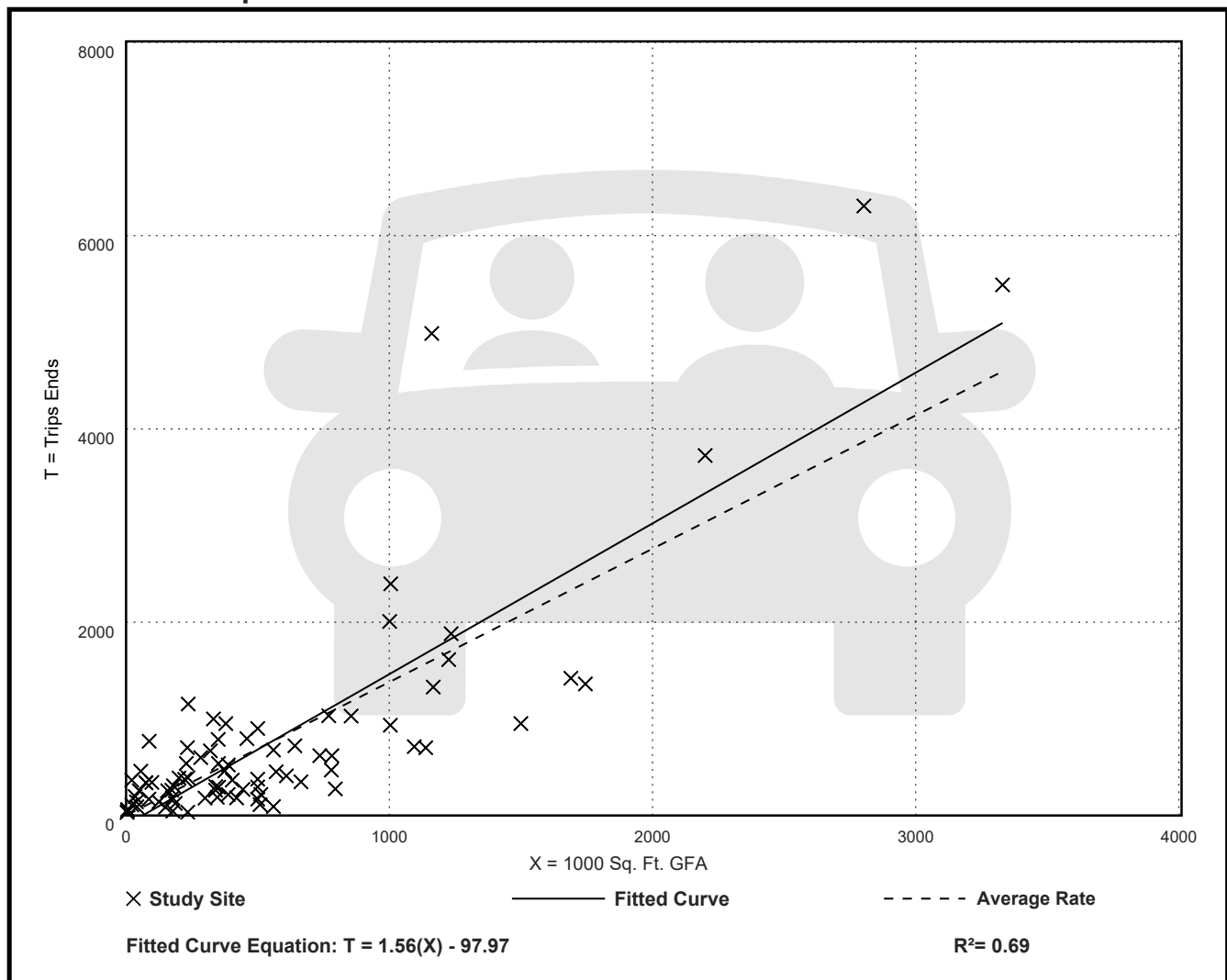
Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA: 554

Directional Distribution: 50% entering, 50% exiting

Vehicle Trip Generation per 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
1.38	0.15 - 16.93	1.05

Data Plot and Equation



Warehouse (150)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

On a: Weekday,

Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic,

One Hour Between 7 and 9 a.m.

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 47

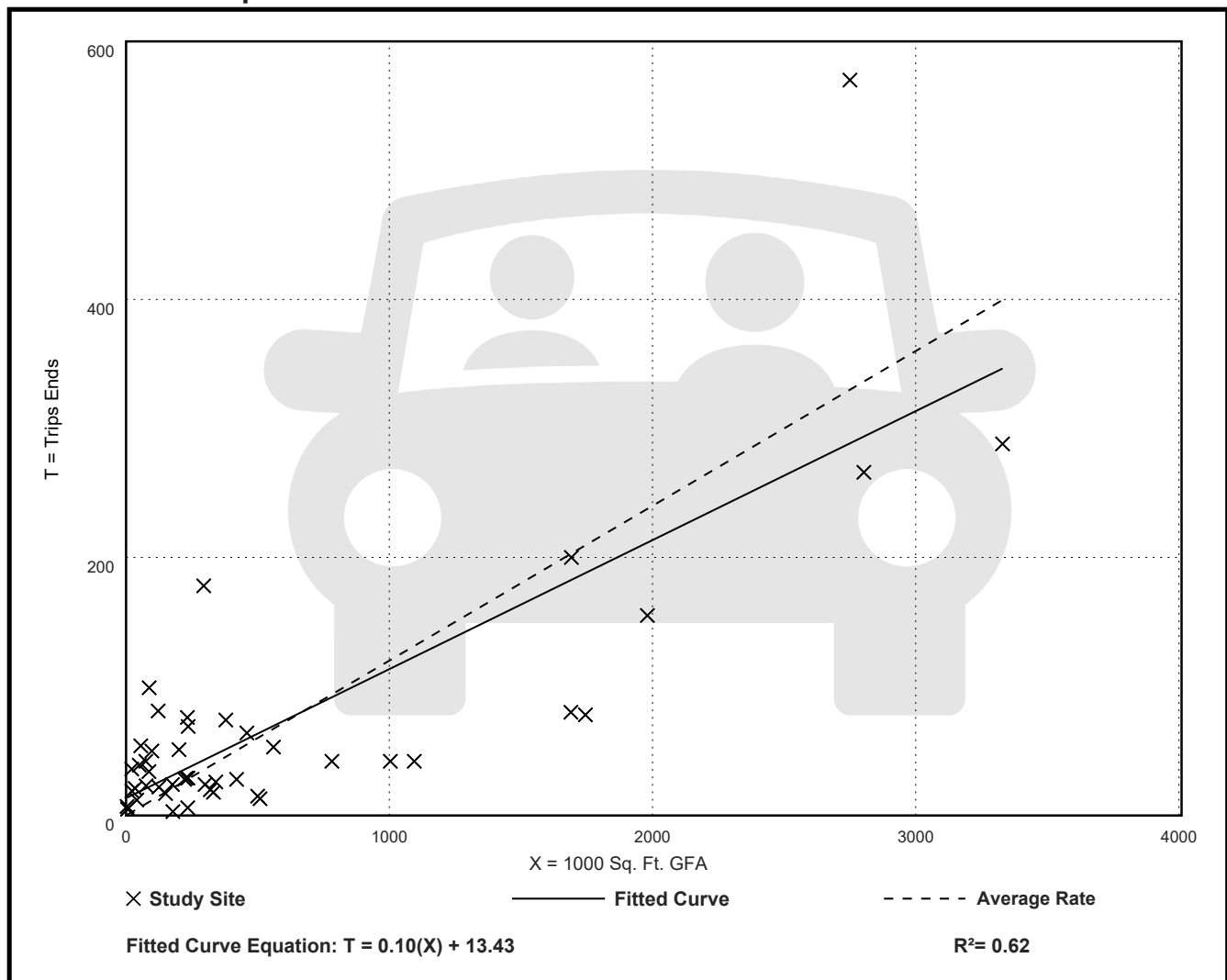
Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA: 559

Directional Distribution: 77% entering, 23% exiting

Vehicle Trip Generation per 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.12	0.02 - 1.80	0.14

Data Plot and Equation



Warehouse (150)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

On a: Weekday,

Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic,

One Hour Between 4 and 6 p.m.

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 58

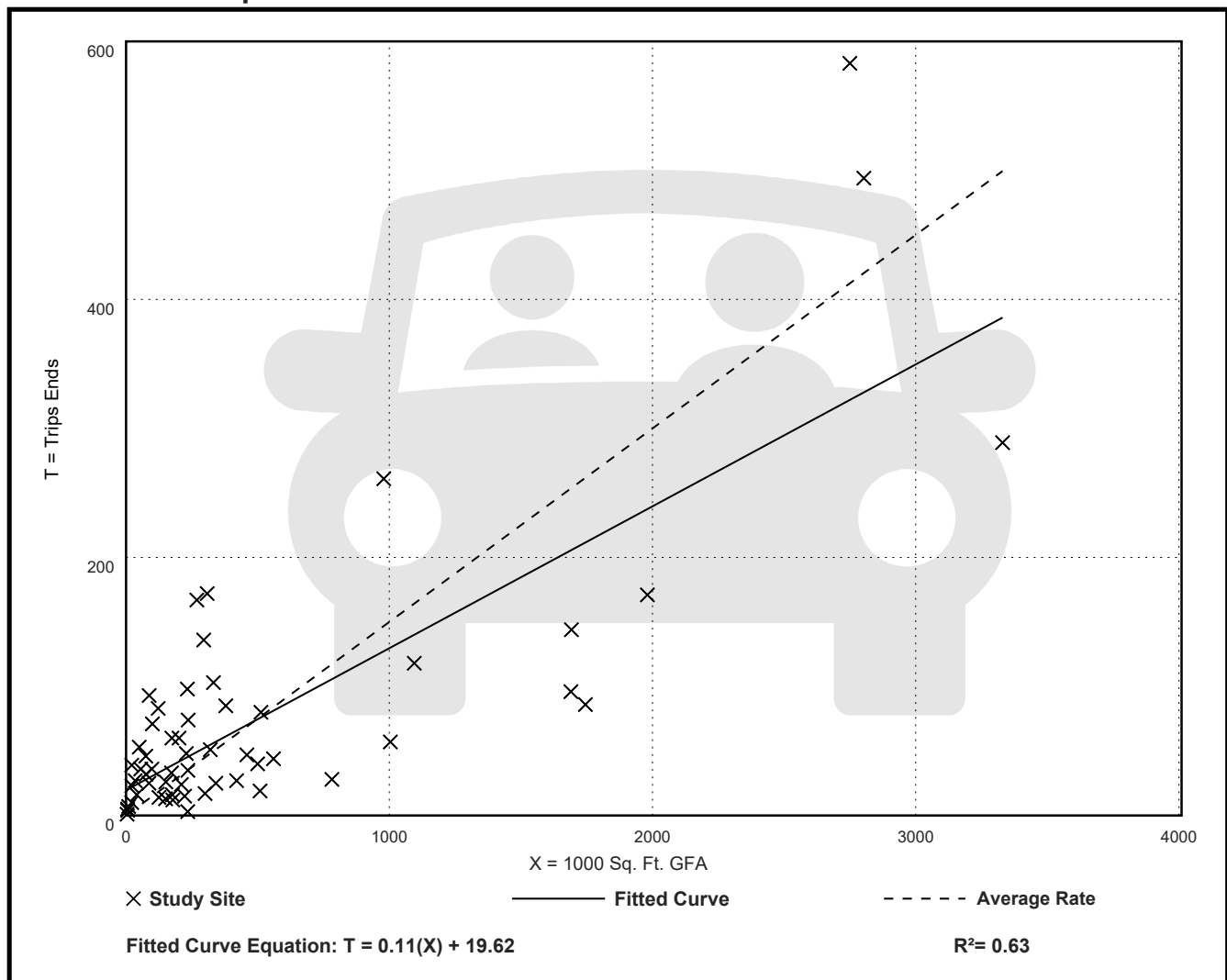
Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA: 503

Directional Distribution: 28% entering, 72% exiting

Vehicle Trip Generation per 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.15	0.01 - 1.80	0.15

Data Plot and Equation



Warehouse (150)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

On a: Weekday,
AM Peak Hour of Generator

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 62

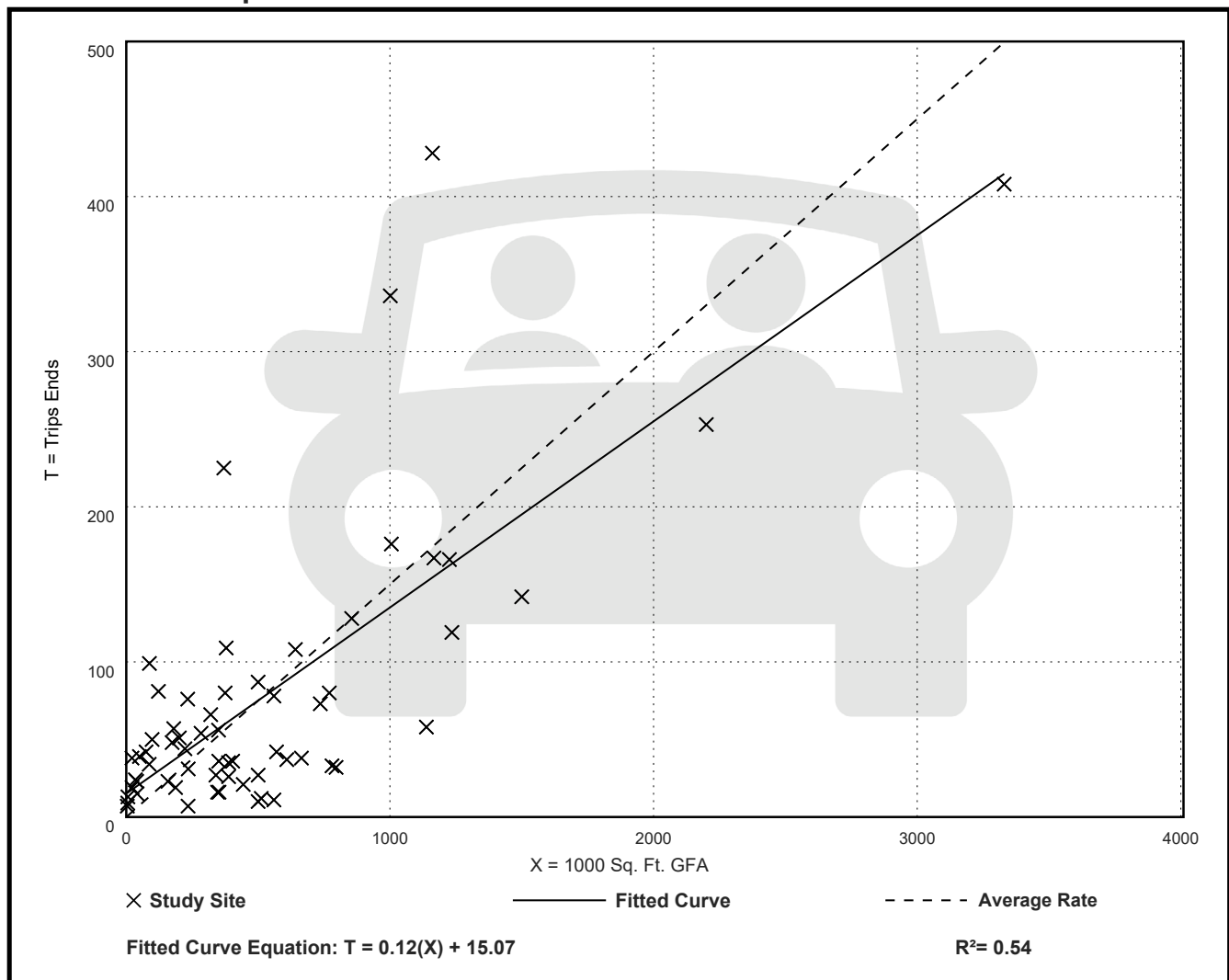
Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA: 518

