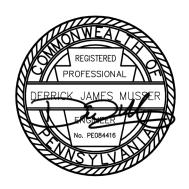
POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT FOR CHIQUES CROSSING

RAPHO TOWNSHIP LANCASTER COUNTY

PROJECT NO: 1212-002



December 7, 2023
(CONDITIONAL USE SUBMISSION)

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AERIAL SOIL MAP





STORMWATER MANAGEMENT NARRATIVE

PURPOSE

ELA Group, Inc. has prepared post construction stormwater management calculations as part of the supporting documentation for the new Chiques Crossing Conditional Use / Land Development Plan. This report shall be considered an actual part of the Post Construction Stormwater Management Plan which has been prepared to address applicable Municipal, County, and State requirements.

SITE DESCRIPTION

The project site currently consists of an open area of land on the east side of the Little Chiques Creek, south of Manheim / Mount Joy Road.

The site currently consists of an agricultural crop field on the majority of the site, along with some wooded areas near the floodplain and existing impervious/residential units along the roadway.

HYDROLOGY / CHAPTER 93 WATERS AND DESIGNATED USE

The site is tributary to Little Chiques Creek (WWF), which follows the perimeter of the property boundary to the west and south sides of the property.

PAST AND PRESENT LAND USE

Within the past 5 years, the existing land use has been a cultivated field with some wooded and impervious areas.

Within the past 50 years, the existing land use has been an undeveloped cultivated field, with some wooded and impervious areas.

SOIL DESCRIPTIONS, LIMITATIONS AND RESOULTIONS

As per the USDA NRCS Web Soil Survey, the soils within the project area (Limit of Disturbance) are classified as follows:

- Hagerstown Silt Loam (Hydrologic Soil Group "B")
- Hagerstown-Urban Land Complex (Hydrologic Soil Group "B")
- Nolin Silt Loam (Hydrologic Soil Group "B")

See Geotechnical Report in Appendix B for all information regarding on-site soils. It is recommended that a qualified Geotechnical Engineer be present onsite during all stages/phases of construction to evaluate, make recommendations, and provide solutions for all soil use limitations, construction techniques, and other soils-related items.



GEOTECHNICAL ASSESSMENT AND FEASIBILTY OF INFILTRATION:

ECS Mid Atlantic completed a full site geotechnical evaluation of the project site to evaluate the feasibility of the infiltration of stormwater. Based on their professional recommendation, infiltration of stormwater is not a feasible design method for the treatment of stormwater volume for this specific site and therefore all stormwater BMPs have been designed as "Managed Release Concept (MRC)" facilities.

For the full Geotechnical Report prepared by ECS, see Appendix B.

PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS SUMMARY

The following summarizes the proposed major infrastructure improvements as they relate to stormwater management for the project area:

- Proposed residential buildings and associated improvements including parking lots, access drives, sidewalks, utilities, etc.
- Appropriate storm water management control, collection, and conveyance facilities and appropriate site grading to accommodate flows generated from the proposed improvements as detailed on the plans and documented in this report.

Overall, there is a net impervious area increase of 5.92 acres.

PRE AND POST DEVELOPMENT WATERSHED SUMMARY

The project site has been analyzed with three discharge points (DP):

- DP "001" is an existing PennDOT pipe system located on the south side of Mount Joy Road, just east of Cove Road.
- DP "002" is an existing PennDOT pipe system located at the intersection of Mount Joy Road and Milton Grove Road
- DP "003" is an area on the west side of the site located in the existing floodplain, east of the stream.
- DP "004" is an existing wetland pocket located on the east side of the stream. This
 DP has been isolated to specifically compare pre and post runoff volumes to the
 wetlands to ensure hydrology is being preserved to the wetland pocket that
 currently exists.
- DP "005" is an area in the southwest corner of the site within the floodplain area.
- DP "006" is an is an area in the southeast corner of the site that drains to another
 pocket of existing wetlands. This is the primary discharge point for the site. This
 DP has been isolated to specifically compare pre and post runoff volumes to the



wetlands to ensure hydrology is being preserved to the wetland pocket that currently exists.

For the pre and post development hydrology, the contributory drainage areas have been evaluated and analyzed utilizing existing documented land use and specific characteristics such as hydrological soil group, slope considerations, and vegetative cover. Times of concentration (Tc) paths have been evaluated to be representative of the watershed being analyzed.

See the Pre and Post Watershed Mapping in this report for watershed delineation.

STORMWATER BMP SUMMARY:

STORMTRAP UGDS (BMP-1)

- An underground concrete vault system have been designed to manage site stormwater that drains northwest and out to Manheim / Mount Joy Road (DP001) and have been designed to meet MRC design criteria.
- A SiteSaver water quality unit has been designed to pretreat all roof runoff prior to reaching the UGDS, per MRC design criteria requirements.

Bioretention Basins (BMP-2 and BMP-3)

- Two bioretention basin has been designed to attenuate flows to meet rate control reduction requirements, as well as provide treatment of pollutants.
 - All basins have been designed with their own specific plug planting plan to promote a naturalized look as well as evapotranspiration.
 - The BMPs have been designed as a MRC facilities via treatment through amended soil media. The BMPs will contain 30" of amended soils, an underdrain with a restricted gate valve opening to promote evapotranspiration, and a 2ft impervious clay liner. The BMP has been designed as an MRC BMP per PADEP's design criteria for managed release.
- A Site Saver water quality unit have been designed to treat upstream runoff for the primary MRC basin (BMP-3). BMP-2 does not require pretreatment due to it's relatively small drainage area and as it only collections roof runoff.

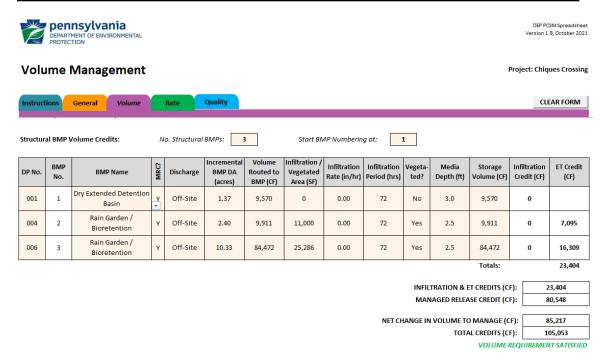
Stormtrap SiteSaver Water Quality Devices (Hydrodynamic Separator)

- SiteSaver is a unique hydrodynamic separator that utilizes trash containment devices, inclined plate technology and baffles to capture and easily remove trash and debris, floatables, hydrocarbons and sediment from waterway
- Two (2) SiteSaver units have been designed as pretreatment BMPs devices to treat runoff coming into the MRC BMPs, as well as treat runoff prior to leaving the



site. The units will filter out sediment, debris, and pollutants. This will increase the longevity of the BMPs and help reduce the amount of yearly maintenance required.

VOLUME SUMMARY CALCULATIONS - SEE PCSM SPREADSHEET APPENDIX A



RATE CONTROL SUMMARY (DISCHARGE POINTS DP-001 to DP-006)

	Summary of Peak Flows - DP-001								
Target Post Development: 50% of 2yr, 5yr, 10yr, 25yr, 50yr and 100yr storm events									
Storm Total Pre (CFS) Target Post (CFS) Total Post (CFS) Rate Requirement Reduction Achieved									
2 Year	3.38	1.69	1.66	✓	51%				
5 Year	4.03	2.02	1.92	✓	52%				
10 Year	7.14	3.57	3.13	✓	56%				
25 Year	10.06	5.03	4.18	✓	58%				
50 Year	12.69	6.35	5.12	✓	60%				
100 Year	15.67	7.84	6.16	✓	61%				



Summary of Peak Flows - DP-002

<u>Target Post Development:</u> 50% of 2yr, 5yr, 10yr, 25yr, 50yr and 100yr storm events

Storm	Total Pre (CFS)	Post		Rate Requirement Met	Flow Reduction Achieved
2 Year	1.07	0.54	0.49	✓	54%
5 Year	1.24	0.62	0.53	✓	57%
10 Year	2.02	1.01	0.74	✓	63%
25 Year	2.71	1.36	0.92	✓	66%
50 Year	3.31	1.66	1.07	✓	68%
100 Year	3.98	1.99	1.25	✓	69%

Summary of Peak Flows - DP-003

Target Post Development:

50% of 2yr, 5yr, 10yr, 25yr, 50yr and 100yr storm events

Storm	Total Pre (CFS)	Target Post (CFS)	Total Post (CFS)	Rate Requirement Met	Flow Reduction Achieved				
2 Year	0.56	0.28	0.09	✓	84%				
5 Year	0.81	0.41	0.13	✓	84%				
10 Year	2.24	1.12	0.35	✓	84%				
25 Year	3.68	1.84	0.57	✓	85%				
50 Year	5.06	2.53	0.78	✓	85%				
100 Year	6.70	3.35	1.02	✓	85%				

Summary of Peak Flows - DP-004

Target Post Development:

50% of 2yr, 5yr, 10yr, 25yr, 50yr and 100yr storm events

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,									
Storm	Total Pre (CFS)	Target Post (CFS)	Total Post (CFS)	Rate Requirement Met	Flow Reduction Achieved				
2 Year	0.82	0.41	0.09	✓	89%				
5 Year	1.37	0.69	0.13	✓	91%				
10 Year	4.97	2.49	0.35	✓	93%				
25 Year	8.88	4.44	0.57	✓	94%				
50 Year	12.71	6.36	0.78	✓	94%				
100 Year	17.31	8.66	1.57	✓	91%				

Summary of Peak Flows - DP-005

Target Post Development:

50	50% of zyr, 5yr, 10yr, 25yr, 50yr and 100yr Storm events									
Storm	Total Pre (CFS)	Post I I		Rate Requirement Met	Flow Reduction Achieved					
2 Year	0.40	0.20	0.15	✓	63%					
5 Year	0.67	0.34	0.21	✓	69%					
10 Year	2.43	1.22	0.57	✓	77%					
25 Year	4.34	2.17	0.92	✓	79%					
50 Year	6.21	3.11	1.26	✓	80%					
100 Year	8.45	4.23	1.67	✓	80%					



	Summary of Peak Flows - DP-006								
Target Post Development: 50% of 2yr, 5yr, 10yr, 25yr, 50yr and 100yr storm events									
Storm Total Pre (CFS) Target Post (CFS) Total Post (CFS) Rate Requirement (CFS) Reduction Achieve									
2 Year	2.10	1.05	0.66	✓	69%				
5 Year	3.53	1.77	1.26	✓	64%				
10 Year	12.79	6.40	5.56	✓	57%				
25 Year	22.86	11.43	10.60	✓	54%				
50 Year	32.73	16.37	15.65	✓	52%				
100 Year	44.56	22.28	21.67	✓	51%				

STANDARDS

The following criteria was utilized in the preparation of this report:

- All flow calculations, velocities and related data were calculated using the values and parameters included in the Commonwealth of PA, PADOT, Bureau of Design, DESIGN MANUAL PART 2, HIGHWAY DESIGN, Latest Version, and/or Recommended Hydrology Procedures for Computing Runoff from Small Watersheds in Pennsylvania
- 2. Runoff coefficients ('CN' values) are based on the values listed in the Township Stormwater Ordinance.
- 3. Rainfall intensities ('l' value) are based on the NOAA data for the site location. See Appendix A.
- 4. All other storm water management calculations are based on the standards and criteria listed in the Township's Ordinances, Act 167 Plan, or accepted engineering practices.

METHODOLOGY

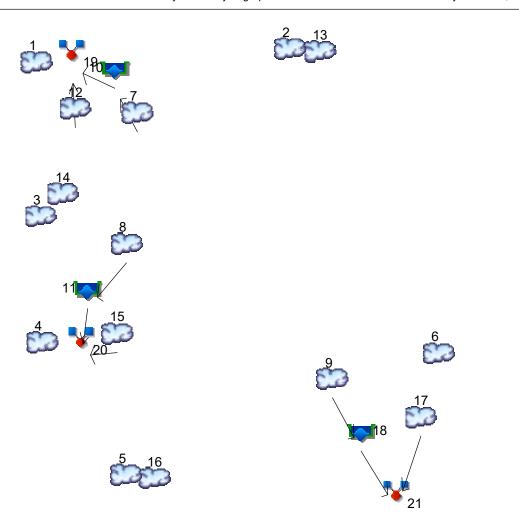
- All storm water calculations for pipe and inlet sizing are based on the Universal Rational Method of determining peak flow rates of discharge utilizing Q = CIA, where
 - Q = peak rate of discharge
 - C = runoff coefficient
 - I = rainfall intensity
 - A = watershed area in acres
- 2. Drainage areas (watersheds) are based upon the topography as mapped on the drawings. Conditions have been field verified for accuracy with the downstream limits of all watersheds terminated at the site property line (when applicable) for comparison purposes when appropriate (see watershed mappings, this report).