Directional Distribution: 70% entering, 30% exiting

Vehicle Trip Generation per 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.15	0.02 - 2.08	0.14

Data Plot and Equation



Warehouse (150)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

On a: Weekday,
PM Peak Hour of Generator

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 62

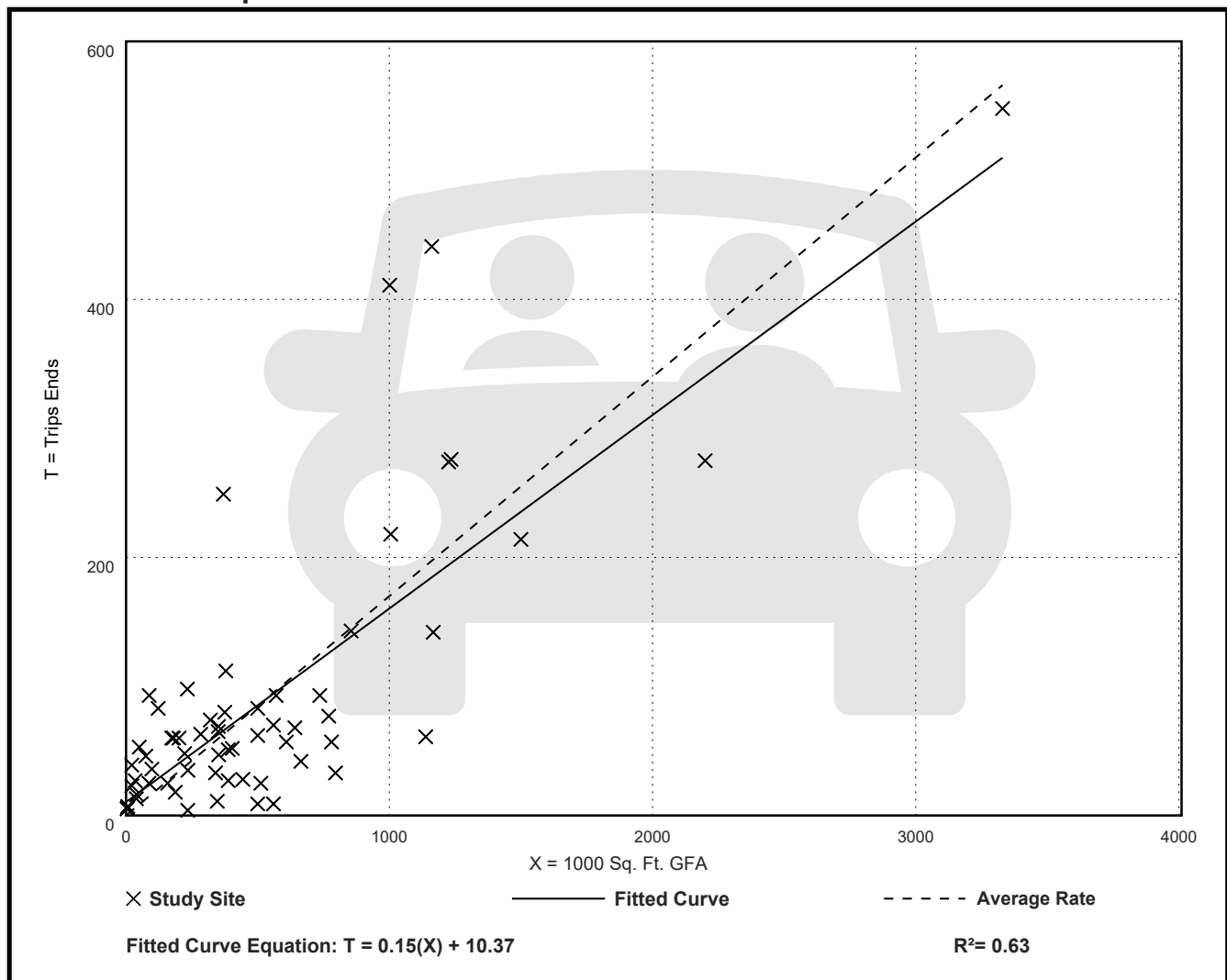
Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA: 518

Directional Distribution: 34% entering, 66% exiting

Vehicle Trip Generation per 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.17	0.02 - 1.80	0.14

Data Plot and Equation



Warehouse (150)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

On a: Saturday

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 3

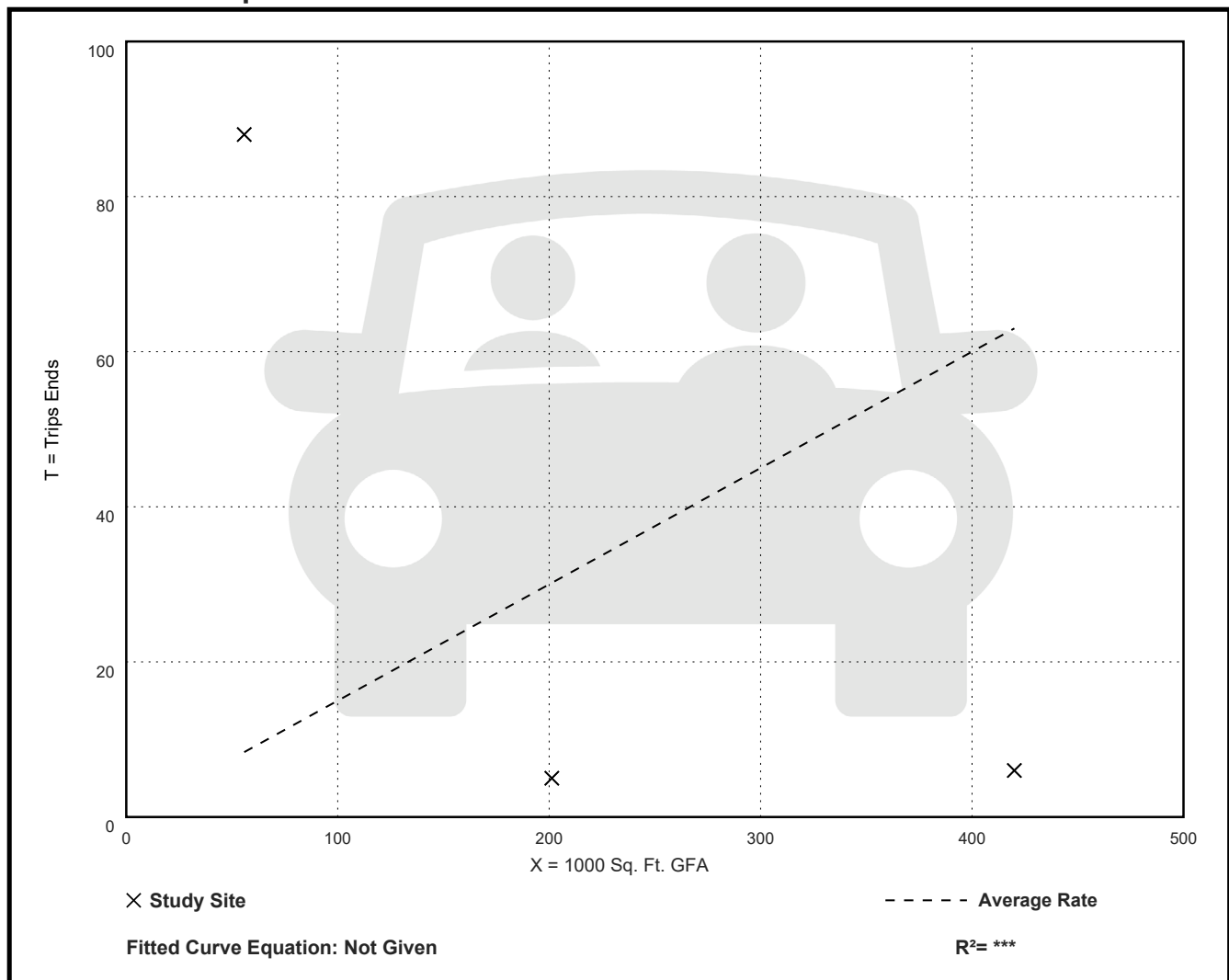
Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA: 226

Directional Distribution: 50% entering, 50% exiting

Vehicle Trip Generation per 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.15	0.01 - 1.58	0.53

Data Plot and Equation



Warehouse (150)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

On a: Saturday, Peak Hour of Generator

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 2

Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA: 129

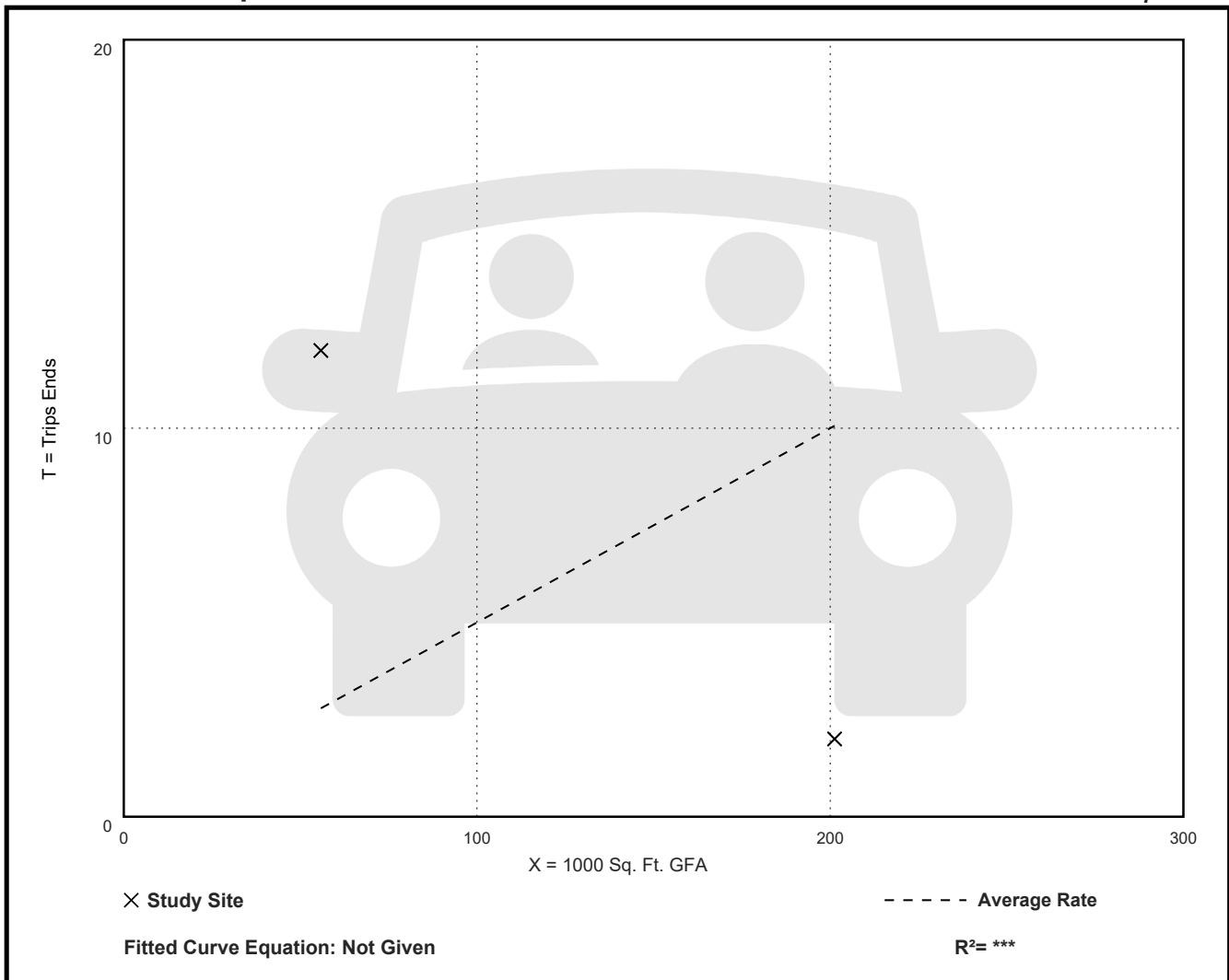
Directional Distribution: 64% entering, 36% exiting

Vehicle Trip Generation per 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.05	0.01 - 0.22	***

Data Plot and Equation

Caution – Small Sample Size



Warehouse (150)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

On a: Sunday

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 3

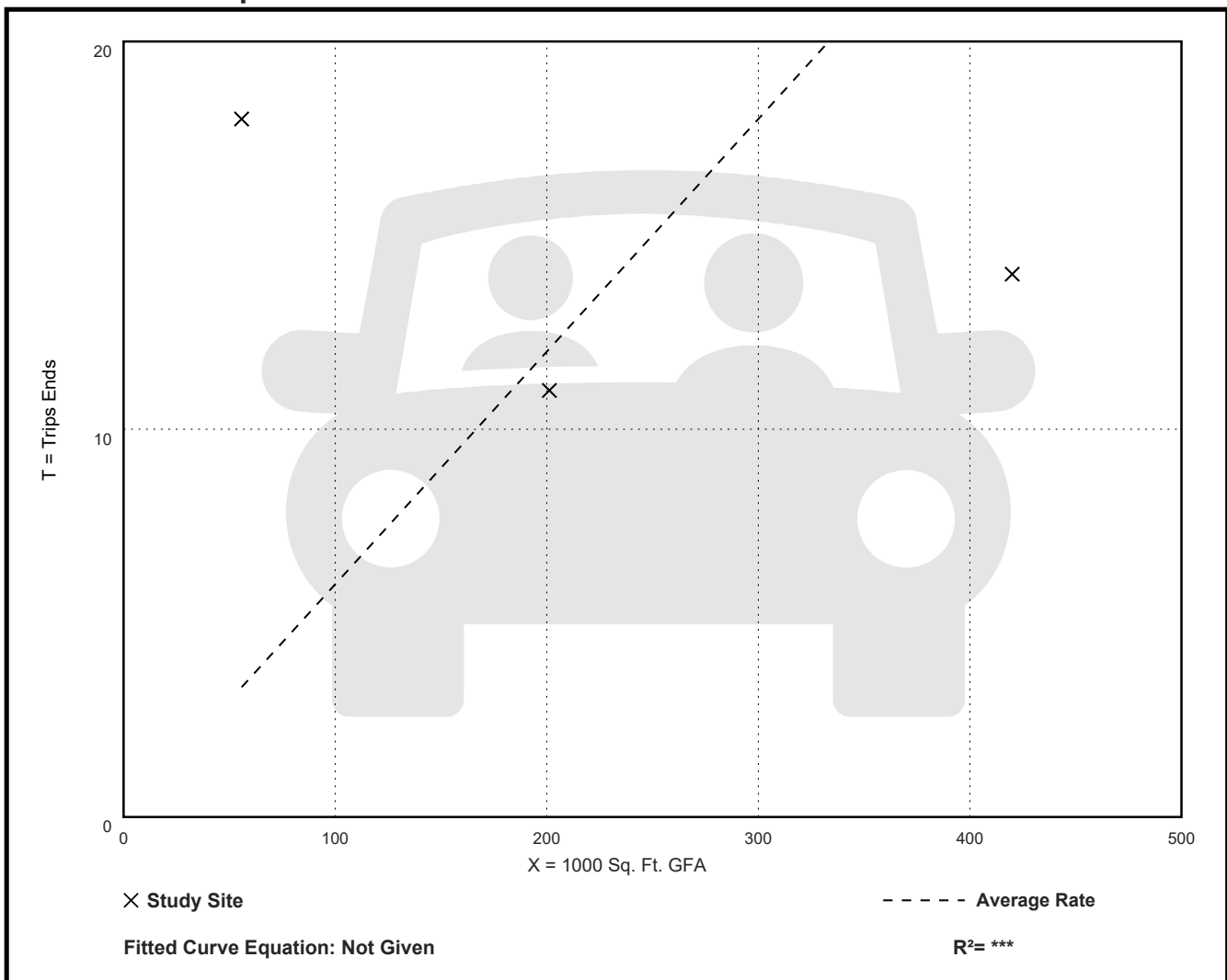
Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA: 226

Directional Distribution: 50% entering, 50% exiting

Vehicle Trip Generation per 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.06	0.03 - 0.32	0.10

Data Plot and Equation



Warehouse (150)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

On a: Sunday, Peak Hour of Generator

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 2

Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA: 129

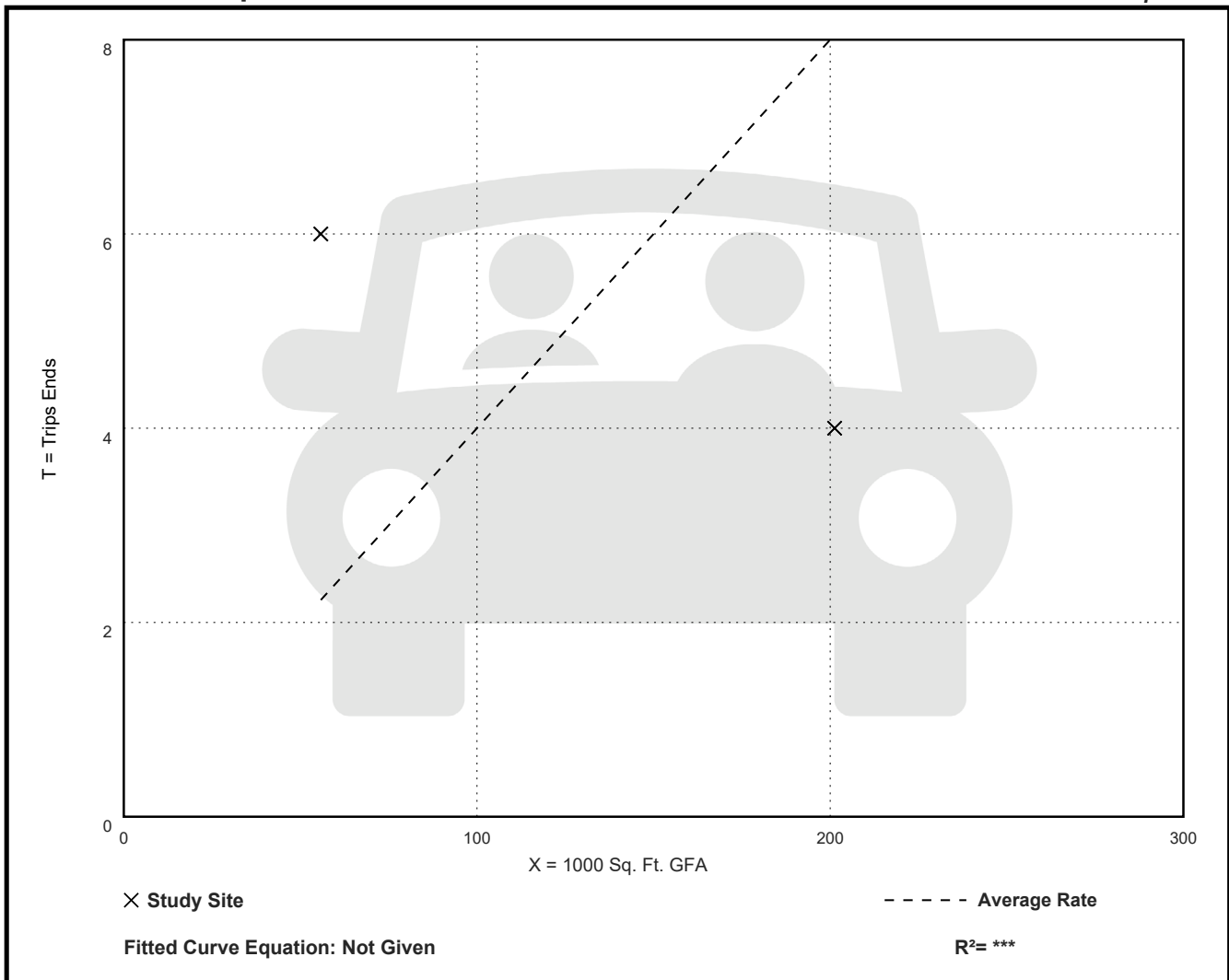
Directional Distribution: 52% entering, 48% exiting

Vehicle Trip Generation per 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.04	0.02 - 0.11	***

Data Plot and Equation

Caution – Small Sample Size



Warehouse (150)

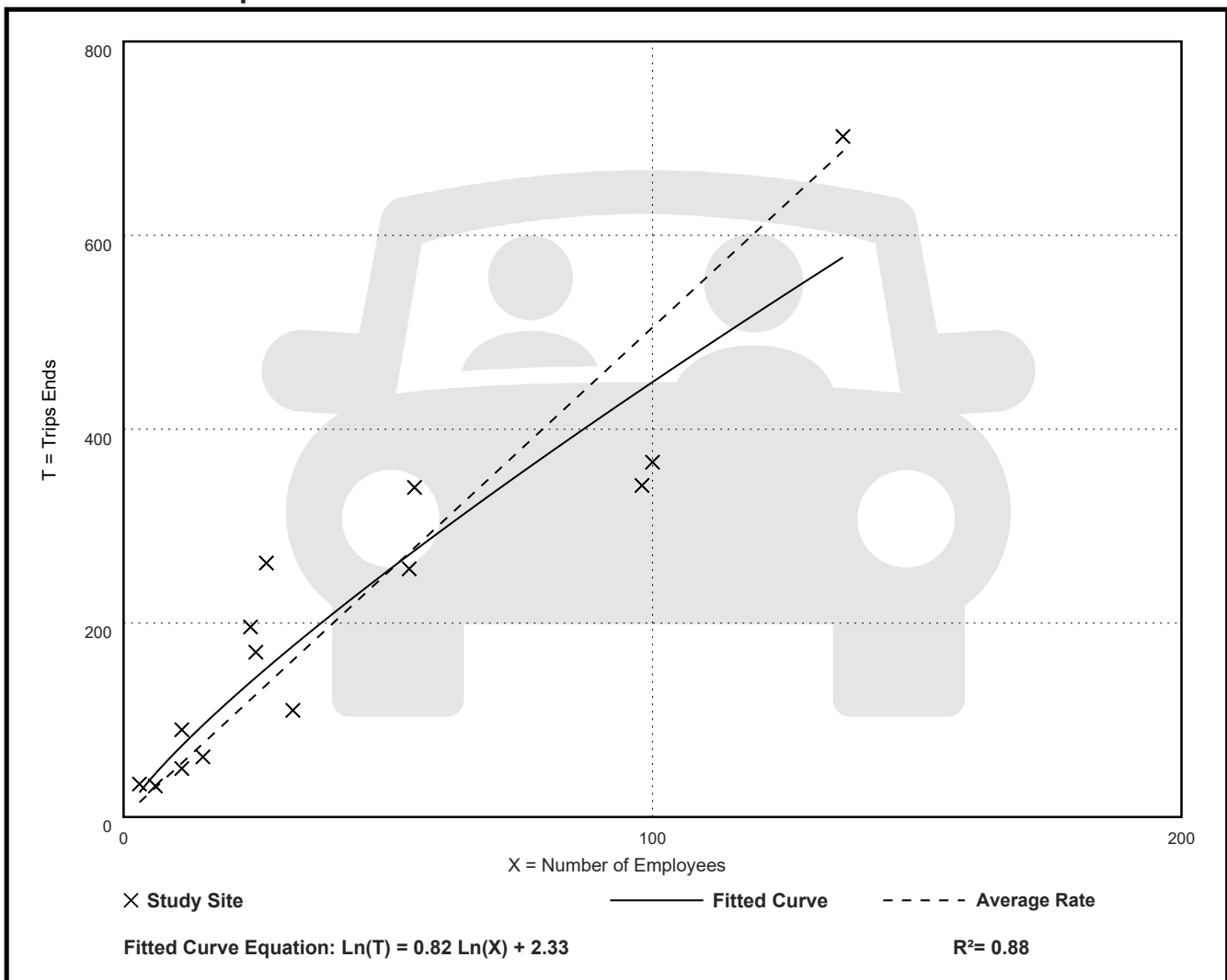
Vehicle Trip Ends vs: Employees
On a: Weekday

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban
Number of Studies: 14
Avg. Num. of Employees: 43
Directional Distribution: 50% entering, 50% exiting

Vehicle Trip Generation per Employee

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
5.05	3.44 - 11.33	1.77

Data Plot and Equation



Warehouse (150)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: Employees

On a: Weekday,

Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic,

One Hour Between 7 and 9 a.m.

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 13

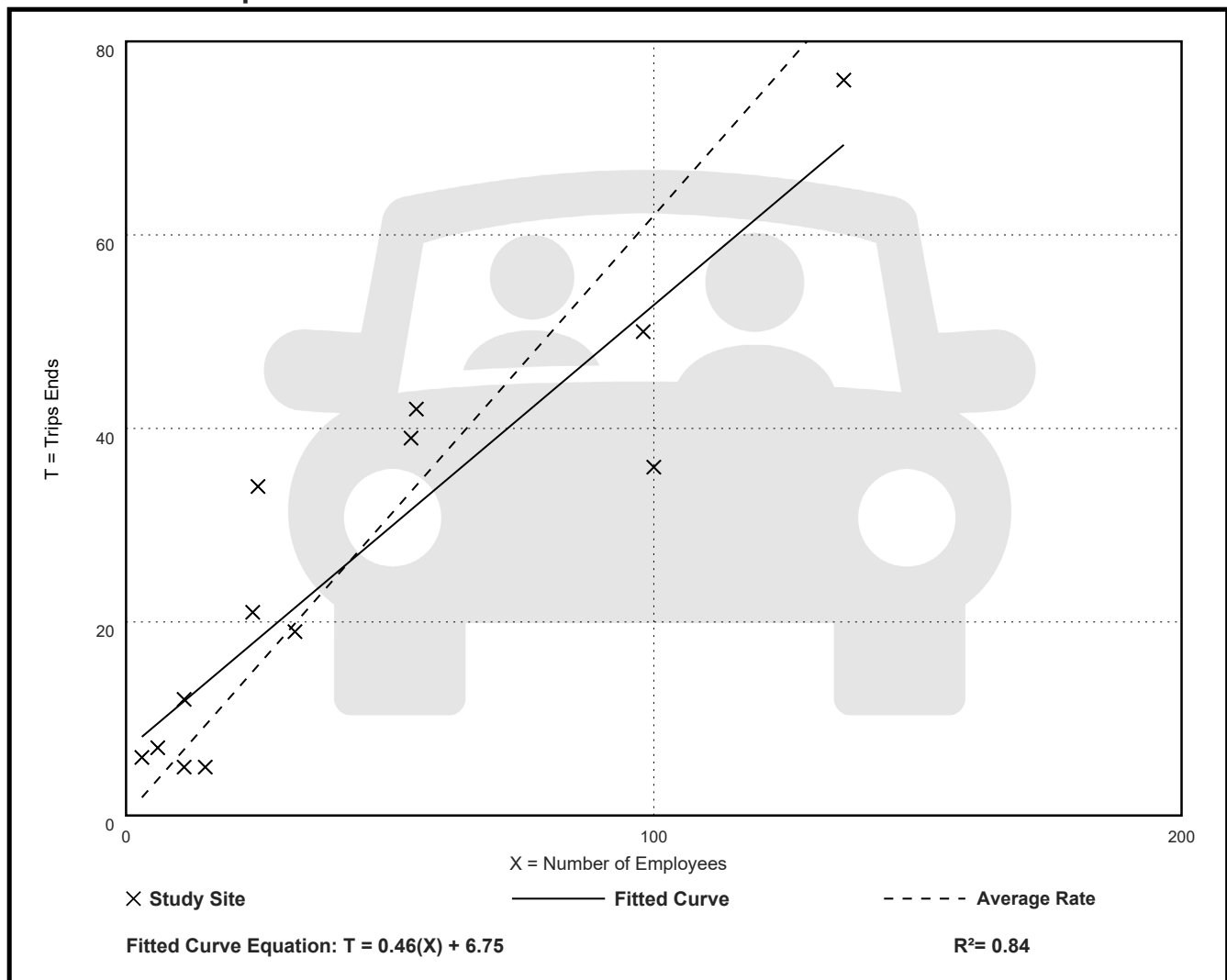
Avg. Num. of Employees: 44

Directional Distribution: 72% entering, 28% exiting

Vehicle Trip Generation per Employee

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.62	0.33 - 2.00	0.26

Data Plot and Equation



Warehouse (150)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: Employees

On a: Weekday,

Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic,

One Hour Between 4 and 6 p.m.