- 3. Runoff coefficients ('c' values) were selected based on soil type, land slope, land cover and/or cover condition, unless otherwise noted. The http://websoilsurvey.nrcs. website is the source of all soils information.
- 4. Time of concentration values (Tc) were calculated using Manning's kinematic solution for overland flows. All Tc values for concentrated flow are based upon Figure 3.1 of the *Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds* (TR 55). For calculations purposes, the Tc paths are established where they would not be drastically altered in the Post Development Condition to prevent drastically increased times, flow lengths, or other situations that would cause unrealistic comparisons between the Pre and Post Development peak flow rates. Time of concentration paths are established to be representative of the entire watershed.
- 5. Rainfall intensity values ("I") were determined based upon the calculated times of concentration and the corresponding intensity values for the various storm events.
- 6. Peak rates of discharge (Q) are calculated for design storm events based on the computed C, A, and I values.
- 7. Hydraflow Hydrographs software was used in determining the watershed runoff as well as determining the volume of the stormwater management systems
- 8. Storm sewer piping size was sized, unless otherwise indicated, for at least the 100-year storm event. Pipe sizing is determined, as indicated in the calculations, through either Manning's equation for pipes flowing full or standard-step energy balancing equations using HydraFlow Storm Sewers by Intelisolve.
- 9. Stormwater Management Volume Calculations as referenced in this Report have been calculated utilizing the Runoff Curve Number Method as referenced in the Soil Conservation Service (SCS) Technical Release Manual (TR-55) and as required by the PADEP NDPES Post Construction Stormwater Permit and as documented within PADEP Spreadsheet (latest edition)



OVERALL HYDROLOGY AND RETURN PERIOD RECAP



Legend

<u>Hyd.</u>	<u>Origin</u>	<u>Description</u>
1	SCS Runoff	Pre 001
2	SCS Runoff	Pre 002
3	SCS Runoff	Pre 003
4	SCS Runoff	Pre 004 (Ex Wetlands)
5	SCS Runoff	
6	SCS Runoff	
7	SCS Runoff	BMP-1
8	SCS Runoff	BMP-2
9	SCS Runoff	BMP-3 (BASIN)
10	Reservoir	BMP-1 Out
11	Reservoir	BMP-2 Out
12	SCS Runoff	Post Uman 001
13	SCS Runoff	Post Uman 002
14	SCS Runoff	Post Uman 003
15		Post Uman 004
16		Post Uman 005
17	SCS Runoff	Post Uman 006
18	Reservoir	BMP-3 Out
19	Combine	Post DP 001
20	Combine	Post DP 004
21	Combine	Post DP 006

Project: Chiques SWM.gpw

Tuesday, 12 / 5 / 2023

Hydrograph Return Period Recap

_	Hydrograph	Inflow	Peak Outflow (cfs)					Hydrograph			
No.	type (origin)	hyd(s)	1-yr	2-yr	3-yr	5-yr	10-yr	25-yr	50-yr	100-yr	Description
1	SCS Runoff			3.382		4.029	7.142	10.06	12.69	15.67	Pre 001
2	SCS Runoff			1.073		1.241	2.023	2.707	3.310	3.983	Pre 002
3	SCS Runoff			0.560		0.813	2.235	3.678	5.062	6.696	Pre 003
4	SCS Runoff			0.815		1.370	4.969	8.880	12.71	17.31	Pre 004 (Ex Wetlands)
5	SCS Runoff			0.398		0.669	2.426	4.336	6.208	8.451	Pre 005
6	SCS Runoff			2.098		3.526	12.79	22.86	32.73	44.56	Pre 006
7	SCS Runoff			3.660		4.197	6.664	8.800	10.68	12.77	BMP-1
8	SCS Runoff			3.468		4.210	7.843	11.23	14.38	17.98	BMP-2
9	SCS Runoff			33.74		37.92	56.69	72.68	86.64	102.14	BMP-3 (BASIN)
10	Reservoir	7		0.000		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	BMP-1 Out
11	Reservoir	8		0.004		0.005	0.045	0.308	0.429	1.470	BMP-2 Out
12	SCS Runoff			1.658		1.918	3.126	4.183	5.116	6.156	Post Uman 001
13	SCS Runoff			0.485		0.531	0.740	0.918	1.074	1.248	Post Uman 002
14	SCS Runoff			0.089		0.130	0.347	0.565	0.775	1.021	Post Uman 003
15	SCS Runoff			0.089		0.130	0.347	0.565	0.775	1.021	Post Uman 004
16	SCS Runoff			0.146		0.212	0.566	0.923	1.264	1.666	Post Uman 005
17	SCS Runoff			0.648		1.248	5.548	10.51	15.42	21.36	Post Uman 006
18	Reservoir	9		0.011		0.011	0.239	0.552	1.977	6.269	BMP-3 Out
19	Combine	10, 12,		1.658		1.918	3.126	4.183	5.116	6.156	Post DP 001
20	Combine	11, 15,		0.092		0.132	0.350	0.570	0.780	1.565	Post DP 004
21	Combine	17, 18,		0.656		1.256	5.558	10.60	15.65	21.67	Post DP 006

Proj. file: Chiques SWM.gpw

Tuesday, 12 / 5 / 2023



PRE DEVELOPMENT

DETAILED ROUTINGS ARE NOT PROVIDED FOR CONDITIONAL USE SUBMISSION EVEN THOUGH THEY HAVE BEEN COMPLETED AS REFLECTED IN THE SUMMARY RATE TABLES AND OVERALL RETURN PERIOD RECAPS.



POST DEVELOPMENT HYDROLOGY INCLUDES ROUTINGS FOR: • BMP-1, BMP-2, BMP-3

DETAILED ROUTINGS ARE NOT PROVIDED FOR CONDITIONAL USE SUBMISSION EVEN THOUGH THEY HAVE BEEN COMPLETED AS REFLECTED IN THE SUMMARY RATE TABLES AND OVERALL RETURN PERIOD RECAPS.

FINAL ROUTINGS AND POND REPORTS WILL BE PROVIDED AS PART OF FINAL LAND DEVELOPMENT STORMWATER REPORT



100 YR STORM SEWER AND HGL CALCULATIONS

DETAILED STORM SEWER CALCS NOT PROVIDED FOR CONDITIONAL USE SUBMISSION. THEY WILL BE PROVIDED AS PART OF FINAL LAND DEVELOPMENT STORMWATER REPORT



APPENDIX 'A' - SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS

- NOAA RAINFALL DATA
- RUNOFF CURVE NUMBERS AND "CN" VALUES
 - DEP PCSM SPREADSHEET

APPENDICES ARE NOT PROVIDED FOR CONDITIONAL USE SUBMISSION.

THEY WILL BE PROVIDED AS PART OF FINAL LAND DEVELOPMENT STORMWATER REPORT



APPENDIX 'B' - GEOTECHNICAL REPORT



ECS Mid-Atlantic, LLC

Geotechnical Engineering Report for Stormwater Management

Chiques Crossing

3733 Mount Joy Road Mount Joy, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania

ECS Project Number 18:5839

February 10, 2023



February 10, 2023

Brandon Conrad, CEO Vistablock Westmount, LLC 150 Farmington Lane, Lancaster, PA 17601

ECS Project No. 18:5839

MATTHEW CARRO

Reference: Geotechnical Engineering Report for Stormwater Management

Chiques Crossing

Mount Joy, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania

Dear Mr. Conrad:

ECS Mid-Atlantic, LLC (ECS) has completed the subsurface exploration and geotechnical engineering analyses for the above-referenced project. Our services were performed in general accordance with our Proposal No. 18:9051-GP, dated December 27, 2022. This report presents our understanding of the geotechnical aspects of the project, results of the field exploration, laboratory testing, and our design and construction recommendations.

It has been our pleasure to be of service to Vistablock Westmount, LLC during this phase of this project. We would appreciate the opportunity to remain involved during the continuation of the design phase and to provide our services during construction phase operations as well to verify the assumptions of subsurface conditions made for this report. Should you have any questions concerning the information contained in this report, or if we can be of further assistance to you, please contact us.

Respectfully submitted,

ECS Mid-Atlantic, LLC

J. Matthew Carroll, P.E.

Principal Engineer

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APPENDICES

Appendix A – Drawings & Reports

- Site Location Diagram
- Exploration Location Diagram
- Geologic Map
- Soil Survey Map
- Karst Features Map
- Carbonate Assessment Map

Appendix B – Field Operations

- Subsurface Exploration Procedure: Test Pit Excavation
- Test Pits TP-01 through TP-25
- Infiltration Test Results
- Test Pit Photographs
- Carbonate Assessment Photographs

Appendix C - Laboratory Testing

- Laboratory Test Results Summary
- Plasticity Chart
- Grain Size Analyses
- Textural Triangle USDA Test

Appendix D – Supplemental Report Documents

- Sinkhole Repair Details
- French Drain Installation Procedure

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The following summarizes the main findings of the exploration, particularly those that may have a cost impact on the planned development. Further, our principal foundation recommendations are summarized. Information gleaned from the Executive Summary should not be utilized in lieu of reading the entire geotechnical report.

- Groundwater depths measured at the time of excavation ranged from approximately 4.5 to 8 feet below the ground surface, corresponding to EL. 316.0 to EL. 317.5 ft. It should be noted that a creek (Little Chiques Creek) is located immediately west and south of the property and the water elevation (ranges from approximately EL. 314 to EL. 320 feet MSL via Google Earth) of this feature will directly influence the groundwater elevation at the site. Variations in the long-term water table may occur as a result of changes in precipitation, evaporation, surface water runoff, construction activities, and other factors.
- Based on the results of the infiltration testing, infiltration characteristics are very limited to negligible at the tested elevations. Therefore, ECS recommends that stormwater management for this property consist of volume and rate control (Managed Release Concept (MRC)) combined with water quality measures using BMP facilities.
- This site is underlain by carbonate geology, which presents a risk of sinkhole development, especially within stormwater management facilities. Careful site preparations and observation in accordance with this report, and proper repair of sinkholes will be key to site development.
- It should also be noted that variable limestone bedrock elevations are likely at this site; therefore, some rock excavation should be expected.

Refer to the text of the report for site specific design and construction recommendations.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this study was to provide geotechnical information for design and construction of a proposed Chiques Crossing Development at the project site. The recommendations developed for this report are based on project information supplied by Vistablock Westmount, LLC, including *Test Pit Plan*, by ELA Group, Inc. dated December 19, 2022.

Our services were provided in accordance with the Proposal No. 9051-GP, dated December 27, 2022, as authorized by Vistablock Westmount, LLC, dated January 5, 2023, which includes our Terms and Conditions of Service.

This report contains the results of our subsurface exploration, site characterization, laboratory testing, engineering analyses, and recommendations for the design and construction of the proposed development.

This report includes the following:

- A brief review and description of our field procedures.
- A review of surface topographical features and site conditions.
- A review of area and site geologic conditions.
- A review of subsurface soil stratigraphy with pertinent available physical properties.
- Final copies of our test pit logs.
- Infiltration testing results and recommendations for stormwater management.
- Evaluation and recommendations relative to groundwater.
- A discussion of potential of karst geology issues.

2.0 PROJECT INFORMATION

2.1 PROJECT LOCATION

The project site is located at the physical address of 3733 Mount Joy Road in Mount Joy, Pennsylvania. Currently, the site consists of several residential properties, agricultural field, and wooded areas. The site is generally bound by Little Chiques Creek to the west and south, by Mount Joy Road to the north and by a commercial property to the east. It should be noted that some of the subject property is located west of Little Chiques Creek. At the time of exploration, the site was sloped downward from Mount Joy Road towards Little Chiques Creek with a total topographic relief on the order of approximately 33 feet.

Refer to Figure 2.1.A and the Site Location Map in Appendix A for a detailed depiction of the project site location.



Figure 2.1.A – Site Location

2.2 PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION

Based on the *Test Pit Plan*, by ELA Group, Inc., dated December 19, 2022, we understand that the proposed development is composed of 6 apartment buildings, 5 garage buildings, stormwater management facilities, site retaining walls, a roundabout, a pump station, and associated parking and access drives. This report addresses only the stormwater management facilities for this development

3.0 FIELD EXPLORATION AND LABORATORY TESTING

Our exploration procedures are explained in greater detail in Appendix B including the insert titled Subsurface Exploration Procedure. Our scope of work included excavating 25 test pits and performing 47 corresponding double ring infiltration tests. Our test pits were located with a handheld GPS unit and their approximate locations are shown on the Exploration Location Plan in Appendix A.

3.1 SUBSURFACE CHARACTERIZATION

The following sections provide generalized characterizations of the soil strata. Please refer to the test pit logs in Appendix B.