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 14

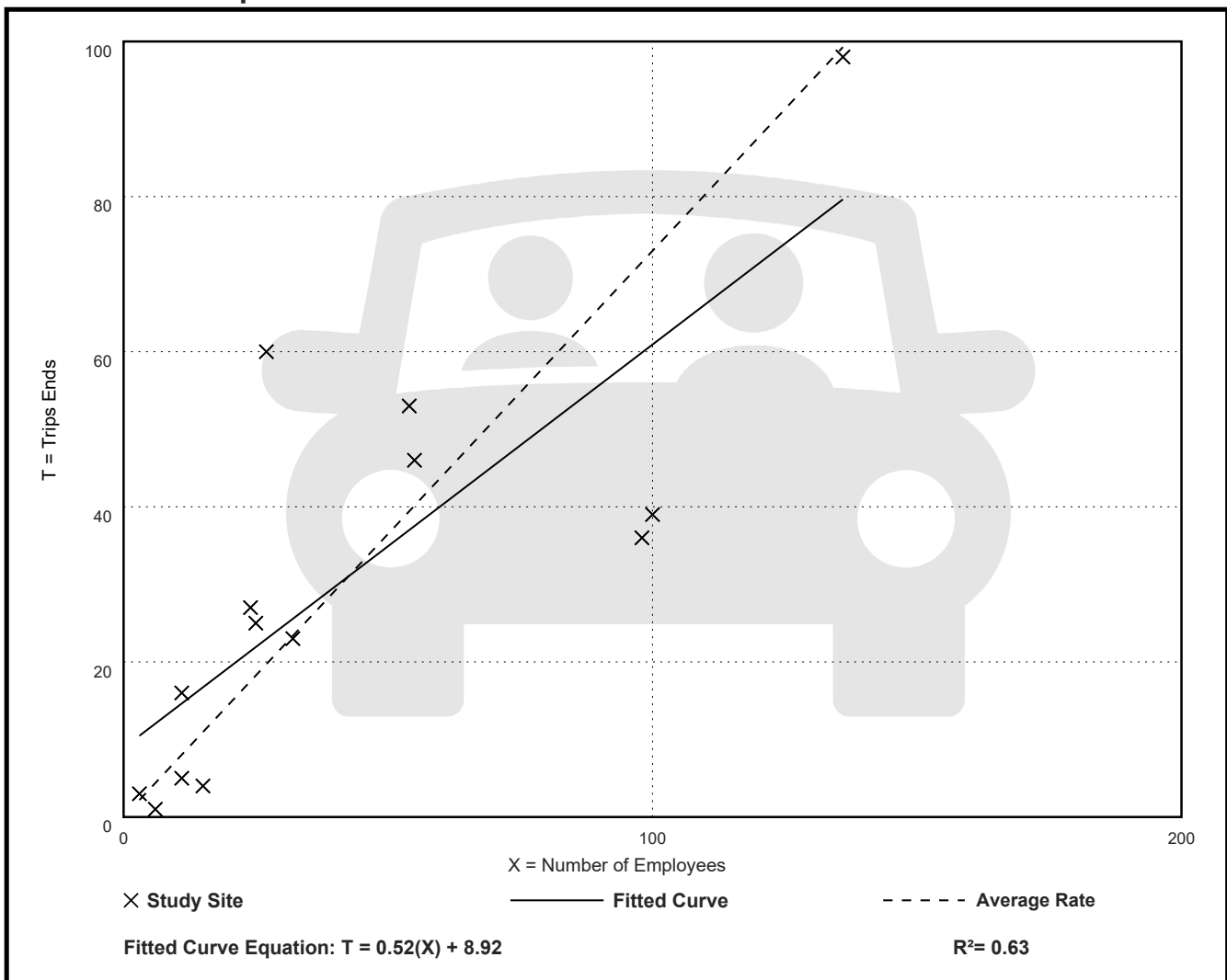
Avg. Num. of Employees: 43

Directional Distribution: 36% entering, 64% exiting

Vehicle Trip Generation per Employee

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.73	0.17 - 2.22	0.44

Data Plot and Equation



Warehouse (150)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: Employees

On a: Weekday,
AM Peak Hour of Generator

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 14

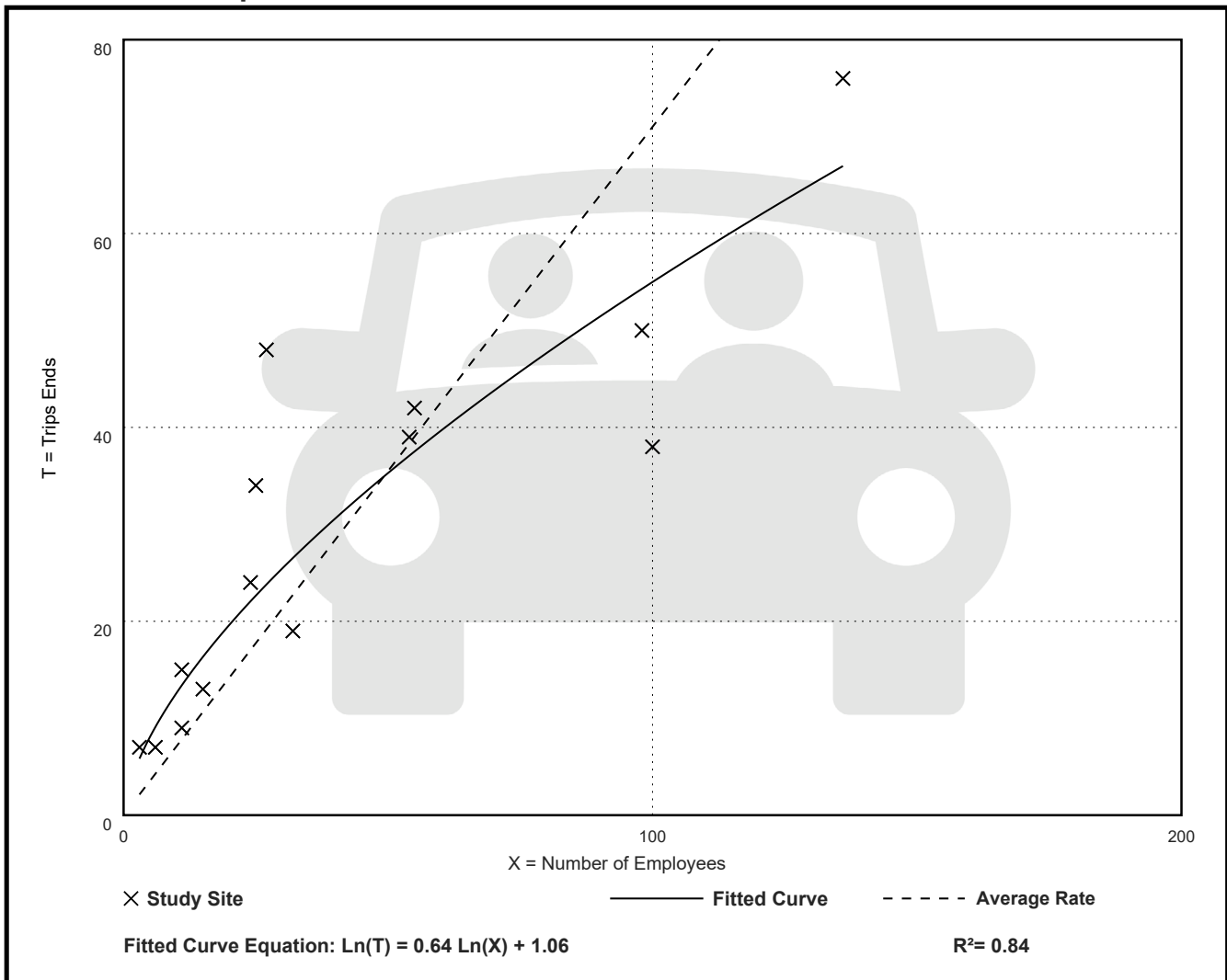
Avg. Num. of Employees: 43

Directional Distribution: 54% entering, 46% exiting

Vehicle Trip Generation per Employee

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.71	0.38 - 2.33	0.37

Data Plot and Equation



Warehouse (150)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: Employees

On a: Weekday,
PM Peak Hour of Generator

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 14

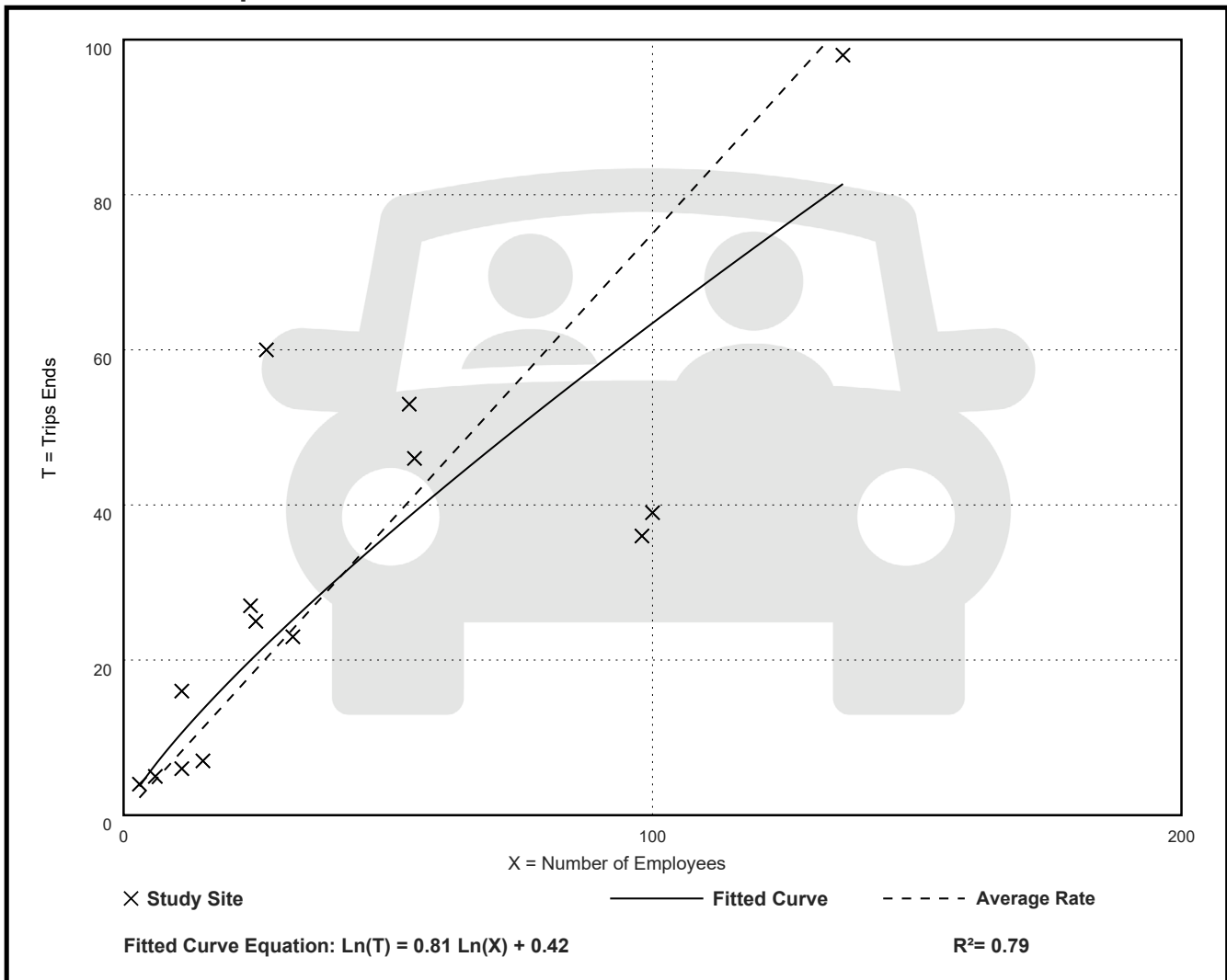
Avg. Num. of Employees: 43

Directional Distribution: 30% entering, 70% exiting

Vehicle Trip Generation per Employee

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.75	0.37 - 2.22	0.43

Data Plot and Equation



Land Use: 154

High-Cube Transload and Short-Term Storage Warehouse

Description

A high-cube warehouse (HCW) is a building that typically has at least 200,000 gross square feet of floor area, has a ceiling height of 24 feet or more, and is used primarily for the storage and/or consolidation of manufactured goods (and to a lesser extent, raw materials) prior to their distribution to retail locations or other warehouses. A typical HCW has a high level of on-site automation and logistics management. The automation and logistics enable highly-efficient processing of goods through the HCW. A high-cube warehouse can be free-standing or located in an industrial park.

The HCWs in this land use include transload and short-term storage facilities. A transload facility has the primary function of consolidation and distribution of pallet loads (or larger) for manufacturers, wholesalers, or retailers. A transload facility typically has little storage duration, high throughput, and highly efficient operations. A short-term HCW is a distribution facility often with custom/special features built into the structure for the movement of large volumes of freight with only short-term storage of products.

Some limited assembly and repackaging may occur within the facility.

A high-cube warehouse may contain a mezzanine. In an HCW setting, a mezzanine is a freestanding, semi-permanent structure that is commonly supported by structural steel columns and that is lined with racks or shelves. The gross floor area (GFA) values for the study sites in the database for this land use do NOT include the floor area of the mezzanine. The GFA values represent only the permanent ground-floor square footage.

The amount of office/employee welfare space that is provided within an HCW can be highly variable but is typically an insignificant portion of the overall building square footage. Within the trip generation database, common values are between 3,000 and 5,000 square feet for a Cold Storage HCW and between 5,000 and 10,000 square feet for Transload, Fulfillment Center, and Parcel Hub HCW (all of which are less than one percent of total GFA for a site). Therefore, for the trip generation data plots, any office space that is part of the normal operation of the warehouse is included in the total GFA.

Additional Data

The High-Cube Warehouse/Distribution Center-related land uses underwent specialized consideration through a commissioned study titled “High-Cube Warehouse Vehicle Trip Generation Analysis,” published in October 2016. The results of this study are posted on the ITE website at <https://www.ite.org/pub/?id=a3e6679a-e3a8-bf38-7f29-2961becdd498>.

An additional resource which provides more information about warehouse types and definitions is available from NAIOP Research Foundation: Commercial Real Estate Terms and Definitions report from April 2024. <https://www.naiop.org/globalassets/research-and-publications/report/terms-and-definitions-/naiop-2024-terms-and-definitions.pdf>

The number of dock doors at a HCW is a potential independent variable. Future data submissions should include that information.

The sites were surveyed in the 2000s and the 2010s in Alberta (CAN), California, Florida, Michigan, New Jersey, Texas, and Washington.