SUBSURFACE STRATIGRAPHY								
Stratum	Description							
n/a	Surficial Material: Topsoil Thickness 10.0 to 26.0 inches							
I	FILL MATERIALS, encountered at isolated locations, LEAN CLAY with Gravel and SAND with Gravel, gray, black, and orangish brown, contains ash, debris, brick, and deleterious materials							
II	Lean CLAY (CL) with varying amounts of sand and gravel, orangish brown to brown, moist, stiff to very stiff							
III	Clayey GRAVEL with SAND (GC), orangish brown, moist to wet							
IV	Weathered LIMESTONE, as GRAVEL with Clay, orangish brown and gray, moist, encountered in TP-02 only.							

3.1.1 Stormwater Infiltration Testing

Additionally, our subsurface exploration also consisted of the oversight of twenty-five (25) test pits to explore the subsurface conditions and characterize the site relative to stormwater management. The test pits were conducted on-site under the supervision of ECS and infiltration testing was completed in each.

Infiltration testing was completed using the double ring infiltration in general accordance with Appendix C of the Pennsylvania Stormwater Best Management Practices (PA BMP) Manual. Infiltration test results are provided in the following table.

INFILTRATION TESTING RESULTS								
Test Location	Surface Elevation (Feet, MSL) ¹	Zone (Feet)	Limiting Zone Elevation (Feet, MSL)	Infiltration Test Depth (Feet)	Test Elevation (Feet, MSL)	Field Infiltration Rate (inches / hour) (Includes FS=2)		
TP-01	337.5	8.5 ²	329.0	6.0	331.5	0.03		
TP-02	336.0	5.0^{2}	331.0	3.0	333.0	4.79		
TP-03	343.0	4.5 ²	338.5	2.5	340.5	0.88		
TP-04	338.0	N/E	N/A	4.0	334.0	0.28		
	330.0	.,, _	14,71	6.0	332.0	0.00		
TP-05	338.5	N/E	N/A	4.0	334.5	0.00		
11 03	330.3	14/ =	14,71	6.0	332.5	0.28		
TP-06	334.0	N/E	N/A	4.0	330.0	0.00		
	33 1.0	.,, _	14,71	6.0	328.0	0.00		
TP-07	333.0	8.5^{2}	324.5	4.0	329.0	1.00		
11 07	333.0	0.5	32 1.3	6.0	327.0	0.00		
TP-08	334.5	5.5 ²	329.0	1.5	333.0	2.25		
11 00	33 1.3	3.3	323.0	3.5	331.0	0.13		
TP-09	335.0	9.0^{2}	326.0	4.0	331.0	0.16		
11 03	333.0	J.0	320.0	6.0	329.0	0.00		
TP-10	0 332.0 9.02	Q ∩ ²	323.0	4.0	328.0	0.25		
11-10		9.0	323.0	6.0	326.0	0.00		
TP-11	332.0 5.5 ²	5.5 ²	326.5	1.5	330.5	0.03		
1111	332.0	J.J	320.3	3.5	328.5	0.13		
TP-12	332.0	N/E	N/A	4.0	328.0	0.00		
11-12	332.0	IN/ L	N/A	6.0	326.0	0.06		
TP-13	333.0	7.5^{2}	325.5	3.5	329.5	0.03		
11 13	333.0	7.5	323.5	5.5	327.5	0.03		
TP-14	334.0	5.5 ²	328.5	1.0	333.0	0.00		
11-14	334.0	5.5	320.3	3.0	331.0	0.00		
TP-15	332.5	N/E	N/A	4.0	328.5	0.03		
11 13	332.3	14/ L	N/A	6.0	326.5	0.09		
TP-16	324.0	8.0^{3}	316.0	4.0	320.0	0.06		
11 10	324.0	0.0	310.0	6.0	318.0	0.06		
TP-17	324.0	8.0^{3}	316.0	4.0	320.0	0.00		
11 17	324.0	0.0	310.0	6.0	318.0	0.38		
TP-18	324.0	6.5^{3}	317.5	2.5	321.5	0.50		
11 10	324.0	0.5	317.5	4.5	319.5	0.00		
TP-19	321.0	4.5 ³	316.5	1.0	320.0	0.03		
11-13	321.0	٠.٠	310.3	2.5	318.5	0.09		
TP-20	321.0	4.5 ³	316.5	1.0	320.0	0.00		
11-20	321.0	7.5	310.5	2.5	318.5	0.03		
TP-21	321.0	5.0 ³	316.0	1.0	320.0	0.00		
1177	321.0	5.0	310.0	3.0	318.0	0.00		
TP-22	332.0	N/E	N/A	4.0	328.0	0.00		
11-22	332.0	IN/ L	IV/A	6.0	326.0	0.00		

INFILTRATION TESTING RESULTS									
Test Location	Surface Elevation (Feet, MSL) ¹	Depth to Limiting Zone (Feet)	Limiting Zone Elevation (Feet, MSL)	Infiltration Test Depth (Feet)	Test Elevation (Feet, MSL)	Field Infiltration Rate (inches / hour) (Includes FS=2)			
TP-23	336.0	5.0 ²	331.0	2 5	2.5	333.5	0.00		
17-23	330.0	550.0 5.0 551.0 2.5	2.5	555.5	0.00				
TD 24	240.0	N/E	NI/A	4.0	345.0	0.44			
1P-24	TP-24 349.0	IN/E	N/A	6.0	343.0	0.00			
TD 25	240.0	N/E	N/A	4.0	345.0	1.00			
TP-25	349.0	IN/E	N/A	6.0	343.0	1.00			

Note¹: Please note that the ground surface was not surveyed by a licensed surveyor; these elevations are approximate based on the provided plans; therefore, elevation ranges are approximate +/- half a foot.

Note²: Limiting zone is bedrock.

Note³: Limiting zone is groundwater.

3.2 CARBONATE ASSESSMENT

3.2.1 Site Geology

According to the Geologic Map of Pennsylvania (1980)¹, the site is underlain by the Epler Formation and the Hershey and Myerstown Formations, undivided. Based on *Engineering Characteristics of the Rocks of Pennsylvania*², the following are the descriptions for each formation.

The Epler formation is a very finely crystalline, medium-gray limestone interbedded with gray dolomite. The joints have a seamy pattern and are poorly to well developed, moderately abundant and moderately spaced. The bedrock formation is moderately resistant to weathering and found to be slightly weathered to a shallow depth. The Epler Formation possesses good subsurface drainage due to secondary porosity provided by joint and solution-channel openings ranging from low to medium in magnitude and a rock permeability that is low in magnitude. Limestone is carbonate based, and therefore, prone to dissolution in water and karst processes including sinkhole formation.

The Hershey formation consists of finely crystalline, dark-gray to black argillaceous limestone with a basal conglomerate that contains angular boulders of dolomite. The weathering is moderately resistant. Joints are well developed, displaying a platy pattern. This formation is generally highly fractured with moderate distance between fractures that are steeply dipping and open. The permeability is low while secondary porosity is provided through jointing and solution openings. Limestone is carbonate based, and therefore, prone to dissolution in water and karst processes including sinkhole formation.

The Myerstown Formation is characterized by a medium to dark gray, medium crystalline limestone. The formation is well bedded, thin to flaggy. The joints have a platy pattern, are well developed, and highly fractured. This formation is moderately resistant and moderately to highly weathered, it can be quickly weathered to a moderate depth. The surface drainage is good with minor subsurface drainage and secondary porosity occurring in the joints and solution openings. Limestone is carbonate based, and therefore, prone to dissolution in water and karst processes including sinkhole formation.

¹ Berg, T. M., Edmunds, W. E., Geyer, A. R., and others, compilers, 1980, Geologic map of Pennsylvania (2nd ed.): Pennsylvania Geological Survey, 4th ser., Map 1, 3 sheets, scale 1:250,000

² Geyer, A. R., and Wilshusen, J. P., (1982), Engineering Characteristics of the Rocks of Pennsylvania. Bureau of Topographic and Geologic Survey.

3.2.2 Karst Mapping

The Epler Formation and Hershey and Myerstown Formations, undivided are composed of carbonate bedrock that is prone to karst activity. Karst activity can take the form of soft and loose soils above the bedrock, uneven bedrock surfaces, closed surficial depressions, and sinkholes. The Karst Features Map located in Appendix A depicts a scale of the level of karst activity in the vicinity of the site. The Karst Features Map shows no apparent sinkholes and 80 surface depressions within about ½ mile of the project site; however, the data is incomplete as there is not a requirement within the State to track and document the naturally developing karst activity. Based on our experience in the area and known karst features at nearby sites, the risk of sinkholes and related karst activity near this location is moderate.

3.2.3 Aerial Photograph Review

An aerial photograph study was performed to review the presence of karst features across the project site. Aerial photographs taken in 1940, 1947, 1957, 1971, 1988, 1993, 1994, 1999, 2004, 2005, 2008, 2010, 2012, 2013, 2015, 2016, 2018, 2019, and 2022 were reviewed. The digital aerial photographs used for this study were obtained from publicly available resources (PASDA: https://maps.psiee.psu.edu/ImageryNavigator and Google Earth).

The subject property appeared to have been partially-developed at the time the 1940 aerial photograph was taken. Specifically, a few residential properties were visible at the north of the property. The southern portion of the property appears to have been used for agricultural purposes. Given our review of the available aerial photographs, the subject property has remained consistent in the form of a partially-developed parcel of land with agricultural fields to the south, throughout the timeline of the reviewed photographs. It should be noted that the on-site stockpile appeared to have been formed sometime between 2019 and 2022.

Circular tonal features which can be interpreted as possible areas of elevated moisture and/or karst activity associated with potential closed depression/surface depression features were identified in some of the aerial photographs across the property during our review.

No bedrock outcrops or sinkholes were visible within the footprint of the subject property on the reviewed aerial photography. Additionally, no ghost lakes occurring after rainfall events, springs, or surface drainage entering the ground were observed.

Indications of lineaments, caverns, intermittent lakes, and rock outcrops or pinnacles were not noted on the subject property on any of the reviewed aerial photographs. These interpolations were based on judgement and experience of the photo-interpreter.

3.2.4 Site Reconnaissance

A site walk was performed during our fieldwork activities on January 24, 2022 to verify the results of the desktop study and to further evaluate the property for any potential karst features. At the time of our site walk, the project site consisted of a partially-developed parcel of land including several building structures, agricultural fields, and localized wooded areas.

At the time of our fieldwork, no apparent signs of discernible subsurface pinnacles, lineaments, fracture traces, caverns, or intermittent lakes were observed. However, potential karst features in the form of a

potential sinkhole/subsidence feature, surficial rock, and a surficial depression were observed. The locations of these features are presented in the table below.

Observed Karst Feature Locations			
Feature	Latitude (Decimal Degrees)	Longitude (Decimal Degrees)	
SD-01	40.11541028	-76.49779922	
Sinkhole	40.11493000	-76.49711000	
SR-01	40.11528000	-76.49503000	
SR-02	40.11506000	-76.49577000	
SR-03	40.11700000	-76.49495000	
SR-04	40.11492000	-76.49575000	
SR-05	40.11462000	-76.49549000	
SR-06	40.11452000	-76.49556000	
SR-07	40.11449000	-76.49594000	

ECS recommends these features be explored with a test pit at each location under the supervision of ECS in the early stages of earthwork in order to determine if potential repairs are necessary. Additionally, apparent animal burrows were frequently observed during the site walk generally located around the eastern portion of the site, which can potentially be indicative of soft/loose soils associated with karst activity.

Photographs of the observed features are presented on the Carbonate Assessment Photographs and their approximate locations at the site are presented on the Carbonate Assessment Map within Appendix A.

3.3 SOIL SURVEY MAPPING

Based on our review of the Soil Survey (USDA - Natural Resources Conservation Service (websoilsurvey.ncrs.usda.gov), the site soils are mapped Hagerstown silt loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, Hagerstown silty clay loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, Hagerstown-Urban land complex, and Nolin Silt Loam. This soil type is described as having the following properties:

SOIL MAPPING SUMMARY						
Mapped Soil Unit	Soil Unit Symbol	Origin/ Type	Depth to Restrictive Feature	Depth to Water Table	Hydrologic Soil Group	KSat (in/hr)
Hagerstown silt loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes	НаА / НаВ	Residuum weathered from limestone	>80 inches	>80 inches	В	(0.60 – 2.00)
Hagerstown silty clay loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	HbC	Residuum weathered from limestone	40 to 99 inches to lithic bedrock	>80 inches	В	(0.60 – 2.00)

SOIL MAPPING SUMMARY						
Mapped Soil Unit	Soil Unit Symbol	Origin/ Type	Depth to Restrictive Feature	Depth to Water Table	Hydrologic Soil Group	KSat (in/hr)
Hagerstown-Urban land complex	Нс	Residuum weathered from limestone	40 to 99 inches to lithic bedrock	>80 inches	В	(0.60 – 2.00)
Nolin Silt Loam	Ne	Alluvium derived from sedimentary rock over residuum weathered from limestone and shale	60 to 99 inches to lithic bedrock	About 36 to 60 inches	В	(0.60 – 2.00)

3.4 GROUNDWATER OBSERVATIONS

Water levels were measured during the on-site exploration and are included on our test pit logs in Appendix B. Groundwater depths measured at the time of excavation ranged from approximately 4.5 to 8 feet below the ground surface, corresponding to EL. 316.0 to EL. 317.5 ft, in test pits TP-16 through TP-19 in the southeast corner of the site. Our test pits were left open for a period of approximately five (5) hours and the stabilized groundwater readings can be found in the table below. Based on the encountered groundwater depths, the stabilized groundwater table appears to be at an approximate elevation of EL. +316.0 to 317.0 feet, MSL on the southeast portion of the site. Additionally, no apparent signs of the seasonal high ground water table were observed while probing below the infiltration testing depths in other areas of the site explored with test pits.