Source Numbers

605, 619, 642, 645, 649, 739, 750, 752, 903, 904, 941, 942, 943, 969

High-Cube Transload and Short-Term Storage Warehouse (154)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

On a: Weekday

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 91

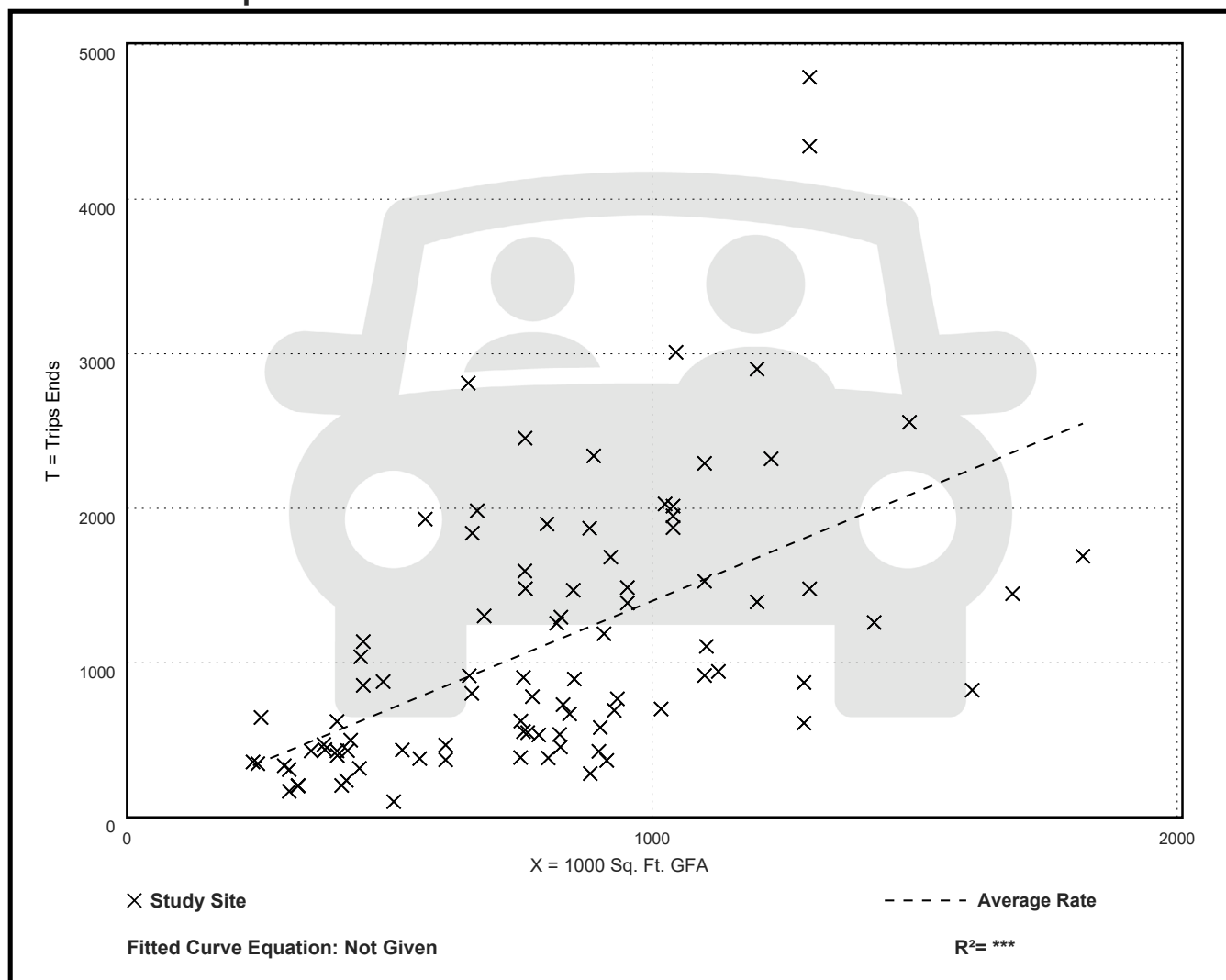
Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA: 798

Directional Distribution: 50% entering, 50% exiting

Vehicle Trip Generation per 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
1.40	0.20 - 4.32	0.86

Data Plot and Equation



High-Cube Transload and Short-Term Storage Warehouse (154)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

On a: Weekday,

Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic,

One Hour Between 7 and 9 a.m.

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 102

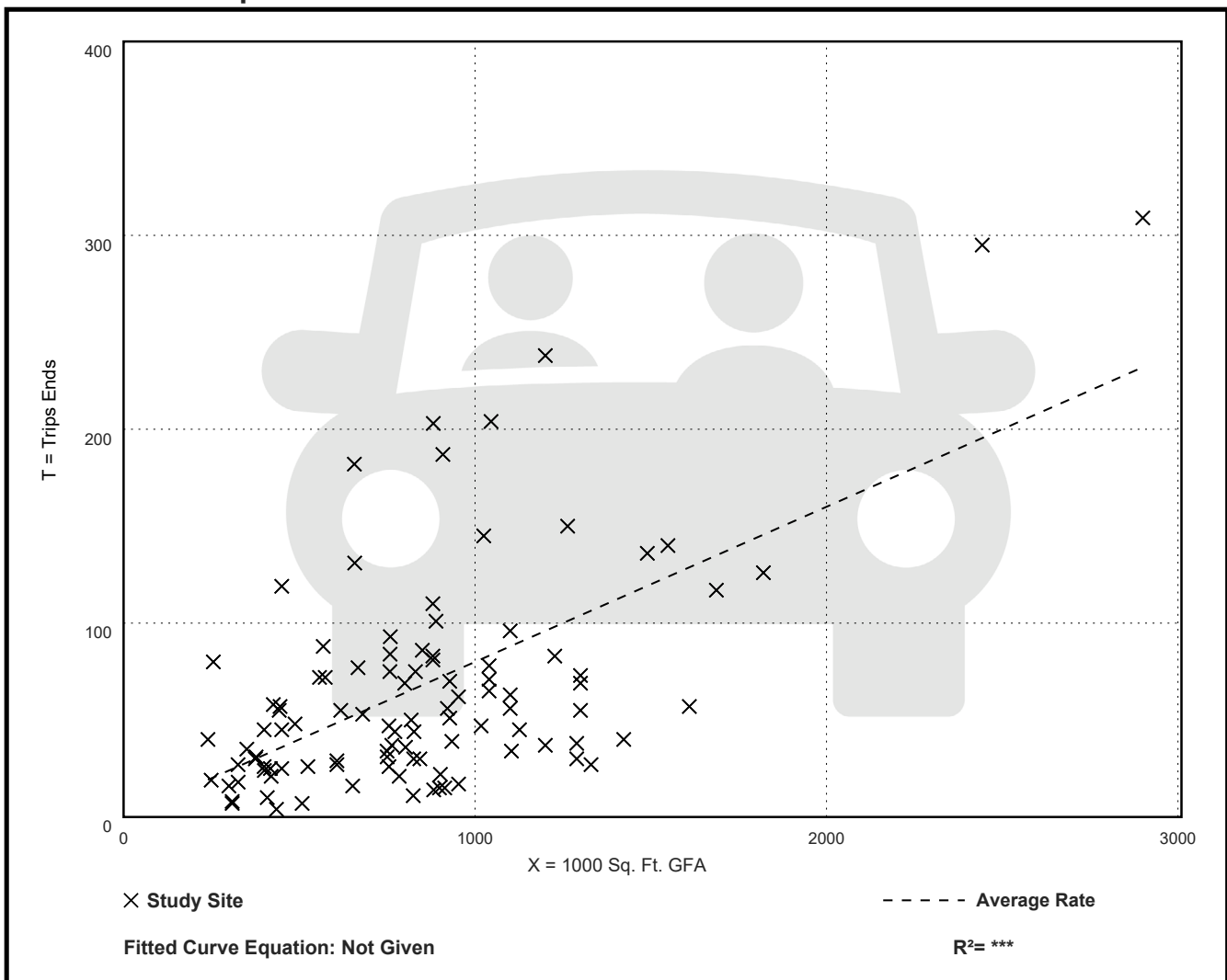
Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA: 846

Directional Distribution: 77% entering, 23% exiting

Vehicle Trip Generation per 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.08	0.01 - 0.31	0.05

Data Plot and Equation



High-Cube Transload and Short-Term Storage Warehouse (154)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

On a: Weekday,

Peak Hour of Adjacent Street Traffic,

One Hour Between 4 and 6 p.m.

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 102

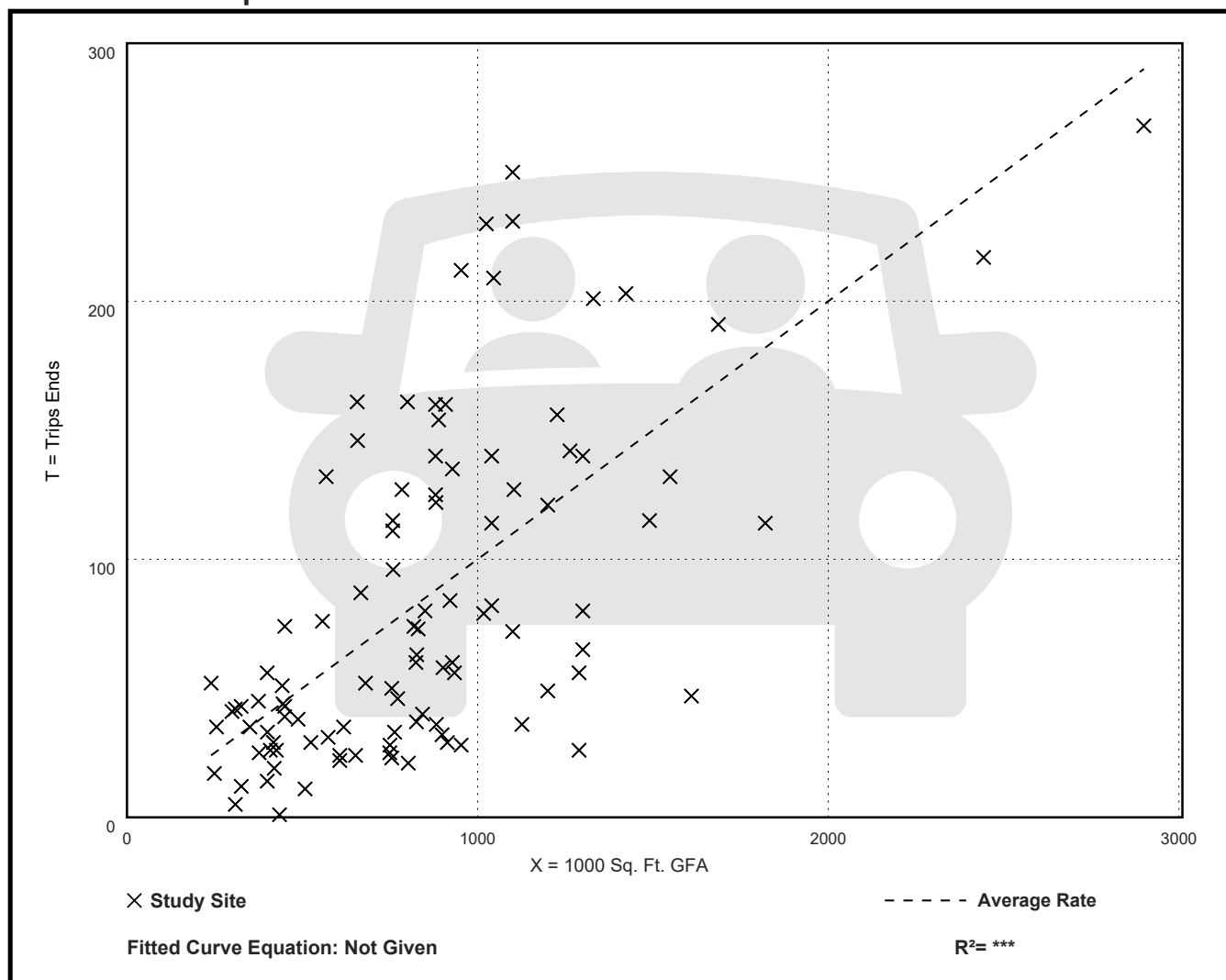
Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA: 846

Directional Distribution: 28% entering, 72% exiting

Vehicle Trip Generation per 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.10	0.00 - 0.25	0.06

Data Plot and Equation



High-Cube Transload and Short-Term Storage Warehouse (154)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

On a: Weekday,
AM Peak Hour of Generator

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 31

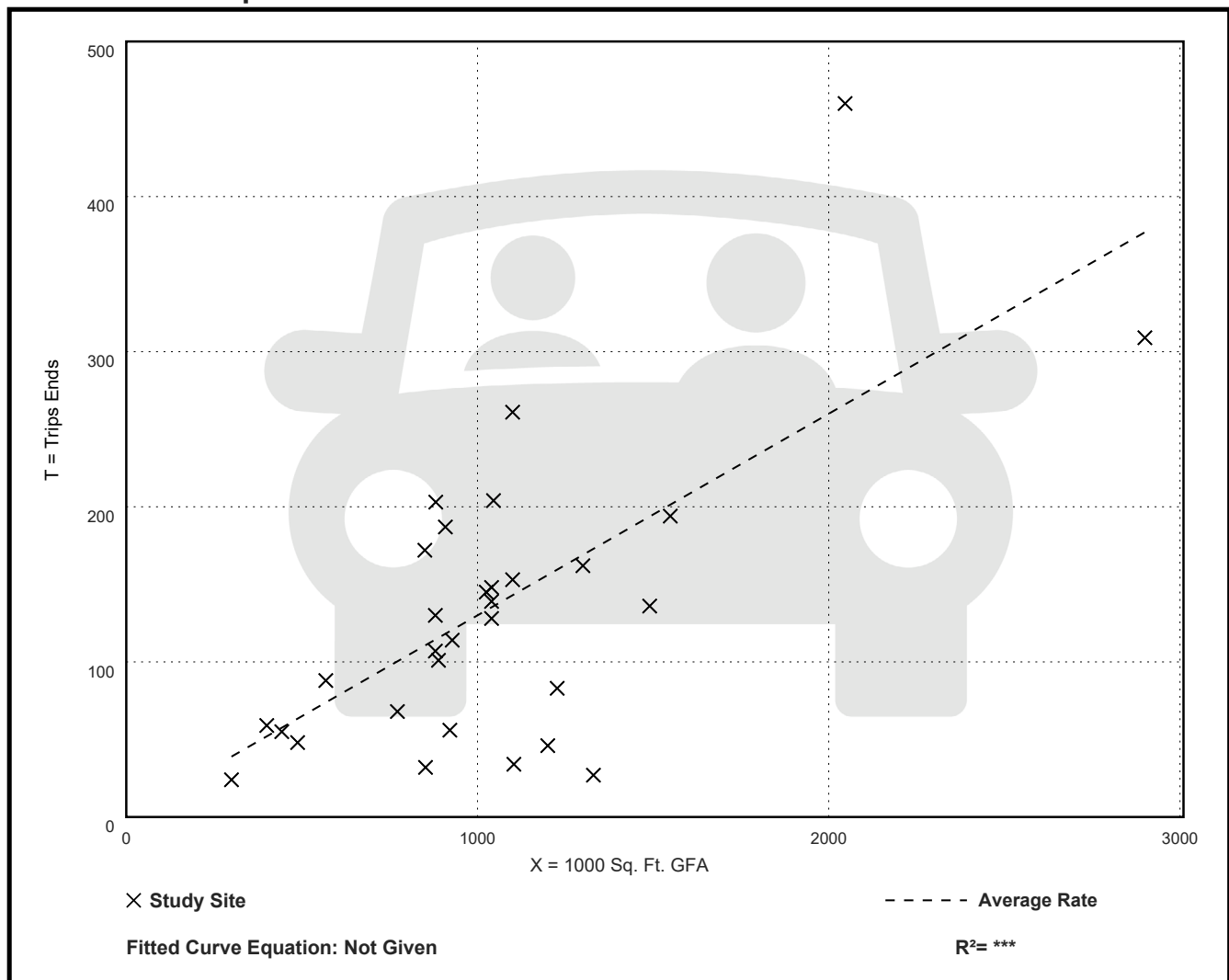
Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA: 1048

Directional Distribution: 78% entering, 22% exiting

Vehicle Trip Generation per 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.13	0.02 - 0.24	0.06

Data Plot and Equation



High-Cube Transload and Short-Term Storage Warehouse (154)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

On a: Weekday,
PM Peak Hour of Generator

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 33

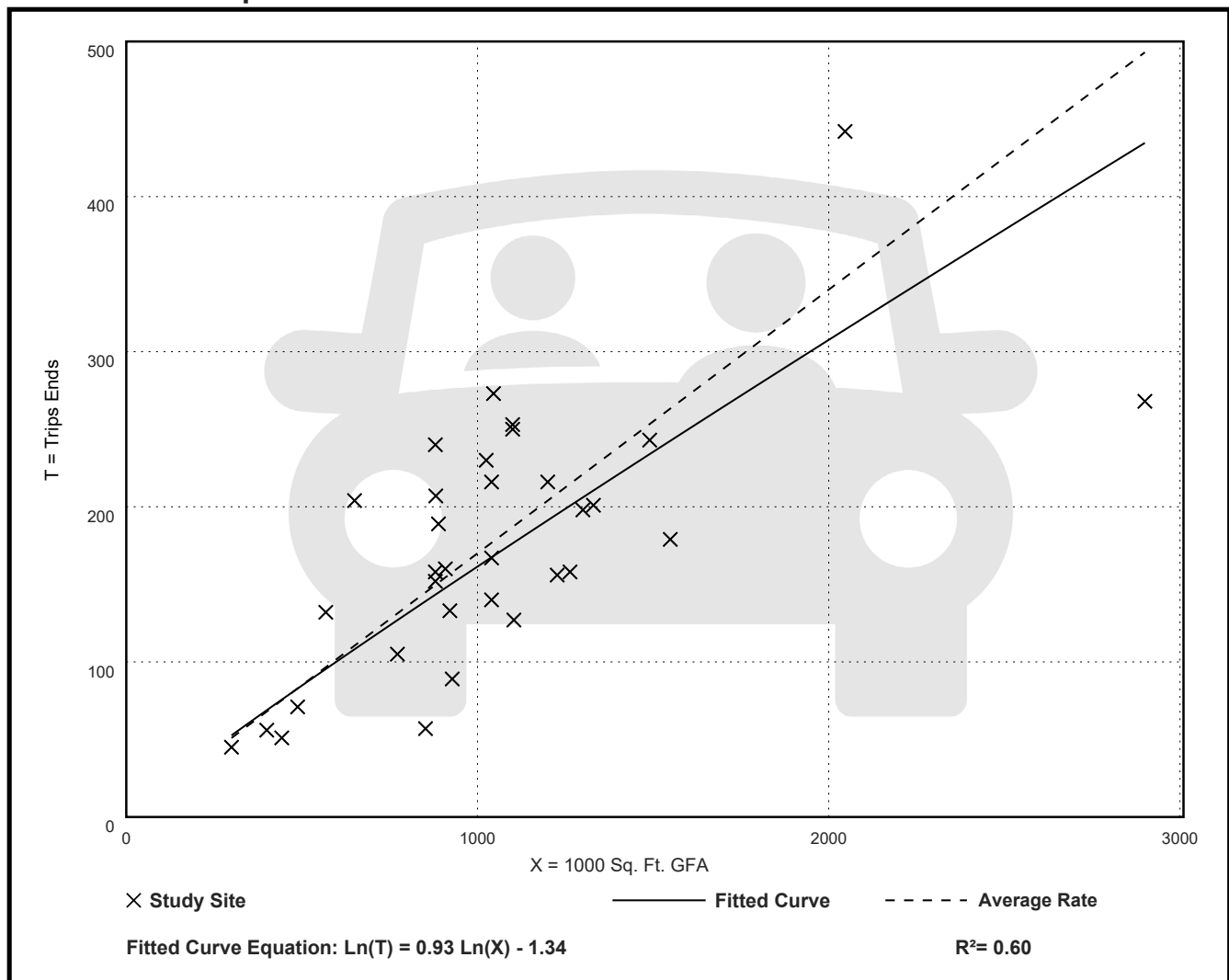
Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA: 1044

Directional Distribution: 34% entering, 66% exiting

Vehicle Trip Generation per 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.17	0.07 - 0.31	0.06

Data Plot and Equation



High-Cube Transload and Short-Term Storage Warehouse (154)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

On a: Saturday

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 10

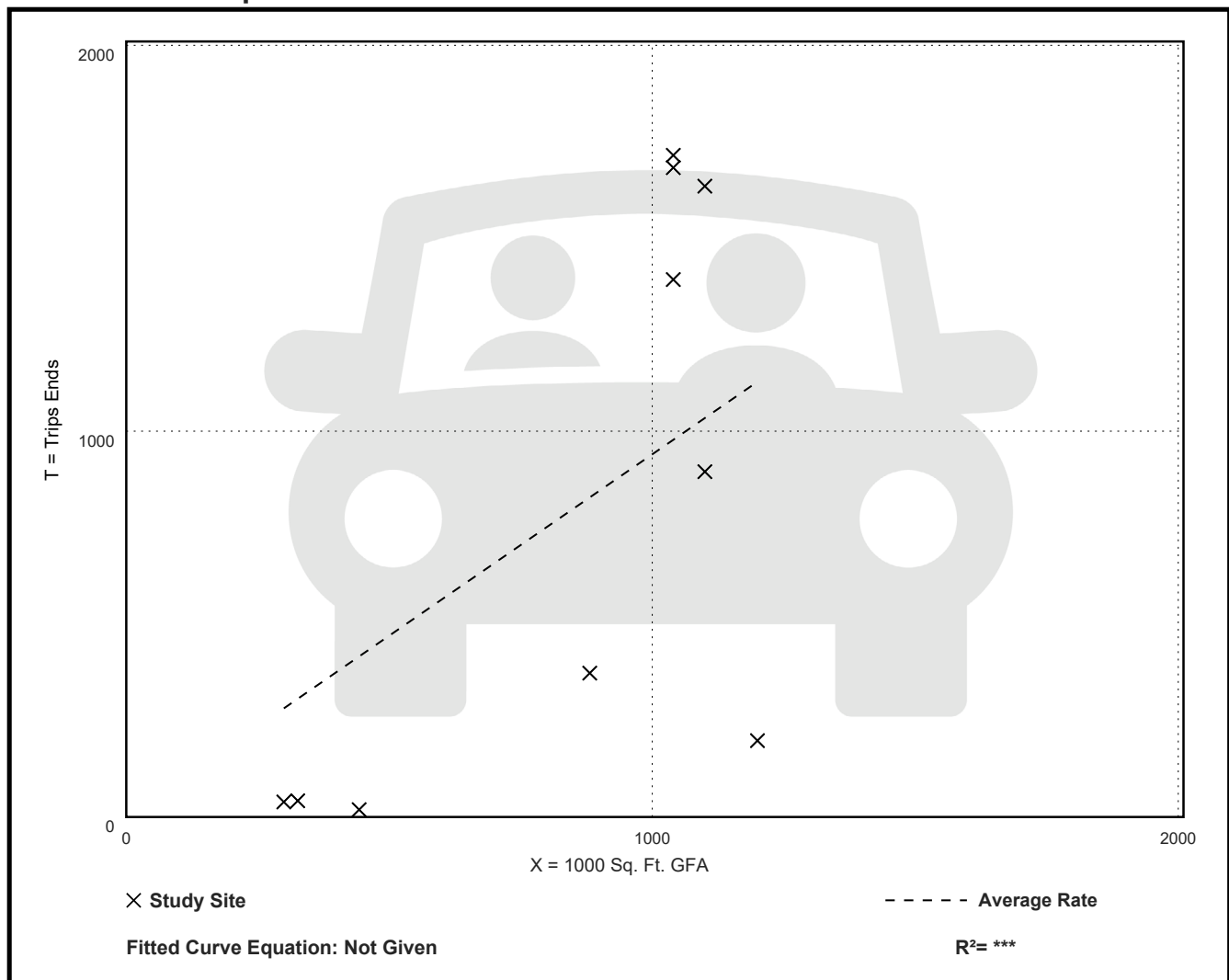
Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA: 847

Directional Distribution: 50% entering, 50% exiting

Vehicle Trip Generation per 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.94	0.04 - 1.65	0.65

Data Plot and Equation



High-Cube Transload and Short-Term Storage Warehouse (154)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

On a: Saturday, Peak Hour of Generator

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 9

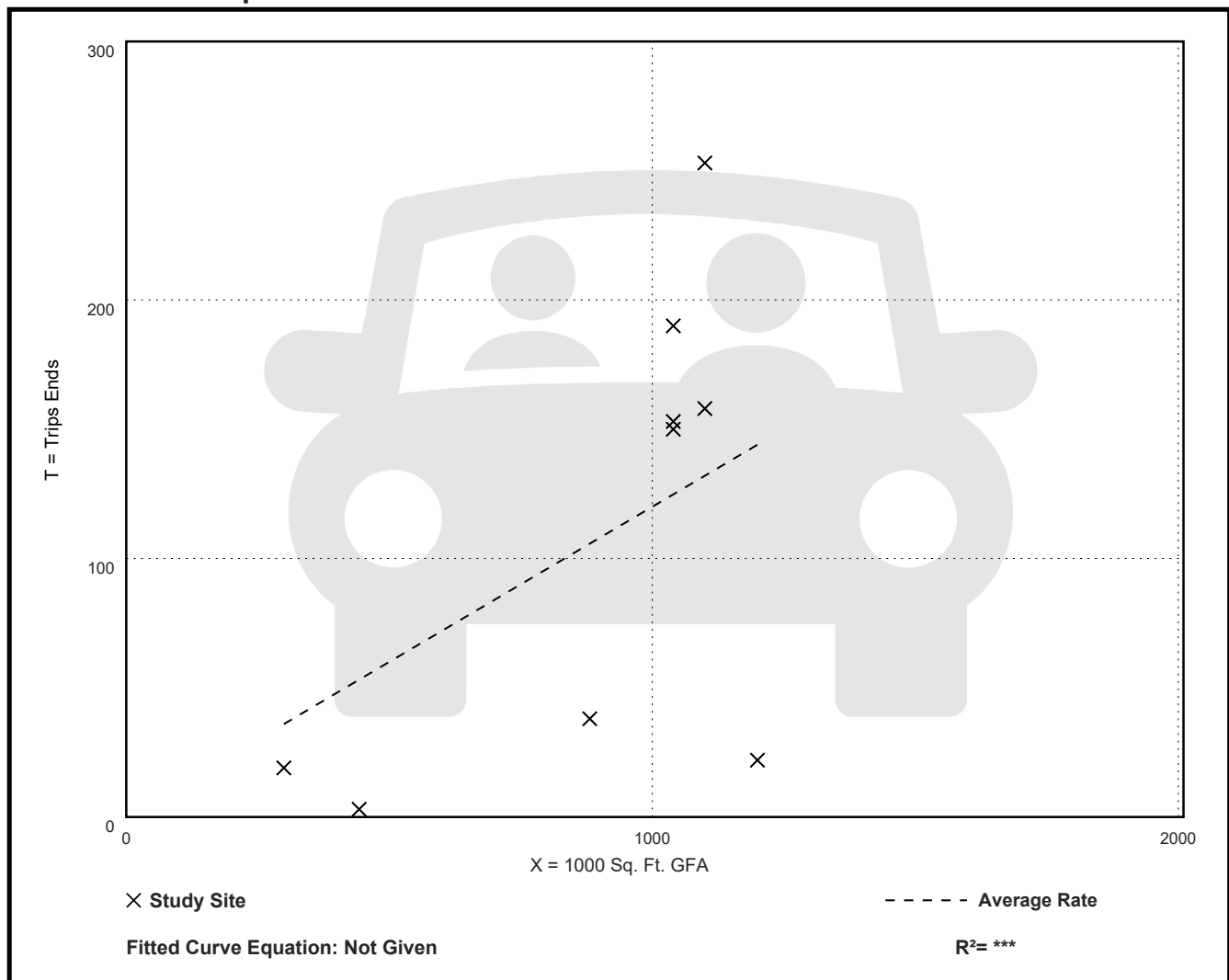
Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA: 905

Directional Distribution: Not Available

Vehicle Trip Generation per 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.12	0.01 - 0.23	0.08

Data Plot and Equation



High-Cube Transload and Short-Term Storage Warehouse (154)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

On a: Sunday

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 10

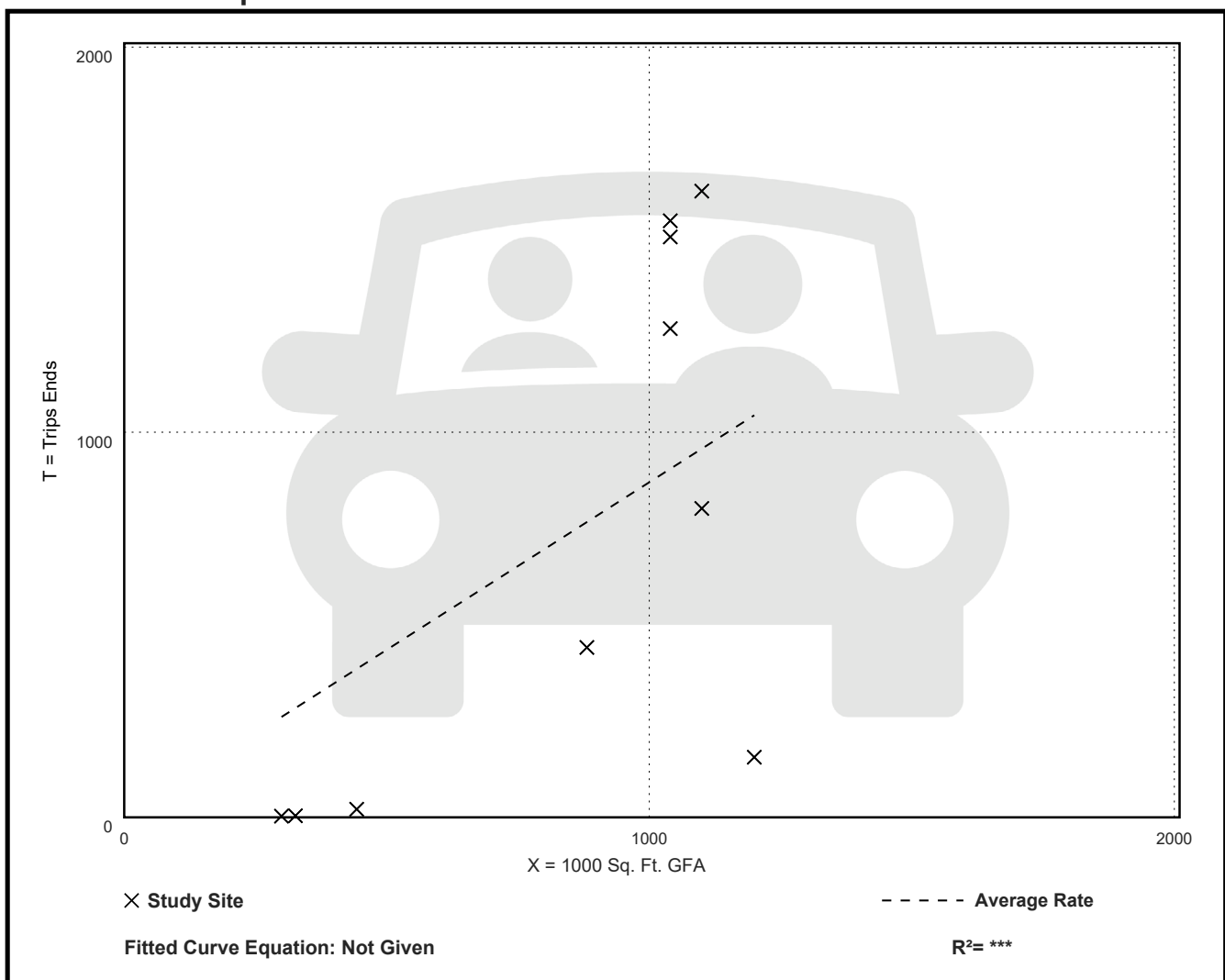
Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA: 847