It should be noted that a creek (Little Chiques Creek) is located immediately west and south of the property and the water elevation (ranges from approximately EL. 314 to EL. 320 feet MSL via Google Earth) of this feature will directly influence the groundwater elevation at the site in nearby proximity. Variations in the long-term water table may occur as a result of changes in precipitation, evaporation, surface water runoff, construction activities, and other factors.

GROUNDWATER READINGS			
Location	Existing Grade (Feet, MSL) ¹	Approximate Groundwater Depth (Feet)	Approximate Groundwater Elevation (Feet, MSL)
TP-16	324.0	8.0	316.0
TP-17	324.0	8.0	316.0
TP-18	324.0	6.5	317.5
TP-19	321.0	4.5	316.5
TP-20	321.0	4.5	316.5
TP-21	321.0	5.0	316.0

Note¹: Please note that the ground surface was not surveyed by a licensed surveyor; these elevations were interpolated by the provided plan; therefore, elevation ranges are approximate +/- half a foot.

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3.5 LABORATORY TESTING

The laboratory testing consisted of selected tests performed on samples obtained during our field exploration operations. Classification and index property tests were performed on representative soil samples.

Each sample was visually classified on the basis of texture and plasticity in accordance with ASTM D2488 Standard Practice for Description and Identification of Soils (Visual-Manual Procedures) and including USCS classification symbols, and ASTM D2487 Standard Practice for Classification for Engineering Purposes (Unified Soil Classification System (USCS)). After classification, the samples were grouped in the major zones noted on the boring logs in Appendix B. The group symbols for each soil type are indicated in parentheses along with the soil descriptions. The stratification lines between strata on the logs are approximate; in situ, the transitions may be gradual.

4.0 DESIGN RECOMMENDATIONS

4.1 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AREAS

4.1.1 Stormwater Management Facilities

General: The plan provided to ECS displayed proposed locations for the stormwater management facilities. Stormwater management facilities are expected to consist of a combination of at-grade and below-grade facilities. The recommendations presented below should be considered during design and construction.

4.5.1.a Infiltration Characteristics

Based on the results of the infiltration testing, infiltration characteristics are very limited to negligible at the tested elevations. Clay soils were found across the project site and typically lead to low rates of infiltration. In addition, the underlying bedrock is carbonate and would have a higher susceptibility to karst features if infiltration were promoted.

For these reasons, ECS recommends that stormwater management for this property consist of volume and rate control (Managed Release Concept (MRC)) combined with water quality measures using BMP facilities. For design purposes we recommend that stormwater management facilities consist of BMP areas for water quality with underdrains to convey the water offsite.

ECS recommends that specific construction notes appear on the plans requiring full-time observation of the excavation of the basins by the authorized ECS representative to verify suitable conditions are present. ECS can assist in developing these notes once plans become more final.

4.5.1.b Embankment/Outlet Structures/Slopes

Embankment construction or cut slopes to facilitate pond construction should incorporate side slopes of 3(H):1(V) or flatter. If steeper slopes are necessary, ECS should be contacted to review the proposed slope geometry.

Fill materials should be placed to a minimum of 95% of the maximum dry density of the material, as determined by the Standard Proctor method (ASTM D698). The moisture content of the materials should be within \pm 3% of the optimum.

Storm water management facilities with embankments should include the construction of a clay core having a minimum thickness of 2 feet. Clay suitable for this use should consist of CL or CH materials, having a minimum of 70% fines (passing #200 sieve), a minimum liquid limit (LL) of 40 and minimum plasticity index (PI) of 20. This material should be approved by the Geotechnical Engineer. Clay core materials should be compacted to 95% of the standard proctor maximum dry density at a moisture content that is at or up to 3% above the optimum. Limited laboratory testing of the on-site materials did indicated the presence of soils that meet the criteria listed above.

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4.5.1.c Temporary Sediment Basin Fill Embankments

Soils used in temporary sediment basin fill embankments should satisfy the requirements for fill discussed below and should be placed and compacted to the specification requirements for Structural Fill. Care should be taken not to track heavy equipment over the basin bottom during construction.

4.1.2 Stormwater Management Considerations

The property is underlain by carbonate geology which is prone to sinkhole development. The owner should understand that the concentrated influx of stormwater to a select area will increase the potential of sinkhole development. In order to reduce the rate of sinkhole development, and in keeping with the guidelines and recommendations of the PA BMP Manual, we recommend that the following design principles be incorporated.

- Use existing drainage patterns
- Keep stormwater away from known sinkholes or problematic subsidence areas
- Avoid concentrating stormwater
- Reduce runoff volume and velocity
- Use broad shallow basins
- Maintain the facilities post construction
- Provide underdrains or other means for dewatering in stormwater management facilities if needed

4.1.3 Stormwater Management Facilities - Design Notes

It has been our experience that construction of basins may encounter conditions that were not anticipated as a result of the subsurface exploration. As a result, we have developed the following sequence of items for addressing construction related difficulties or discrepancies with the design assumptions. We recommend that these recommendations be included in the stormwater management feature construction notes on the plans.

- A) If redoximorphic features (soil mottling and coloration patterns formed by the reduction of iron and/or manganese from saturated conditions in the soil) are encountered:
 - A qualified professional should determine if the features observed are associated with a historic condition (associated with fill, previous site condition, or natural coloration) or are associated with conditions that could presently occur (seasonal variations in the water table).
 - Evaluate the elevation of the features relative to the proposed design elevation of the SWM
 feature and determine if the size and elevation of the SWM feature can be adjusted to alleviate
 the conflict.
 - Retain ECS and Civil Engineer to evaluate alternate design concepts. Alternate designs proposed by the Professional should be sealed and submitted to the Township for approval.

If material replacement is required in structural areas (Ex: below-grade SWM facilities in paved areas), material placement specifications, including materials type, mix ratio, compactive effort and required density should be determined by ECS. Suitable soil mixtures can consist of a blend of on-site and/or off-site materials available to the Contractor and approved by ECS.

5.0 SITE CONSTRUCTION RECOMMENDATIONS

5.1 KARST RELATED – GENERAL RISK

Although sinkholes stem from geologic conditions within the underlying rock, they are often triggered by changes in the surface and subsurface drainage patterns. In order to reduce the potential for future sinkhole development which could impact foundation performance, positive surface drainage should be maintained both during and after construction. ECS recommends that the following preventative measures be followed to reduce the potential inducement of sinkhole formation in proposed development areas and to incorporate good construction practices. If subsidence features such as sinkholes, surface depressions, and exposed rock pinnacles are encountered, ECS should be consulted to provide a recommendation for repair on a case-by-case basis.

- 1. Earthwork operations should be graded to drain away from structures at all times. Upon completion of daily earthwork operations, the ground surface should be sealed by thorough rolling to reduce infiltration of precipitation and facilitate runoff.
- 2. Sediment control management facilities should be located outside of planned construction areas. Inlets associated with storm drain systems should not be utilized as temporary sediment control devices during construction.
- 3. During construction, care should be taken to reduce the ponding of surface water in and/or adjacent to the buildings. The foundations should be excavated and poured the same day, if possible, or the founding soils should be provided with a mud mat (lean concrete).
- 4. Visual observations during all earthwork operations should be carried out in order to detect previous unexposed or recently created collapse features. Such features should be called to ECS's attention for remedial improvement.
- 5. Final site grading should include sloping grades and piping of downspouts away from the building.
- 6. Storm piping should be designed such that joints and structure tie-ins remain watertight with allowance for some settlement. Leaking storm pipes promote subsurface seepage and can instigate sinkhole development in the form of surficial dropouts with little or no warning. It may be beneficial to use bentonite clay around all pipe joints to reduce the potential for long-term leaking.

Areas identified to be suspect during the initial earthwork phase should be further explored during construction to determine the extent, both vertically and horizontally, of possible solution activity. We recommend that all available geotechnical data be made available to ECS during earthwork operations.

5.2 STORMWATER CONSTRUCTION RECOMMENDATIONS

It is recommended that verification of the subgrade conditions at the time of construction be conducted by an authorized ECS representative.

During excavation of the basin, the materials at the bottom of basin should be verified to be consistent with those encountered in the exploration. Proper performance of infiltration facilities will be influenced by the variability in the subsurface. It will be important that construction equipment does not traffic on

the materials at the infiltration bed elevation, and that hand probing on an approximately 25 foot grid or isolated test pits be provided to evaluate proper offset distances from bedrock limiting zones.

It should be noted that variable depths to limestone bedrock are very common in this area. Some rock excavation may be required to achieve bottom of basin elevations with the required 2-foot of buffer below the basin subgrade.

We recommend all SWM facilities be located a minimum of 25 feet from all adjacent buildings, taken from edge of SWM facility to outside of footing. The allowable buffer distance is highly dependent on site constraints including but not limited to, foundation type, subgrade soils, geology, structural loading, foundation bearing elevation, invert elevation, and groundwater. If site constraints prohibit this recommendation, the facility may be located closer to a building subject to the review and approval of ECS.

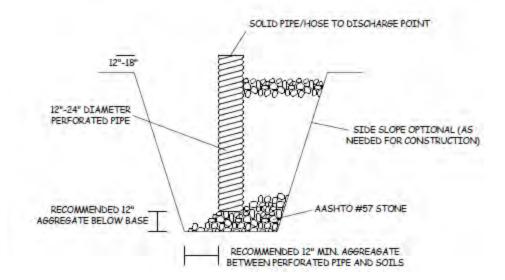
5.3 SITE TEMPORARY DEWATERING

The contractor shall make their own assessment of temporary dewatering needs based upon the limited subsurface groundwater information presented in this report. Soil sampling is not continuous, and thus soil and groundwater conditions may vary between sampling intervals (typically 5 feet). If the contractor believes additional subsurface information is needed to assess dewatering needs, they should obtain such information at their own expense. ECS makes no warranties or guarantees regarding the adequacy of the provided information to determine dewatering requirements; such recommendations are beyond our scope of services.

Dewatering systems are a critical component of many construction projects. Dewatering systems must be selected, designed, and maintained by a qualified and experienced (specialty or other) contractor familiar with the succinct geotechnical and other aspects of the project. The failure to properly design and maintain a dewatering system for a given project can result in delayed construction, unnecessary foundation subgrade undercuts, detrimental phenomena such as 'running sand' conditions, internal erosion (i.e., 'piping'), the migration of 'fines' down-gradient towards the dewatering system, localized settlement of nearby infrastructure, foundations, slabs-on-grade and pavements, etc. Water discharged from a site dewatering system shall be discharged in accordance with all local, state and federal requirements.

Strategies for Addressing Perched Groundwater:

The typical primary strategy for addressing perched groundwater seeping into excavations is pumping from trench (or French) and sump pits with sump pumps. A typical sump pump drain (found in a sump pit or along a French drain) is depicted below. The inlet of the sump pump is placed at the bottom of the corrugated pipe and the discharge end of the sump is directed to an appropriate stormwater drain.



Sump Pit/Pump Diagram

Details of a typical French drainage installation are included in Appendix D. A typical French drain consists of an 18 to 24-inch wide by 18 to 24-inch deep bed of AASHTO #57 (or similar open graded aggregate) aggregate wrapped in a medium duty, non-woven geotextile and (sometimes) containing a 6-inch diameter, Schedule 40 PVC perforated or slotted pipe. Actual dimensions should be as determined necessary by ECS during construction. After the installation has been completed, the geotextile should be wrapped over the top of the aggregate and pipe followed by placement of backfill. The top of the drain should be positioned at least 18 inches below the design subgrade elevations. Drains should not be routed within the expanded building limits.

Pumping wells or a vacuum system could also be used to address perched groundwater. These techniques often are only effective during the initial depletion of the perched water quantity and may quickly be ineffective at addressing accumulation of water from rain, snow, etc.

5.4 SINKHOLE REPAIR

If a sinkhole develops at the project site, ECS can provide observation, documentation, and recommendations for repair. Due to the karst nature of the project site, proper repair is imperative. Typical sinkhole repair details are included in Appendix D.