Directional Distribution: 50% entering, 50% exiting

Vehicle Trip Generation per 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.87	0.01 - 1.49	0.61

Data Plot and Equation



High-Cube Transload and Short-Term Storage Warehouse (154)

Vehicle Trip Ends vs: 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

On a: Sunday, Peak Hour of Generator

Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 9

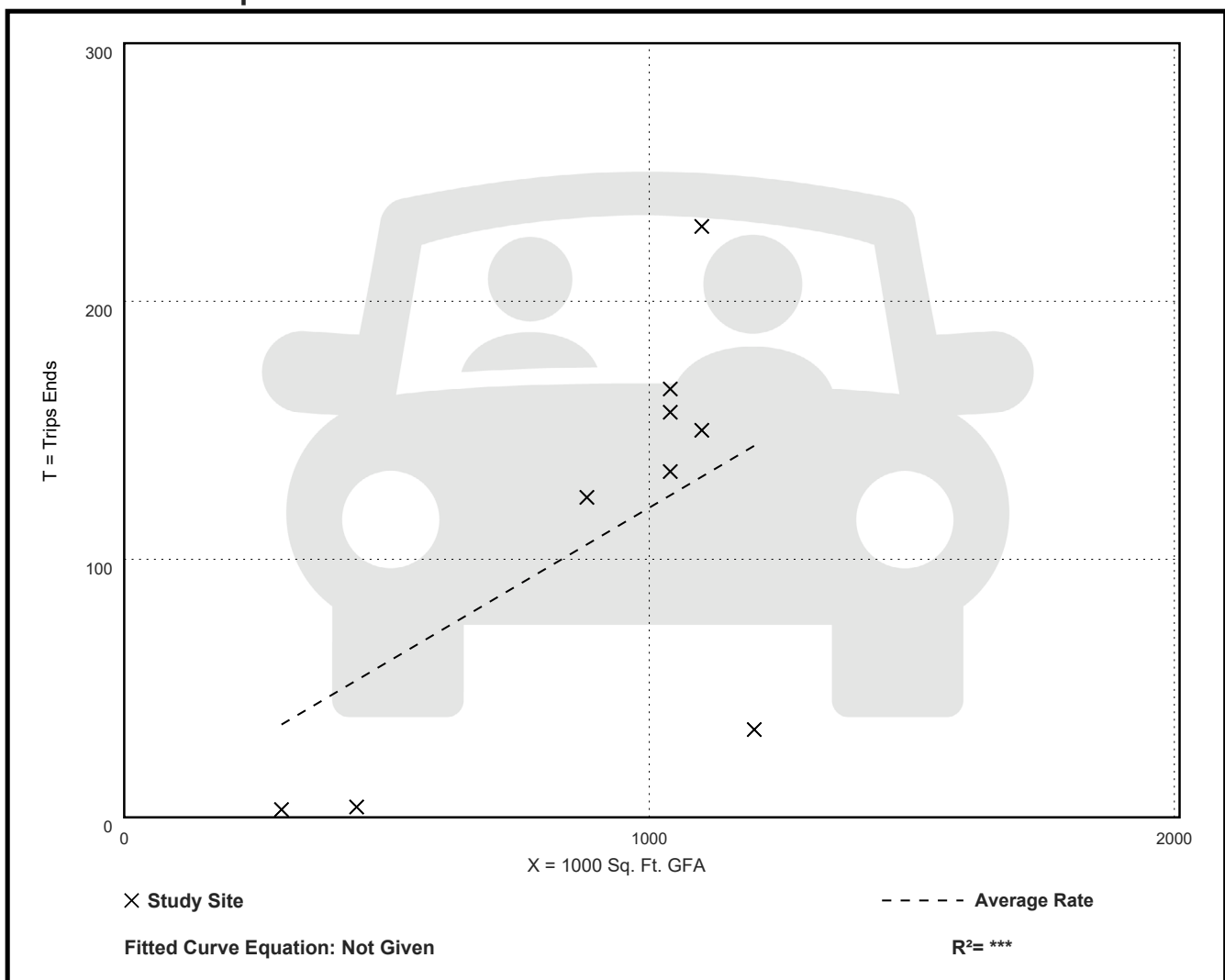
Avg. 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA: 905

Directional Distribution: Not Available

Vehicle Trip Generation per 1000 Sq. Ft. GFA

Average Rate	Range of Rates	Standard Deviation
0.12	0.01 - 0.21	0.07

Data Plot and Equation



Zerphey, Dylan

From: Lisa Fontana Tierney <lfontana@ite.org>
Sent: Wednesday, October 22, 2025 12:43 PM
To: Zerphey, Dylan
Cc: Luana Broshears; Kyla Elzinga
Subject: RE: ITE 150 filtering issues.

Hi Dylan,

Thank you for reaching out to ITE with this inquiry. We have examined this question internally and are not able to determine what is causing this apparent glitch in the ITE TripGen web app. We have forwarded this inquiry to our development team and will get back to you as soon as we get resolution. I apologize for the delay.

Thanks again for reaching out and we will be back in touch as soon as possible.

Regards,
Lisa

Lisa M. Fontana Tierney, P.E.
Traffic Engineering Senior Director
ITE—A Community of Transportation Professionals
Phone: 202-785-0060 ext. 116
lfontana@ite.org
www.ite.org

The Call for Abstracts Portal for the Joint ITE International and Great Lakes District Annual Meeting and Exhibition is Open for Submissions through December 2. Access the portal [here](#).



From: Zerphey, Dylan <dzerphey@tpdinc.com>
Sent: Monday, October 20, 2025 11:31 AM
To: Lisa Fontana Tierney <lfontana@ite.org>
Cc: Trip Generation <tripgen@ite.org>; Luana Broshears <lbroshears@ite.org>; Kyla Elzinga <kelzinga@ite.org>
Subject: [EXTERNAL] FW: ITE 150 filtering issues.

Hello Lisa and ITE Team,

Just looking for some additional information just wanted to follow up and see if there was any discussion on the previous request. Let me know if you have any questions or need any additional information.

Thanks
Dylan

Dylan Zerphey, E.I.T., *Transportation Planning Specialist*



O: 717.234.1430 | TPDinc.com

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From: Zerphey, Dylan <dzerphey@tpdinc.com>

Sent: Wednesday, October 15, 2025 1:36 PM

To: tripgen@ite.org

Subject: ITE 150 filtering issues.

Hello,

I am running into some issues filtering data in the ITE 12th edition. The goal is to filter data as follows
Query:

- **Land Use:** 150 (Warehouse)
- **Land Use Subcategory:** All Sites
- **Setting/Location:** General Urban/Suburban
- **Independent Variable (IV):** 1,000 Sq. Ft. GFA
- **Time Period:** AM Adj and PM Adj (Both Do Not Work)
- **Trip Type:** Truck
- **Region:** Northeast & Mid-Atlantic
- **Range of Years:** All (1990-2023 original data)
- **Range of IV Values (1000 Sq. Ft. GFA):** From 0.00 (3.89 form original data) to 500 ksf

While I do see the section that says some regions are not shown due to lack of data, I know this not to be the case because in the 11th edition there is the exact some data that matches that is from 2016 and it shows up on both 11th and 12th plotting sheets. See the orange circles in the screenshots in the 11th and 12th edition. Let me know if there is some other way I can get the updated 12th edition data for the filters shown above for the AM adj and PM adj.

Thanks,
Dylan

Dylan Zerphey, E.I.T., *Transportation Planning Specialist*



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Home Destination Report - Where Workers Live Who are Employed in the Selection Area

Selection Area: Mount Joy Township, Lancaster County

Home (Destination) ZIP Code	Count	Percentage	To/From East		To/From West		To/From North	To/From South
			via Route 283	Mt Pleasant Rd	via Route 283	via Campus Rd	via Cloverleaf Rd	via Cloverleaf Rd
17022 Elizabethtown	600	18.52%			30%	20%	10%	40%
17552 Mount Joy	276	8.52%	40%	10%			10%	40%
17545 Manheim	147	4.54%		20%				10%
17603 Lancaster	122	3.77%	100%					
17547 Marietta	85	2.62%						100%
17543 Lititz	81	2.50%	70%	10%			20%	
17601 Lancaster	76	2.35%	100%					
17602 Lancaster	69	2.13%	100%					
17042 Lebanon	63	1.94%	100%					
17502 Bainbridge	61	1.88%				20%		80%
17512 Columbia	58	1.79%	50%	10%				40%
17057 Middletown	56	1.73%			60%			40%
17078 Palmyra	44	1.36%			70%		30%	
17033 Hershey	43	1.33%			60%	10%	20%	10%
17046 Lebanon	43	1.33%					100%	
17406 York	40	1.23%	40%					60%
17036 Hummelstown	37	1.14%			100%			
17111 Harrisburg	31	0.96%			100%			
17402 York	30	0.93%	30%					70%
17554 Mountville	30	0.93%		100%				
17404 York	29	0.90%	30%		30%			40%
17003 Annville	28	0.86%			100%			
17538 Landisville	25	0.77%	70%					30%
17112 Harrisburg	23	0.71%			100%			
17403 York	23	0.71%	30%					70%
Total	2,120	65%						

Note: For zip code 17022 (Elizabethtown) trips to/from west were weighted based on travel time/shortest travel path to Elizabethtown. If it is assumed that each route is taken to the approximate center of Elizabethtown the anticipated drive-time of each route is between 8-12 minutes with Route 283 taking the longest time and Campus Road/Cloverleaf Road taking about the same amount of drive-time. However, the Campus Road route includes multiple all-way stop intersections and traffic calming measures (i.e. speed humps) as it approaches Elizabethtown College, thus this route is not as desirable as Cloverleaf.

Weighted Trip Distributions

	To/From East		To/From West		To/From North	To/From South
	via Route 283	Mt Pleasant Rd	via Route 283	via Campus Rd	via Cloverleaf Rd	via Cloverleaf Rd
	0%	0%	6%	4%	2%	7%
	3%	1%	0%	0%	1%	3%
	3%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	4%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	3%
	2%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%
	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%
	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%
	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	1%
	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%
	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%
	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%
	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%
	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%
	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%
	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%
	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%
	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%
	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Raw Total (65%)	21%	3%	12%	4%	5%	19%
	To/From East		To/From West		To/From North	To/From South
	via Route 283	Mt Pleasant Rd	via Route 283	via Campus Rd	via Cloverleaf Rd	via Cloverleaf Rd
Total Weighted to 100%	32%	5%	19%	6%	8%	30%

Total All Jobs

	Count	2022 Share
Total All Jobs	3,240	100.0%

Job Counts by ZIP Codes (ZCTA) Where Workers Live - All Jobs

	Count	2022 Share
17022	600	18.5%
17552	276	8.5%
17545	147	4.5%
17603	122	3.8%
17547	85	2.6%
17543	81	2.5%
17601	76	2.3%
17602	69	2.1%
17042	63	1.9%
17502	61	1.9%
17512	58	1.8%
17057	56	1.7%
17078	44	1.4%
17033	43	1.3%
17046	43	1.3%
17406	40	1.2%
17036	37	1.1%
17111	31	1.0%
17402	30	0.9%
17554	30	0.9%
17404	29	0.9%
17003	28	0.9%
17538	25	0.8%
17112	23	0.7%
17403	23	0.7%
All Other Locations	1,120	34.6%

Analysis Type	Destination
Destination Type	ZIP Codes (ZCTA)
Selection area as	Work
Year(s)	2022
Job Type	All Jobs
Selection Area	Mount Joy township (Lancaster, PA) from County Subdivisions
Selected Census Blocks	244
Analysis Generation Date	10/14/2025 10:44 - OnTheMap 6.25.2
Code Revision	bd5bc0a714230c9c2b909d905c8753cb532970e8
LODES Data Vintage	20241022_1605

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, OnTheMap

Notes:

1. Race, Ethnicity, Educational Attainment
2. Educational Attainment is only produced for the top 100 ZIP codes
3. Firm Age and Firm Size statistics are only produced for the top 100 ZIP codes

Destination Analysis

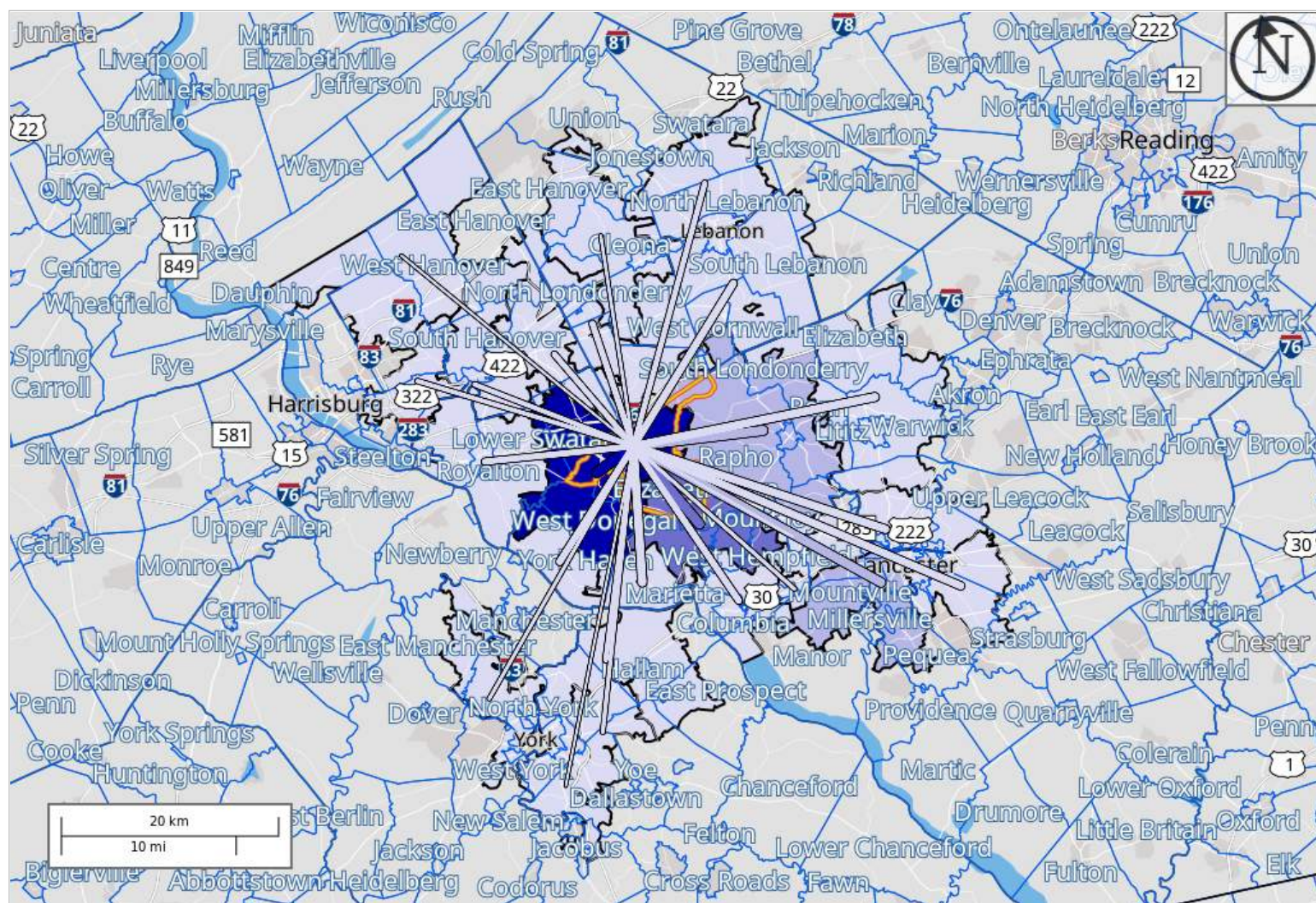
Workers: Employed in Mount Joy township (Lancaster, PA)

Showing: Residential locations grouped by ZIP Codes (ZCTA)

Created by the U.S. Census Bureau's OnTheMap <https://onthemap.ces.census.gov> on 10/14/2025

Counts of All Jobs from Work Selection Area to Home ZIP Codes (ZCTA) in 2022

All Workers



Map Legend

Job Count

- 518 - 600
- 436 - 517
- 353 - 435
- 271 - 352
- 188 - 270
- 106 - 187
- 23 - 105

Selection Areas

- ▭ Work Area

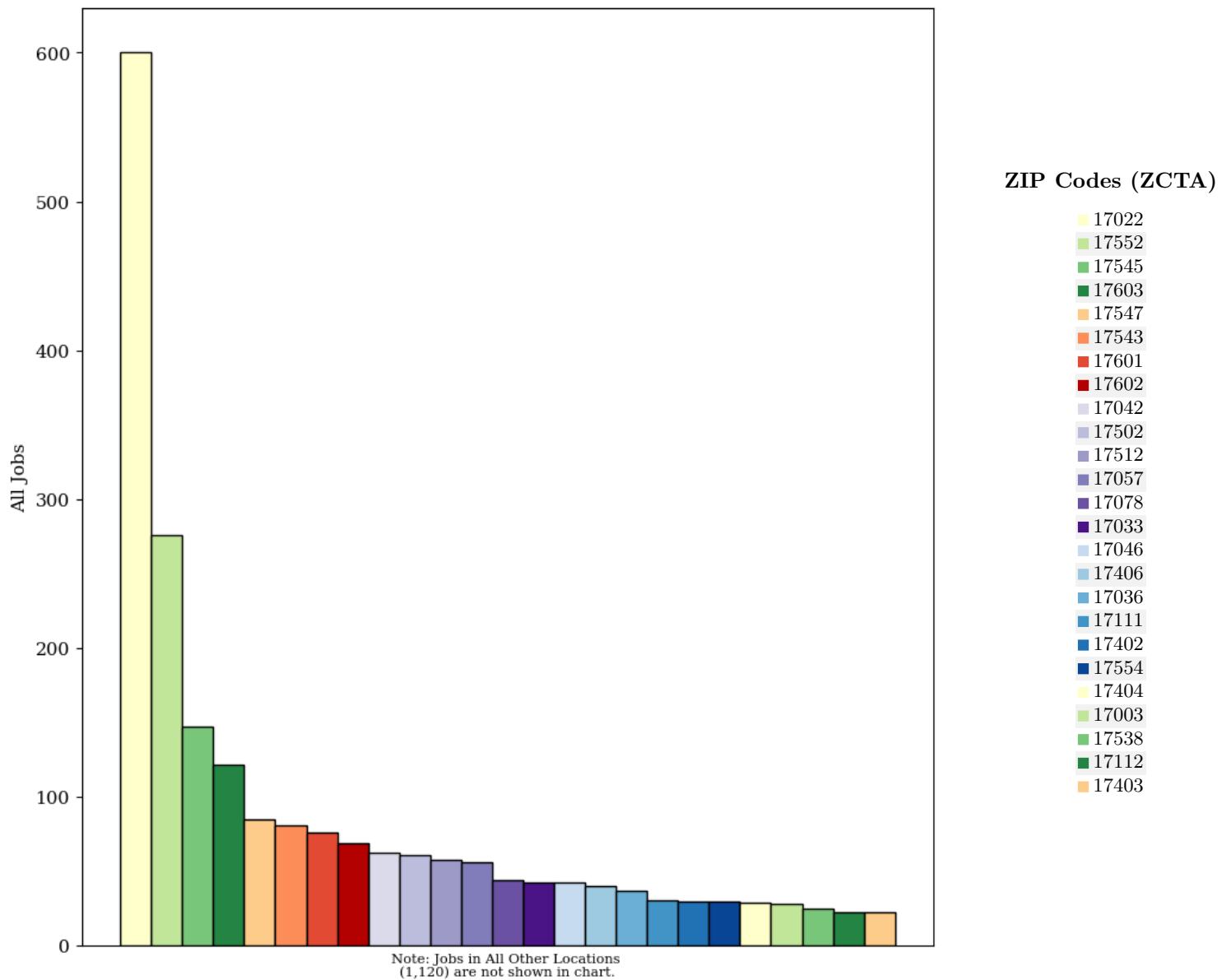
Job Count

- ▭ 518 - 600
- ▭ 436 - 517
- ▭ 353 - 435
- ▭ 271 - 352
- ▭ 188 - 270
- ▭ 106 - 187
- ▭ 23 - 105



All Jobs from Work Selection Area to Home ZIP Codes (ZCTA) in 2022

All Workers



All Jobs from Work Selection Area to Home ZIP Codes (ZCTA) in 2022

All Workers

ZIP Codes (ZCTA) as Home Destination Area	2022	
	Count	Share
All ZIP Codes (ZCTA)	3,240	100.0%
17022	600	18.5%
17552	276	8.5%
17545	147	4.5%
17603	122	3.8%
17547	85	2.6%
17543	81	2.5%
17601	76	2.3%
17602	69	2.1%
17042	63	1.9%
17502	61	1.9%

ZIP Codes (ZCTA) as Home Destination Area	2022	
	Count	Share
17512	58	1.8%
17057	56	1.7%
17078	44	1.4%
17033	43	1.3%
17046	43	1.3%
17406	40	1.2%
17036	37	1.1%
17111	31	1.0%
17402	30	0.9%
17554	30	0.9%
17404	29	0.9%
17003	28	0.9%
17538	25	0.8%
17112	23	0.7%
17403	23	0.7%
All Other Locations	1,120	34.6%

Additional Information

Analysis Settings

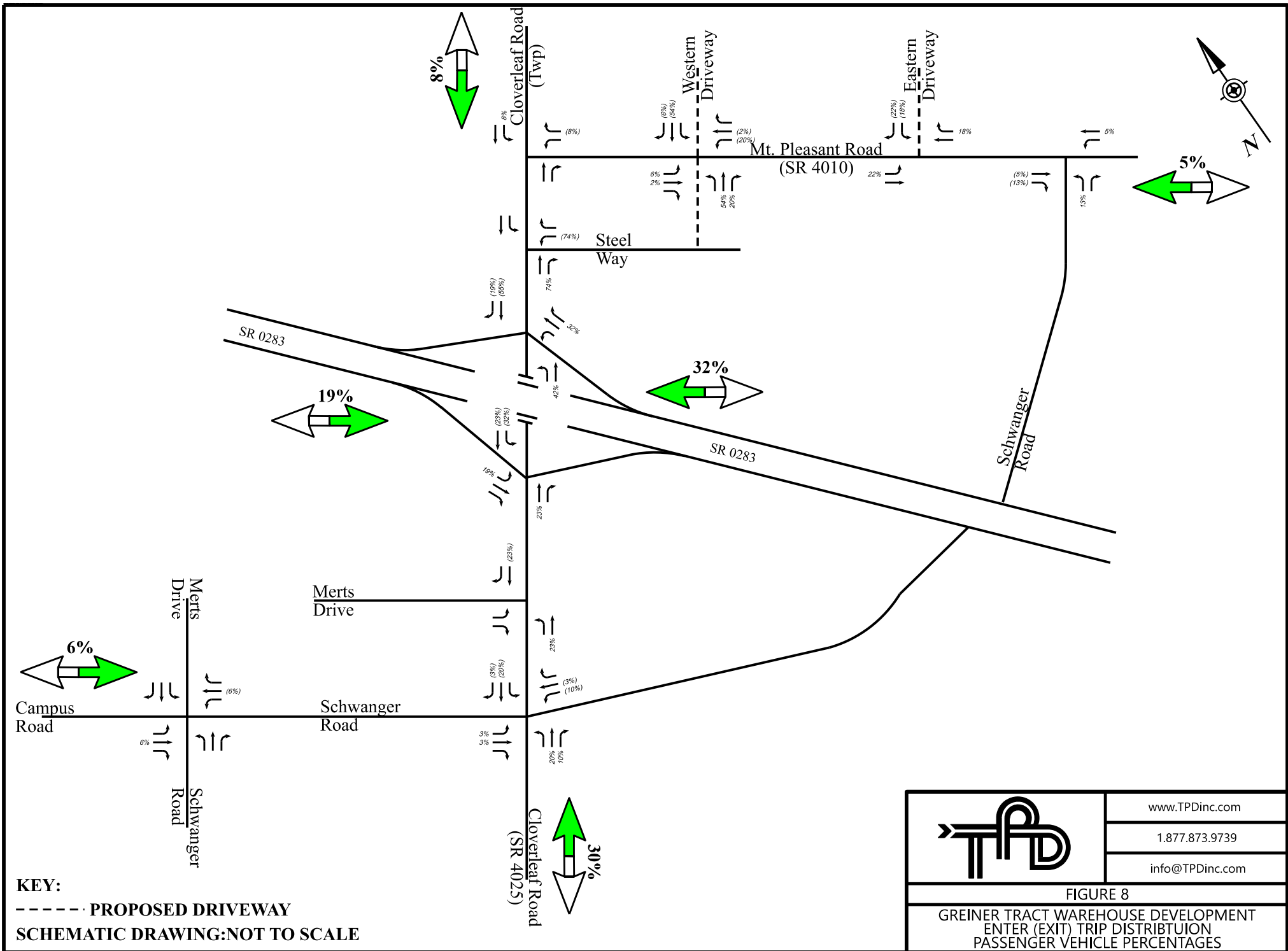
Analysis Type	Destination
Destination Type	ZIP Codes (ZCTA)
Selection area as	Work
Year(s)	2022
Job Type	All Jobs
Selection Area	Mount Joy township (Lancaster, PA) from County Subdivisions
Selected Census Blocks	244
Analysis Generation Date	10/14/2025 10:44 - OnTheMap 6.25.2
Code Revision	bd5bc0a714230c9c2b909d905c8753cb532970e8
LODES Data Vintage	20241022_1605

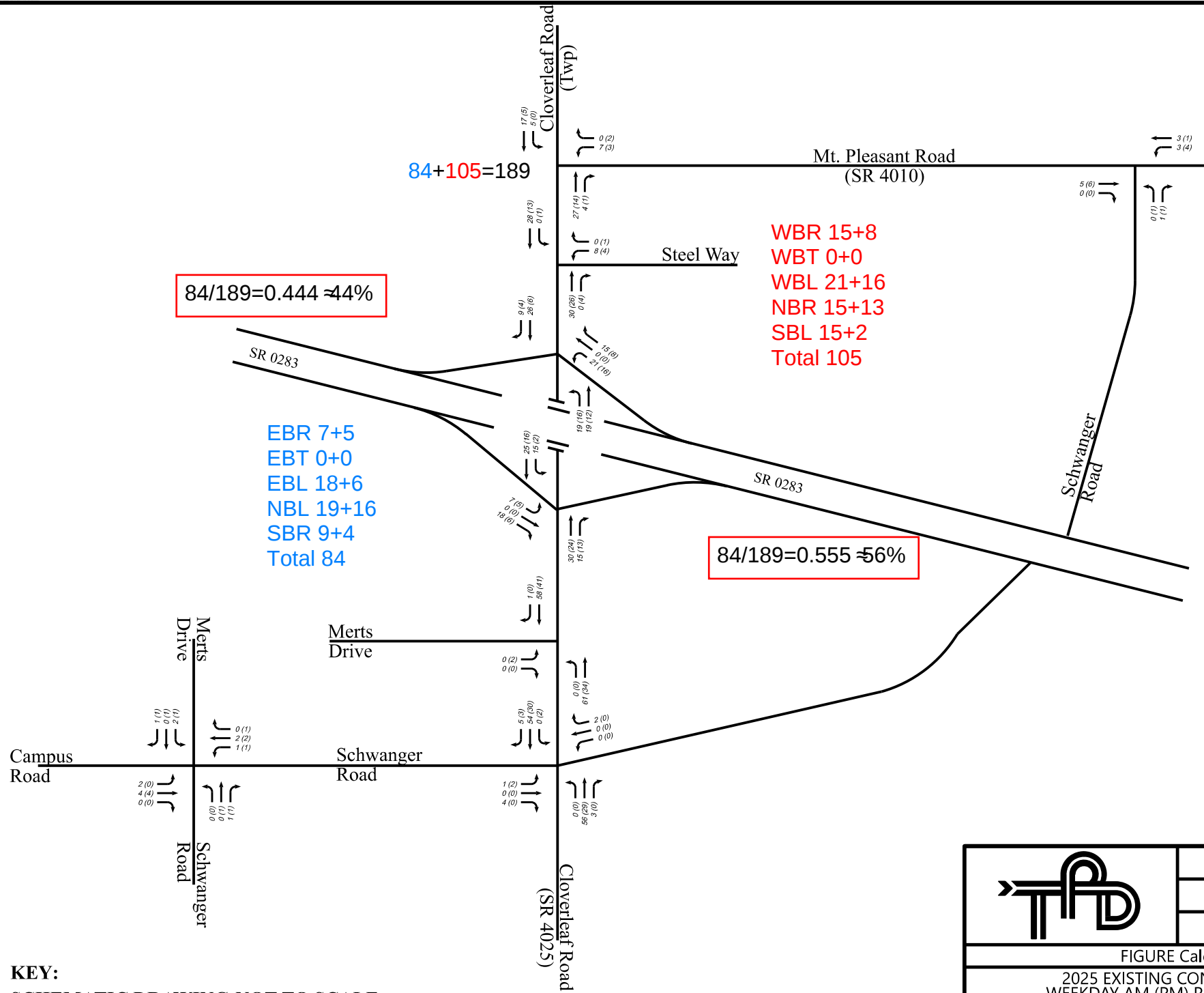
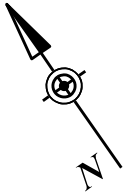
Data Sources

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, OnTheMap Application and LEHD Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (Beginning of Quarter Employment, 2nd Quarter of 2002-2022).

Notes

1. Race, Ethnicity, Educational Attainment, and Sex statistics are beta release results and are not available before 2009.
2. Educational Attainment is only produced for workers aged 30 and over.
3. Firm Age and Firm Size statistics are beta release results for All Private jobs and are not available before 2011.





KEY:
SCHEMATIC DRAWING:NOT TO SCALE



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FIGURE Calcs

2025 EXISTING CONDITIONS
WEEKDAY AM (PM) PEAK HOURS
TRUCK VOLUME ONLY