6.0 CLOSING

ECS has prepared this report to guide the geotechnical-related design and construction aspects of the project. We performed these services in accordance with the standard of care expected of professionals in the industry performing similar services on projects of like size and complexity at this time in the region. No other representation, expressed or implied, and no warranty or guarantee is included or intended in this report.

The description of the proposed project is based on information provided to ECS by Vistablock Westmount, LLC. If any of this information is inaccurate, either due to our interpretation of the documents provided or if the site's design changed, ECS should be contacted immediately to review the report in light of the changes and provide additional or alternate recommendations as required to reflect the proposed construction.

We recommend that ECS review the project plans and specifications so we can confirm that those plans/specifications are in accordance with the recommendations of this geotechnical report.

Field observations, and quality assurance testing during earthwork and foundation installation are an extension of, and integral to, the geotechnical design. We recommend that ECS be retained to apply our expertise throughout the geotechnical phases of construction, and to provide consultation and recommendation should issues arise.

ECS is not responsible for the conclusions, opinions, or recommendations of others based on the data in this report.

APPENDIX A – Drawings & Reports

Site Location Diagram
Exploration Location Diagram
Geologic Map
Soil Survey Map
Karst Features Map
Carbonate Assessment Map





SITE LOCATION DIAGRAM CHIQUES CROSSING

3733 MOUNT JOY ROAD, MOUNT JOY, PA

VISTABLOCK WESTMOUNT, LLC

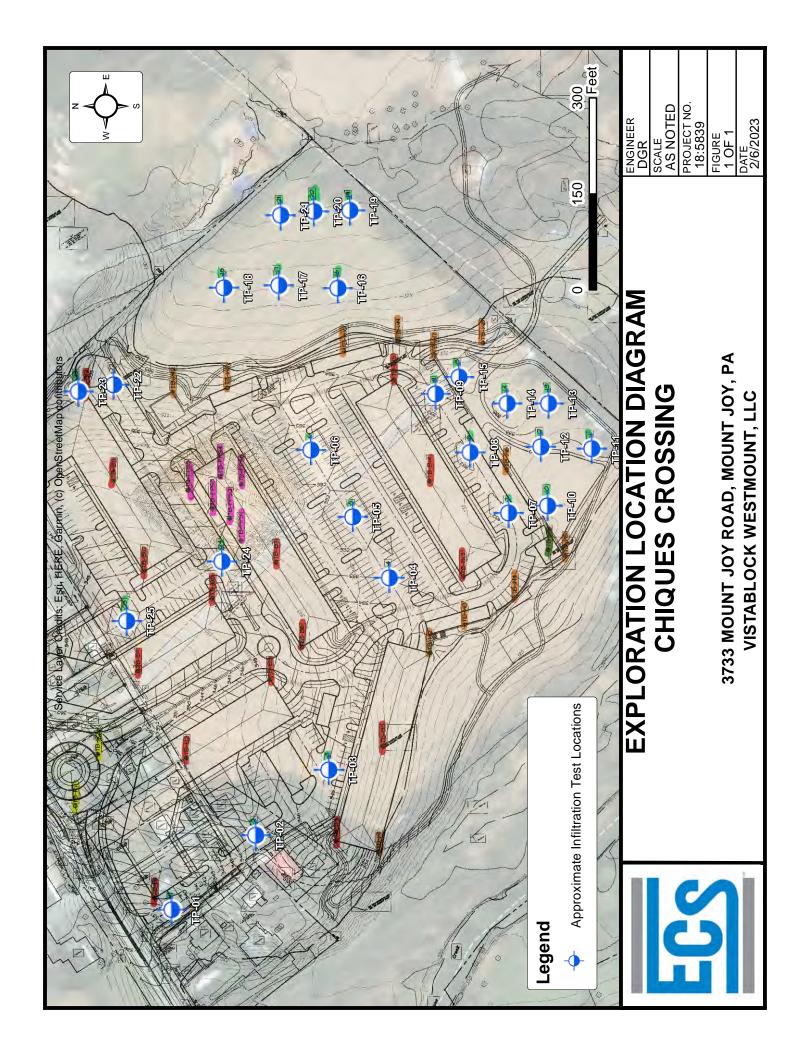
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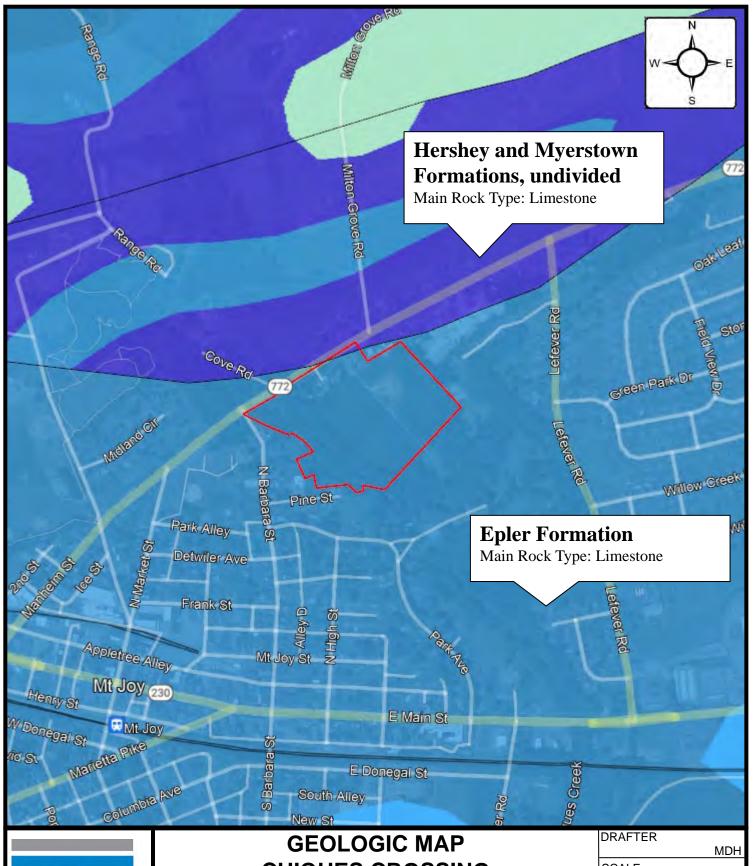
SCALE AS NOTED

PROJECT NO. 18:5839

FIGURE 1 OF 1

DATE 1/9/2023







CHIQUES CROSSING

3733 MOUNT JOY ROAD, MOUNT JOY, PA VISTABLOCK WESTMOUNT, LLC

DRAFIER	
	MDH
SCALE	
	NTS

PROJECT NO. 18:5839

DATE

SOURCE PA DCNR Geologic Map http://www.gis.dcnr.state.pa.us



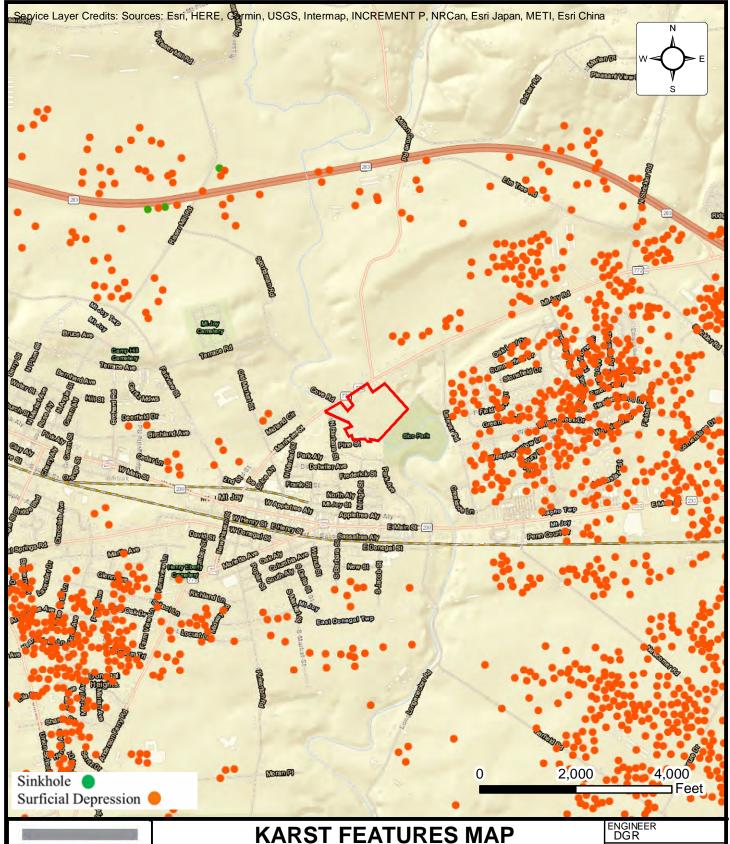


SOIL SURVEY MAP CHIQUES CROSSING

3733 MOUNT JOY ROAD, MOUNT JOY, PA VISTABLOCK WESTMOUNT, LLC

DRAFTER	
	MSD
SCALE	
	NTS
PROJECT NO.	
	18:5839
DATE	

1/9/2023
SOURCE Web Soil Survey
https://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov





CHIQUES CROSSING

3733 MOUNT JOY ROAD, MOUNT JOY, PA **VISTABLOCK WESTMOUNT, LLC**

ENGINEER DGR

SCALE AS NOTED

PROJECT NO. 18:5839

FIGURE 1 OF 1

DATE 1/9/2023





CARBONATE ASSESSMENT MAP CHIQUES CROSSING

3733 MOUNT JOY ROAD, MOUNT JOY, PA
VISTABLOCK WESTMOUNT, LLC

DRAFTER	RWB
SCALE	NTS
PROJECT NO.	18:5839
DATE	2/6/2023
SOURCE	Google Earth

APPENDIX B – Field Operations

Subsurface Exploration Procedure: Test Pit Excavation Test Pits TP-01 through TP-25 Infiltration Test Results Test Pit Photographs



SUBSURFACE EXPLORATION PROCEDURE: TEST PIT EXCAVATION

A test pit is an excavation of subsurface materials to characterize the composition and rippability/excavation efforts. Test pit exploration allows observation of the boundary relationships within a soil and rock profile and is useful to identify existing fill composition, disturbed material or the depth of soft sediments. Both track mounted excavators and backhoes are used in a variety of ground conditions allowing for difficult terrain to be accessed. The excavation process also provides access for in-situ and field testing and acquisition of samples for laboratory testing.

TEST PIT Procedure:

- Involves excavation subsurface material to observe composition and physical characteristics
- Recording the approximate depth of subsurface strata
- Excavation is continued as prescribed or to limits of equipment and subsurface conditions
- The exploration is typically carried out with an excavator or backhoe, with the depth dependent on machine size and ground





CLIEN Vistak		Westm	ount, LLC		PROJECT NO.: 18:5839		SHEE 1 of 1				
PROJE	CT N	IAME:			TEST PIT NO.:		SURFA	ACE ELEVATION:			
Chiqu SITE L		ossing			TP-01		337.5	itation:			·V
			oad, Mount Joy, Pennsylvania	, 17601			31, (11	WIOW.			
NORT	THIN	G:	287792.9		EASTING:		23186	573.7			
ОЕРТН (FT)	WATER LEVELS	ELEVATION (FT)	DESC	RIPTION OF MATERIA	NL		EXCAVATION EFFORT	DCP	QP (TSF)	SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
-		Topsoil Thickness[14.00"] (SP FILL) FILL SAND WITH GRAVEL gray and black moist									
- - - -	(SP FILL) FILL, SAND WITH GRAVEL, gray and black, moist contains ash, debris, brick, and deleterious materials, strong odor					ι,	E				
5-		333 - - -	(CL) LEAN CLAY, reddis	h brown, moist,	stiff, 5YR 5/8						
-		- - -					M		1.50	S-1	
-		_	BUCKE	T REFUSAL AT 8.	5 FT	_////					
-		-	BUCKE	I REFUSAL AI 6.	9 F I						
-		328 –									
10 -		-									
-		-									
_		_									
-		-									
-		-									
-		-									
-		-									
15		323 –									
REMA	DVC.										
Т	HE S	TRATIF	ICATION LINES REPRESENT						ISITION M.	AY BE GRAI	DUAL
					ASY M - MEDIUM D						
			ncountered) N/E	▼ WL (Seasona	al High)	CONTRACTO		OPERATOR:	MA	KE/MODE	L:
▼	WL	(Comp	letion)			SA Way & So Excavating		Tim	Bok	cat E32	
ECS R	EP.:		DATE COMP	LETED:		UNITS:		CAVE-IN-DEPTH	 :		
MSD			Jan 27 2023		TF6T 6:= : 6	English					
					TEST PIT LO	U					

	CLIENT: Vistablock Westmount, LLC				PROJECT NO.: 18:5839		SHEE 1 of 1	SHEET: L of 1			
PROJE	CT N	NAME:	•		TEST PIT NO.:		SURFA	CE ELEVATION:			
Chiqu SITE L		ossing			TP-02		336.0	STATION:			36
			oad, Mount Joy, Pennsylvania	, 17601			SIAIIC	STATION:			
NOR	THIN	G:	287661.6		EASTING:		23187	2318789.6			
ОЕРТН (FT)	WATER LEVELS	ELEVATION (FT)	DESC	RIPTION OF MATERIAI	F MATERIAL			DCP	QP (TSF)	SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
-		-	Topsoil Thickness[12.0	00"]							
-		-	(CL) LEAN CLAY, orangi 6/8, 7.5YR 5/8	ish brown, moist,	very stiff, 7.5YR		M		2.75		
-		-	(WR) WEATHERED LIM WITH CLAY, orangish b [Weathered LIMESTOR	rown and gray, m			D			S-1	
5-		331 -	BUCKE	T REFUSAL AT 5.0) FT	17,17,17,17					
-		-									
-		-									
-		-									
-		-	-								
10 -		326 -									
-		-	-								
-		-									
-		-									
15		-									
REMA	RKC.										
Т	HE S	TRATIF	ICATION LINES REPRESENT						ISITION N	1AY BE GRA	DUAL
	14.0	/5:		TION EFFORT: E - EA						ALCE /2 4 = =	
			incountered) N/E letion)	▼ WL (Seasona	ıı Hıgh)	CONTRACTOR SA Way & Son Excavating		OPERATOR:		AKE/MODE bcat E32	:L:
ECS R	EP.:		DATE COMP	LETED:		UNITS:		CAVE-IN-DEPTI	 ⊣:		
MSD			Jan 27 2023			English					
			<u> </u>		TEST PIT LC	G					

CLIEN Vistal		Westm	ount, LLC		OJECT NO.: :5839		SHEE 1 of 1				
		NAME:			ST PIT NO.: 2 -03		SURFA 343.0	CE ELEVATION:		E	10
SITE L				IP	-03			STATION:			N
			oad, Mount Joy, Pennsylvania		EASTING		224.00	04.7			
NOR	HIN	G: 	287547.9	E <i>P</i>	ASTING:		EXCAVATION EFFORT	91.7			
DЕРТН (FT)	WATER LEVELS	ELEVATION (FT)	DESC	RIPTION OF MATERIAL	TION OF MATERIAL				QP (TSF)	SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
			Topsoil Thickness[10.0	00"]							
-		-	(CL) LEAN CLAY, orangi 5/8, 5YR 5/8	ish brown, moist, ve	ery stiff, 10YR		М		3.25	- S-1 -	
		-	BUCKE	T REFUSAL AT 4.5 F	Т	_{////					
5 -		338 -									
REM/	\RKS.	<u> </u>									
Т	HE S	TRATIF		TION EFFORT: E - EASY	'M - MEDIUM D	- DIFFICULT \	/D - VERY [DIFFICULT			
			ncountered) N/E	▼ WL (Seasonal H		CONTRACTOR SA Way & Son		OPERATOR:		ake/mode	L:
		(Comp		LETER		Excavating	•	Tim		bcat E32	
ECS R	EP.:		DATE COMP	LE FED:		UNITS:		CAVE-IN-DEPTH	∃ :		
MSD			Jan 27 2023		TEST PIT LO	English G					

CLIEN Vistak		Westm	ount, LLC				SHEE 1 of 1	T:			
PROJE	CT N	NAME:		TES	ST PIT NO.:		SURFA	ACE ELEVATION:			
		rossing		TP-	-04		338.0	ON.		E	.6
SITE L 3733 N			oad, Mount Joy, Pennsylvania	, 17601			STATIO	۱۱۱.			
NORT			287453.5		STING:		23191	2319191.7			
ОЕРТН (FT)	WATER LEVELS	ELEVATION (FT)	DESC	RIPTION OF MATERIAL			EXCAVATION EFFORT	DCP	QP (TSF)	SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
-		- -	Topsoil Thickness[14.0 (CL) LEAN CLAY WITH S brown, moist, stiff to	SAND, orangish brow							
-		-	Brown, moist, sam to v	ery 3an, 7.3 m 370,	10111.370						
-		-					F		2.25	S-1	27.2
5-		333 -					E		1.75	- S-2	
-		-							1.73	3-2	
-		-									
-		-									
10 -		328 -	END C	F TEST PIT AT 10 FT		_////					
-		-									
-		-									
-		-									
- - -15		-									
REMA	DVC.	<u>.</u>									
Т	HE S	TRATIF	ICATION LINES REPRESENT						ISITION M.	AY BE GRA	DUAL
	144	/F: ::		TION EFFORT: E - EASY						WE / 1 = =	
		(First E (Comp	ncountered) N/E letion)	▼ WL (Seasonal Hi		CONTRACTO SA Way & So Excavating		OPERATOR:		AKE/MODE ocat E32	L:
ECS R	EP.:		DATE COMP	LETED:		JNITS:		CAVE-IN-DEPTI	H:		
MSD			Jan 27 2023		1	English					
			L		TEST PIT LO			ı			

CLIENT: Vistablock Westmount, LLC	PROJECT NO.: 18:5839		SHEET:	SHEET: 1 of 1			
PROJECT NAME:	TEST PIT NO.:			E ELEVATION:			
Chiques Crossing	TP-05		338.5			EC	.0
SITE LOCATION:	S		STATION	STATION:			
3733 Mount Joy Road, Mount Joy, Pennsylvania, 17601 NORTHING: 287510.2	EASTING:		2319286.9				
	1						Ę
WATER LEVELS ELEVATION (FT) ELEVATION (FT)	IAL		EXCAVATION EFFORT	DCP	QP (TSF)	SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
Topsoil Thickness[18.00"]							
(CL) LEAN CLAY WITH GRAVEL, orangis brown, moist, stiff, 5YR 5/8, 10YR 6/8		n					
		V////			1.25	S-1	
334 –		<i>\////</i>					
5		Y////	M				
		Y////			1 50	C 2	
		\///\			1.50	S-2	
		\///\					
		V///					
		V////					
329 –		Y////					
10 - END OF TEST PIT AT 1	0 FT	- / / / / /					
- -							
- -							
324							
15							
REMARKS:							
	TE DOUBLDBY LINES DE	TWEEN COURT	VDEC IN CI	THE TOAN	CITIONINA	AV DE CDAI	
THE STRATIFICATION LINES REPRESENT THE APPROXIMAT	E ROONDKY LINES BE				SITION M.	AY BE GKA	JUAL
	EVCANV VVEDITIVAD	DIEEICI II T VD					
□ ✓ WL (First Encountered) N/E □ ✓ WL (Season	EASY M - MEDIUM D					NVE / 1000 =	•
— /o 1 \	nal High)	CONTRACTOR:	OI	PERATOR:		AKE/MODE	L:
▼ WL (Completion)	nal High)	CONTRACTOR: SA Way & Son Excavating	Ol	PERATOR:	Bol	AKE/MODE	L:
▼ WL (Completion)ECS REP.: DATE COMPLETED:MSD Jan 27 2023	nal High)	CONTRACTOR: SA Way & Son	Ol	PERATOR:	Bol		L:

	CLIENT: Vistablock Westmount, LLC			PROJE 18:583	ECT NO.:		SHEET	SHEET: 1 of 1			
PROJE	CT N	IAME:	·, -	TEST P	PIT NO.:		SURFAC	E ELEVATION:		E	
		ossing		TP-06			334.0				.0
SITE L			oad, Mount Joy, Pennsylvania	17601			STATION	TATION:			_
NORT			287575.9	EASTI	ING:		231939	2319391.0			
							T.			~	F
DEPTH (FT)	WATER LEVELS	ELEVATION (FT)	DESC	RIPTION OF MATERIAL			EXCAVATION EFFORT	DCP	QP (TSF)	SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
-		Topsoil Thickness[12.00"] (CL) SANDY LEAN CLAY WITH GRAVEL, orangish brown, moist, very stiff, 5YR 6/8					E				
-		-							2.00	- S-1	
5-		329					М		3.25	- 5-2	
- - - - 10-		- - - - - 324 -									
- - -		- - -	END C	F TEST PIT AT 10 FT							
- - - - 15		-									
REMA			ICATION LINES REPRESENT						SITION M.	AY BE GRA	DUAL
			EXCAVA	TION EFFORT: E - EASY M	- MEDIUM D -	DIFFICULT VI	O - VERY DI	FFICULT	-		
			ncountered) N/E letion)	▼ WL (Seasonal High)	S	ONTRACTOR A Way & Son		PERATOR:		KE/MODE	L:
ECS R		(σσιτιρ	DATE COMP	LETED:		xcavating NITS:		:AVE-IN-DEPTH			
MSD			Jan 26 2023			nglish					
1				TE	ST PIT LOC	j .					

CLIEN Vistak		Westm	ount, LLC		PROJECT NO.: 18:5839		SHEE 1 of 1	ET:			
PROJE	CT N	IAME:	•		TEST PIT NO.:		SURFA	ACE ELEVATION:			
		ossing			TP-07		333.0			E	C
SITE L			oad, Mount Joy, Pennsylvania	. 17601	SIAII		SIAII	TION:			
NORT			287266.7	,	EASTING:		23192	.92.6			
DЕРТН (FT)	WATER LEVELS	ELEVATION (FT)	DESC	RIPTION OF MATERIA	ıL		EXCAVATION EFFORT	DCP	QP (TSF)	SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
DEP.	WATE	ELEVA	Tanasil This language [40, 6	OII)		K////////	EXCAVATI		QP	SAMPLE	MOISTUR)
-		-	Topsoil Thickness[18.0				E				
- - - -		- - - -	(CL) LEAN CLAY WITH (stiff, 5YR 6/8	GRAVEL, orangish	n brown, moist,				1.50	S-1	
5-		328 –					M				
-		-							1.50		
-		-									
_		_	BUCKE	T REFUSAL AT 8.9	5 FT						
10-		323 -									
-		-									
-		_									
-		-									
-15 -								1			
REMA			ICATION LINES REPRESENT	THE APPROYIMATE	ROLINDRY LINES R	FTWFFN SOU	TYPES INI	-SITU THE TRAN	ISITION M	ΔY BE GRΛ	
	IIL J	. IVA(III)			ASY M - MEDIUM D				IN IN INI	IN DE GINA	JUAL
	\\/\/	/First F	ncountered) N/E	WL (Seasona		CONTRACTO		OPERATOR:	N.4.A	KE/MODE	ı •
		(Comp		ı vv∟ (⊃easonă	ai i iigii <i>j</i>	SA Way & Soi Excavating		Tim		ocat E32	
ECS R	EP.:		DATE COMP	LETED:		UNITS:		CAVE-IN-DEPTH	H:		
RWB			Jan 24 2023			English					
					TEST PIT LC)G					

CLIENT: Vistablock Westmount, LLC		PROJECT NO.: 18:5839		SHEET: 1 of 1						
PROJECT NAME:		TEST PIT NO.:			ELEVATION:					
Chiques Crossing		TP-08		334.5				. C		
SITE LOCATION: 3733 Mount Joy Road, Moun	lov Pennsylvania 17601			STATION:				_		
NORTHING:	287326.3	EASTING:		2319387.	0					
(0)				ORT			ER	ENT		
DEPTH (FT) WATER LEVELS ELEVATION (FT)	description of materia	AL		EXCAVATION EFFORT	DCP	QP (TSF)	SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)		
Topsoil	Thickness[12.00"]			E						
	AN CLAY WITH GRAVEL, orangisl ff, 5YR 6/8, contains significant					2.00	S-1			
				D		2.00				
5 - 330 -										
BUCKET REFUSAL AT 5.5 FT										
- -										
325 –										
320 —										
15										
REMARKS:										
THE STRATIFICATION L	NES REPRESENT THE APPROXIMATE					SITION MA	AY BE GRA	DUAL		
✓ WL (First Encountere	EXCAVATION EFFORT: E - E d) N/E ▼ WL (Season		- DIFFICULI VD -		ERATOR:	IΛΛΔ	.KE/MODE	1:		
▼ WL (First Effective Reconstruction)	w. (Season	G. 1 11611/	SA Way & Son Excavating	Tir			ocat E32			
ECS REP.:	DATE COMPLETED:	UNITS:	CA	VE-IN-DEPTH	:					
RWB	Jan 24 2023	TEST PIT LO	English							

CLIEN Vistak		Westm	ount, LLC	PROJECT NO.: 18:5839		SHEET 1 of 1	:				
		IAME:	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	TEST PIT NO.:		SURFAC	E ELEVATION:				
		ossing		TP-09		335.0			E(.0	
SITE L			oad, Mount Joy, Pennsylvania	17601		STATIO	N:				
NORT			287380.6	EASTING:		231947	8.5				
										Ŀ	
ОЕРТН (FT)	WATER LEVELS	ELEVATION (FT)	DESC	RIPTION OF MATERIAL		EXCAVATION EFFORT	DCP	QP (TSF)	SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	
-		-	Topsoil Thickness[12.0	00"]		E					
- - - -		- - - -	(CL) LEAN CLAY WITH (stiff, 5YR 6/8, contains	GRAVEL, orangish brown, moist, boulders and cobbles				1.50	- 5-1		
5-		330 -				М		1 50			
-											
-		- - -									
_			BUCKI	ET REFUSAL AT 9 FT							
10 -		325									
-		- -									
15											
REMA			ICATION LINES REPRESENT	THE APPROXIMATE BOUNDRY LINES E	BETWEEN SOIL	TYPES. IN-S	ITU THE TRAN	ISITION M.	AY BE GRA	DUAL	
			EXCAVA	TION EFFORT: E - EASY M - MEDIUM [O - DIFFICULT V	D - VERY DI	FFICULT				
∇	WL	(First E	ncountered) N/E	☑ WL (Seasonal High)	CONTRACTOR	R: C	PERATOR:	MA	AKE/MODE	L:	
_		(Comp	letion)		SA Way & Son Excavating		īm		ocat E32		
ECS R	EP.:		DATE COMP	LETED:	UNITS:	C	AVE-IN-DEPTH	H:			
RWB			Jan 24 2023	TECT DIT !	English						
1				TEST PIT LO	טע						

CLIEN Vistal		Westm	ount, LLC	PROJECT NC 18:5839).:	SHEE 1 of 1	T:			
PROJE	CT N	NAME:		TEST PIT NO	.:	SURFA	CE ELEVATION:		E	
SITE L		rossing TION:		TP-10		332.0 STATIC	DN:			N
3733 I	Mour	nt Joy R	oad, Mount Joy, Pennsylvania							
NOR	THIN T	G:	287205.5	EASTING:		23193	04.0			
ОЕРТН (FT)	WATER LEVELS	ELEVATION (FT)	DESC	RIPTION OF MATERIAL		EXCAVATION EFFORT	DCP	QP (TSF)	SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
-		-	Topsoil Thickness[18.0	0"]		E				
5-		327 -	(CL) LEAN CLAY WITH (very stiff, 5YR 6/8	GRAVEL, orangish brown, mo	pist,	M		2.00	S-1	
-		-			\////					
-		-	BUCKI	ET REFUSAL AT 9 FT	////	1				
10-		322 -								
15										
REMA	NRKC.	<u> </u>								
				THE APPROXIMATE BOUNDRY L TION EFFORT: E - EASY M - MED				ISITION M.	AY BE GRA	DUAL
∇	WL	(First F	incountered) N/E	▼ WL (Seasonal High)	CONTRACTO		OPERATOR:	MA	KE/MODE	L:
-		(Comp		,	SA Way & So Excavating		Tim		ocat E32	
ECS R	EP.:		DATE COMP	LETED:	UNITS:		CAVE-IN-DEPTH	H:		
RWB			Jan 24 2023		English					
				TEST P	IT LOG					

CLIENT:	PROJECT NO.:		SHEET: 1 of 1					
Vistablock Westmount, LLC	18:5839			.= =, =, . : = : =				
PROJECT NAME:	TEST PIT NO.:		I	E ELEVATION:				
Chiques Crossing	TP-11		332.0	11.				
SITE LOCATION: 3733 Mount Joy Road, Mount Joy, Pennsylvania, 17601			STATION	V:				
NORTHING: 287136.6	EASTING:		231939	3.5				
	1						=	
			EXCAVATION EFFORT			SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	
DEPTH (FT) MATER LEVELS ELECATION (FT) DEPTH (FT)			Z Z	۵	QP (TSF)	ΔΩ	00 (
DESCRIPTION OF MATERIA	AL		VI IO	DCP		LE P	JRE C (%)	
O WA DI			CAV.			AM	JIST	
			Ä			N.	M	
Topsoil Thickness[12.00"]								
			E					
(CL) SANDY LEAN CLAY WITH GRAVEL,		V////			1.50	C 1		
moist, stiff, 5YR 6/8, contains boulders	and cobbles	V///X			1.50	S-1		
		- V///X						
		V////	M					
		- V///X						
		V///X			1.50			
		- V////						
		V////	D					
5 - 327 -		V////	_					
BUCKET REFUSAL AT 5.	.5 FT							
10 - 322 -								
1 1								
15								
REMARKS:								
THE CTRATIFICATION WAS DEPOSITED TO THE COMMENT OF	E DOLING SVI · · · · = ·	ETIMES ::	T/DE2 :::	UTILITY 5 == :	IOIT OF T	W 55	Diliti	
THE STRATIFICATION LINES REPRESENT THE APPROXIMATION					ISITION M	AY BE GRA	DUAL	
EXCAVATION EFFORT: E - E								
	nal High)	CONTRACTOR	: C	PERATOR:	M	ake/mode	L:	
▼ WL (Completion)		SA Way & Son Excavating	1	īim	Во	bcat E32		
ECS REP.: DATE COMPLETED:		UNITS:	c	AVE-IN-DEPTH	-			
RWB Jan 24 2023		English						
1	TEST PIT LC							

CLIEN		Mostra	ount, LLC	PROJECT NO	.:	SHEET	:			
		Westm IAME:		18:5839 TEST PIT NO	<u>.</u> :	1 of 1 SURFAC	E ELEVATION:			
Chiqu	es Cr	ossing		TP-12		332.0			E([0
SITE L					-	STATIO	N:			
3733 N			oad, Mount Joy, Pennsylvania 287216.6	, 17601 EASTING:		231939	6.1			
140111		J.	25,210.0	LASTING.			<u>-</u>			<u> </u>
ОЕРТН (FT)	WATER LEVELS	ELEVATION (FT)	DESC	RIPTION OF MATERIAL		EXCAVATION EFFORT	DCP	QP (TSF)	SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
- - -		- - - -	(CL) LEAN CLAY WITH 5 5YR 6/8, contains bou	SAND, orangish brown, mois	t, stiff,	E				
- - 5-		327 –						1.00	- S-1	23.7
-		-				M		1.00		
- - - 10-		- - - 322-								
-		-	END C	F TEST PIT AT 10 FT						
15										
REMA				THE APPROXIMATE BOUNDRY LI TION EFFORT: E - EASY M - MED				ISITION MA	AY BE GRA	DUAL
\Box	WI	(First F	ncountered) N/E	▼ WL (Seasonal High)	CONTRACTO		PERATOR:	MA	KE/MODE	L:
			letion)	(20000	SA Way & Sor Excavating	,	im		ocat E32	••
ECS R	EP.:		DATE COMP	LETED:	UNITS:	С	AVE-IN-DEPTH	H:		
RWB			Jan 24 2023		English					
				TEST P	IT LOG					

CLIEN		Most-	ount, LLC	PROJECT NO.: 18:5839		SHEET 1 of 1	:			
		westm IAME:	ount, LLC	TEST PIT NO.:			E ELEVATION:			
		ossing		TP-13		333.0				.0
SITE L				47504		STATIO	N:			23
NORT			pad, Mount Joy, Pennsylvania 287204.1	, 17601 EASTING:		231946	3.8			
				1						ļ_
DEPTH (FT)	WATER LEVELS	ELEVATION (FT)	DESC	RIPTION OF MATERIAL		EXCAVATION EFFORT	DCP	QP (TSF)	SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
-		- - - -		50"] SAND, orangish brown, moist, sti ificant boulders and cobbles	ff,	E		1.50	S-1	
5-	1.50									
10-		323 - - - - - -								
15 - - - - - - - - -										
REMA				THE APPROXIMATE BOUNDRY LINES TION EFFORT: E - EASY M - MEDIUM				ISITION M.	AY BE GRA	DUAL
∇	W/I	(First F	ncountered) N/E	▼ WL (Seasonal High)	CONTRACTOR		PERATOR:	NAA	KE/MODE	l :
			letion)	- WE (SCASSITATING!!)	SA Way & Son Excavating		FINATON.		ocat E32	
ECS R	EP.:		DATE COMP	LETED:	UNITS:	C	AVE-IN-DEPTH			
RWB			Jan 24 2023		English					
1				TEST PIT L	UG					

CLIEN Vistal		Westm	ount, LLC	PROJE 18:583	ECT NO.:		SHEE 1 of 1	ET:			
PROJE	CT N	NAME:		TEST I	PIT NO.:		SURFA	ACE ELEVATION:			
SITE L		rossing TION:		TP-14	•		334.0 STATIO				N
3733 I	Mour	nt Joy R	oad, Mount Joy, Pennsylvania								
NOR	THIN T	G: T	287269.1	EAST	ING:		23194	163.6		4	Ι. Ι
ОЕРТН (FT)	WATER LEVELS	ELEVATION (FT)	DESC	RIPTION OF MATERIAL			EXCAVATION EFFORT	DCP	QP (TSF)	SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
-		-	Topsoil Thickness[10.0	00"]			E				
5-		329 -	(CL) LEAN CLAY WITH stiff, 5YR 6/8, contains			D		1.00	S-1		
10 - 324											
15											
REMA			ICATION LINES REPRESENT	THE APPROXIMATE BOUN TION EFFORT: E - EASY M					ISITION M	IAY BE GRA	DUAL
\Box	\\/\I	(First =	Incountered) N/E	WL (Seasonal High		ONTRACTO		OPERATOR:	N 4	AKE/MODE	T •
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EXCAVATION EFFORT: E - EASY M - MEDIUM D - DIFFICULT VD - VERY DIFFICULT VL (First Encountered) 9.00 VL (Seasonal High) CONTRACTOR: SA Way & Son Excavating Tim Bobcat E32 VNL (Completion) ECS REP.: DATE COMPLETED: UNITS: English CAVE-IN-DEPTH: English													
EXCAVATION EFFORT: E - EASY M - MEDIUM D - DIFFICULT VD - VERY DIFFICULT VL (First Encountered) 9.00 VL (Seasonal High) CONTRACTOR: SA Way & Son Excavating Tim Bobcat E32 VNL (Completion) ECS REP.: DATE COMPLETED: UNITS: English CAVE-IN-DEPTH: English													
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WL (First Encountered) 9.00 WL (Seasonal High) CONTRACTOR: SA Way & Son Excavating ECS REP: DATE COMPLETED: UNITS: English CONTRACTOR: SA Way & Son Excavating Tim Bobcat E32 CAVE-IN-DEPTH:	, .			20									
SA Way & Son Excavating ECS REP.: DATE COMPLETED: Jan 25 2023 DATE COMPLETED: DATE COMPLETED: English DATE COMPLETED: English DATE COMPLETED: English DATE COMPLETED: English	∇	WL	(First F	ncountered)							M	AKE/MODF	
ECS REP.: DATE COMPLETED: UNITS: CAVE-IN-DEPTH: RWB Jan 25 2023 English	SA Way & Son												
RWB Jan 25 2023 English													
	-						TEST PIT LC						

CLIEN						PROJECT NO.:	SHEET: 1 of 1					
			ount, LLC			18:5839		1 of 1	OF 51 51 // =: -			
		NAME:				TEST PIT NO.:		l l	CE ELEVATION	:	E	10
		rossing TION:				TP-18		324.0 STATIC	NI.			, <u>V</u>
			oad, Mount Joy	. Pennsylvania	. 17601			STATIC	JIV.			
NOR				287711.1	, 17001	EASTING:		23196	44.9			
ОЕРТН (FT)	WATER LEVELS	ELEVATION (FT)		DESC	RIPTION OF MATERIA	NL		EXCAVATION EFFORT	DCP	QP (TSF)	SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
		_	Topsoil Th	ickness[10.0	00"]			E				
-		- - -	(CL) LEAN 4/6	CLAY WITH	GRAVEL, brown,	moist, stiff, 7.5YR		М		1.00	- S-1	
5-	▼ ×	319	(GC) CLAYI to wet, 5Y		WITH SAND, oran	gish brown, mois		D			S-2	
-		-		END C	F TEST PIT AT 8.5	5 FT	1 5 5 1 5 6					
-		-										
10-		314 -										
-	-	- - - -										
15												
REMA			I ICATION LINES			E BOUNDRY LINES B ASY M - MEDIUM D				NSITION M	1AY BE GRA	ADUAL
	\^/'	/Fi+ F	n n n n 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		▼ WL (Season:						A	
✓ WL (First Encountered) 7.50✓ WL (Season✓ WL (Completion)6.50						aı ⊓ıg(I)	CONTRACTO SA Way & Soi Excavating		OPERATOR:		AKE/MODI	EL;
ECS REP.: DATE COMPLETED:							UNITS:		CAVE-IN-DEPT	H:		
RWB				Jan 25 2023		TPOT 5: 1	English					
						TEST PIT LO	<u>G</u>					

CLIENT: PROJECT NO.: Vistablock Westmount, LLC 18:5839									SHEET:			
Vistab PROJE			ount, LLC					1 of 1	CE ELEVATION.			
Chiqu						TEST PIT NO.: TP-19		321.0	CE ELEVATION:		L	
SITE L						11-13		STATIC)N·			
			oad, Mount Joy	, Pennsylvania,	, 17601			3171110				
NORT				287514.8		EASTING:		23197	65.5			
ОЕРТН (FT)	WATER LEVELS	ELEVATION (FT)		DESCI	RIPTION OF MATERIA	L		EXCAVATION EFFORT	DCP	QP (TSF)	SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
-		-	Topsoil Thi	ckness[12.0	0"]			E				
- - - -		- - - -	moist, stiff	, 5YR 6/8	WITH GRAVEL, o		M		1.00	S-1		
5 — - -	▼	- 316 – - -	(GC) CLAYE	R 5/8	VITH SAND, oran							
-		-										
10		311										
15												
	DVC											
REMA			ICATION LINES			BOUNDRY LINES B ASY M - MEDIUM D				ISITION M	AY BE GRA	DUAL
	\\/! /	/Eirct C	ncountarad)	ı	▼ WL (Seasona				OPERATOR:		AKE/MODE	1.
✓ WL (First Encountered) 6.00✓ WL (Seasonal I✓ WL (Completion)4.50					וואורו וו	CONTRACTO SA Way & So Excavating		Tim		ocat E32	L.	
ECS REP.: DATE COMPLETED:							UNITS:		CAVE-IN-DEPTI	H:		
RWB				Jan 25 2023			English					
						TEST PIT LO	G					

CLIENT:						PROJECT NO.: SHEI			T:			
Vistablock Westmount, LLC						18:5839 1 of 1 TEST PIT NO.: SURFA			ACE ELEVATION:			
PROJECT NAME: Chiques Crossing						TP-20				:	E	
SITE L						17-20		STATIC	JVI:			
			oad, Mount Joy,	, Pennsylvania,	17601			317(11)	514.			
NORT				287571.5		EASTING:		23197	63.9			
ОЕРТН (FT)	WATER LEVELS	ELEVATION (FT)		DESCI	RIPTION OF MATERIA	L		EXCAVATION EFFORT	DCP	QP (TSF)	SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
_		-	Topsoil Thi	ckness[12.0	0"]			E				
- - -		- - - -	(CL) LEAN CLAY WITH GRAVEL, brown, moist, stiff, 7.5							1.00	- 5-1	
5-	(GC) CLAYEY GRAVE to wet, 5YR 5/8				VITH SAND, oran	gish brown, mois		М				
_		_		END C	OF TEST PIT AT 8 I	FT	0/0~/0					
-		-										
10-		311										
-		-										
- - - 15												
15												
REMA			ICATION LINES	REPRESENT ⁻	THE APPROXIMATE	BOUNDRY LINES B	ETWEEN SOI	L TYPES. IN	-SITU THE TRAN	ISITION M	AY BE GRA	DUAL
						ASY M - MEDIUM D						
\Box	WL ((First E	ncountered)		▼ WL (Seasona		CONTRACTO		OPERATOR:	MA	AKE/MODE	L:
•	WL ((Compl	letion)	4.50			SA Way & So Excavating	n	Tim	Bol	ocat E32	
ECS RI	ΕP.:			DATE COMPL	ETED:		UNITS:		CAVE-IN-DEPTI	H:		
RWB Jan 25 2023 English TEST PIT LOG												
						ILSI PII LU	U					

CLIEN						PROJECT NO.:			SHEET:			
Vistablock Westmount, LLC						18:5839		1 of 1				
PROJECT NAME:						TEST PIT NO.:			CE ELEVATION	:		
	Chiques Crossing SITE LOCATION:					TP-21		321.0			L(-
			oad, Mount Joy	Donneylyania	17601			STATIO	N:			
NOR				287623.0	, 17001	EASTING:		231975	57.9			
						•		T			~	F
	ELS	Œ						EXCAVATION EFFORT			SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
DЕРТН (FT)	WATER LEVELS	ELEVATION (FT)		DESC	RIPTION OF MATERIA	NI.		N E	DCP	QP (TSF)	l S	RE CO (%)
EPT	TER	VATI		DESC	RIPTION OF WATERIA	AL .		ATIC	ă	QP (PLE	URE (%
	WA	ELE						Č.			AM	TSIC
								<u> </u>			σ,	Š
		_	Topsoil Th	ckness[16.0	00"]							
_		_						E		1.00	S-1	
		_	(CL) LEAN	CLAY WITH	SAND. brown. me	oist, stiff, 7.5YR 4/6	5 ////					
-		-	(- /		, ,	,	*					
-		-					- {////					
-		-					- [////]			1.00		
-		-				\/// <i>/</i>						
-		_	(GC) CLAYI	EY GRAVEL \	WITH SAND, oran	gish brown, moist	199.29					
-		-	to wet, 5Y		,	,	1999					
5-	•	316 –					7,7					
-		-					7,73	М				
-		_					72.2					
-		-					7.2					
-		_					7.5					
-		-										
-		-										
-		-					7.5					
-		-										
40		-										
10-		311 –		END C	OF TEST PIT AT 10	FT	~/ 4 <u>%</u> /4					
-		-										
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-		_										
		_										
_		_										
		-										
15												
REM/	I ARKS:		<u> </u>						1			1
Т	HE S	TRATIF	CATION LINES			BOUNDRY LINES BE				NSITION N	1AY BE GRA	ADUAL
					1	ASY M - MEDIUM D -	· DIFFICULT \	/D - VERY D	IFFICULT	1		
∇	WL	(First E	ncountered)	6.00	▼ WL (Season		CONTRACTO		OPERATOR:	M	AKE/MODE	EL:
▼	WL	(Comp	letion)	5.00			SA Way & Sor Excavating	l 	Tim	Вс	bcat E32	
ECS R	EP.:			DATE COMP	LETED:		JNITS:		CAVE-IN-DEPT	H:		
RWB				Jan 25 2023			English					
						TEST PIT LO	G					

CLIENT: Vistablock Westmount, LLC					PROJECT NO.: 18:5839		ET:				
PROJE	PROJECT NAME: TEST PIT NO.				TEST PIT NO.:			ACE ELEVATION:		EC	
					TP-22		332.0				C
	SITE LOCATION: 3733 Mount Joy Road, Mount Joy, Pennsylvania, 17601						SIAII	STATION:			
NORT			287883.8	•	EASTING:		23194	193.2			
DЕРТН (FT)	WATER LEVELS	ELEVATION (FT)	DESC	RIPTION OF MATERIA	ıL		EXCAVATION EFFORT	DCP	QP (TSF)	SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
-		-	Topsoil Thickness[24.0				E				
5-		327 -	(CL) LEAN CLAY WITH	SAND, brown, mo	oist, stiff, 7.5YR 4/	/6	М		1.25	— S-1 —	
10		322	END C	OF TEST PIT AT 10	FT						
REMA			ICATION LINES REPRESENT EXCAVA	THE APPROXIMATE TION EFFORT: E - EA					NSITION M	AY BE GRA	DUAL
∇	WL	(First E	ncountered) N/E	▼ WL (Seasona		CONTRACTO		OPERATOR:	MA	AKE/MODE	 L:
			letion)			SA Way & Sor Excavating		Tim		bcat E32	
ECS REP.: DATE COMPLETED: UNITS: CAVE-IN-DEPTH:											
MSD Jan 26 2023 English											
	TEST PIT LOG										

					PROJECT NO.: 18:5839	SHEET: 1 of 1					
				TEST PIT NO.:			ACE ELEVATION:				
Chiques Crossing TP-23					TP-23		336.0				.0
	SITE LOCATION: 3733 Mount Joy Road, Mount Joy, Pennsylvania, 17601						STATIO	ON:			
NOR			287938.9	, 17001	EASTING:		23194	82.6			
							EXCAVATION EFFORT			~	F
ОЕРТН (FT)	WATER LEVELS	ELEVATION (FT)	DESC	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL				DCP	QP (TSF)	SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
-		-	Topsoil Thickness[11.0	00"]			E				
-		-	(CL) LEAN CLAY, orang	ish brown, moist,	very stiff, 5YR 6/	8	М		3.00	- 5-1	
5-		331 -	BUCK	ET REFUSAL AT 5	FT						
-		-									
-	-	-									
10		326 -									
10-		-									
-		-									
-		-									
-		-									
15											
REMA			ICATION LINES REPRESENT	ΤΗ Ε ΔΡ ΦΡΩΎΙΝΑΛΤΕ	ROLINDRY LINES D	FTWFEN SOU	TYPEC INI	SITII THE TRAN	ISITION M	ΔY RE GRA	DUAL
	1 IL 3	INAIIE		TION EFFORT: E - EA					ADITION IVI	AII DE GINA	DUAL
\Box	\\/\	/Eirct 5	Incountered) N/E	WL (Seasona		CONTRACTOR		OPERATOR:	N.4.	AKE/MODE	I •
			letion)	wr (seasona	וואַורו וג.	SA Way & Son Excavating		Tim		bcat E32	L.
ECS REP.: DATE COMPLETED: UNITS: CAVE-IN-DEPTH:											
MSD Jan 26 2023 English											
					TEST PIT LC)G					

Vistablock Westmount, LLC 185839	CLIEN		Westm	ount IIC	PROJECT NO.: 18:5839		SHEET: 1 of 1				
STILL ECKALINE STATUS S	_										
1933 Month for Road, Mount top Renesylvania, 17601 NORTHINE:					TP-24						<u>.</u> 0
DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL 10				and Mount lov Demandrenia	17601		STATIO	N:			
DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL 10							2319217.2				
Topsoil Thickness[12.00"] (CL PROBABLE FILL) PROBABLE FILL, LEAN CLAY WITH GRAVEL, orangish brown, moist, very stiff, 5YR 5/8 3.00 — 5-1 10 — 339 — END OF TEST PIT AT 10 FT END OF TEST PIT AT 10 FT THE STRATIFICATION LINES REPRESENT THE APPROXIMATE BOUNDRY LINES BETWEEN SOIL TYPES, IN-STITUTHE TRANSITION MAY BE GRADUAL EXCAVATION EFFORT: E - EASY M - MEDIUM D - DIFFICULT VD - VERY DIFFICULT W (First Encountered) M/E					1					~	F
(CL) PROBABLE FILL) PROBABLE FILL, LEAN CLAY WITH GRAVEL, orangish brown, moist, very stiff, 5YR 5/8 3.00 — 5-1 10 — 3339 — END OF TEST PIT AT 10 FT THE STRATIFICATION LINES REPRESENT THE APPROXIMATE BOUNDRY LINES BETWEEN SOIL TYPES. IN-SITU THE TRANSITION MAY BE GRADUAL EXCAVATION EFFORT. E EASY M MEDIUM D DIFFICULT VD VERY DIFFICULT W. W.L. (First Encountered) N/E — Y. W.L. (Seasonal High) — SA Way & Son Excavating EXC REP: DATE COMPLETED: UNITS: GAVE-IN-DEPTH: MSD	DEPTH (FT)	WATER LEVELS	ELEVATION (FT)	DESC	RIPTION OF MATERIAL		EXCAVATION EFFOR	DCP	QP (TSF)	SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTEN
CLI PROBABLE FILL) PROBABLE FILL, LEAN CLAY WITH GRAVEL, orangish brown, moist, very stiff, 5VR 5/8 3.00 — 5-1 10 — 339 — END OF TEST PIT AT 40 FT THE STRATIFICATION LINES REPRESENT THE APPROXIMATE BOUNDRY LINES BETWEEN SOIL TYPES. IN-SITU THE TRANSITION MAY BE GRADUAL EXCAVATION EFFORT E - EASY M - MEDIUM D - DIFFICULT VD - VERY DIFFICULT WL (First Encountered) N/E				Topsoil Thickness[12.0	00"]		F				
10 339 END OF TEST PIT AT 10 FT END OF TEST PIT AT 10 FT THE STRATIFICATION LINES REPRESENT THE APPROXIMATE BOUNDRY LINES BETWEEN SOIL TYPES, IN-SITU THE TRANSITION MAY BE GRADUAL EXCAVATION EFFORT: E - EASY M - MEDIUM D - DIFFICULT VD - VERY DIFFICULT W. (First Encountered) N/E Y W. (Seasonal High) CONTRACTOR: SA Way & Son Fix Way &	- - - -		- - - -	, ,	•		E		3.00	- 5-1	
THE STRATIFICATION LINES REPRESENT THE APPROXIMATE BOUNDRY LINES BETWEEN SOIL TYPES. IN-SITU THE TRANSITION MAY BE GRADUAL EXCAVATION EFFORT: E - EASY M - MEDIUM D - DIFFICULT VD - VERY DIFFICULT WL (First Encountered) N/E WL (Completion) ECS REP: DATE COMPLETED: UNITS: CAVE-IN-DEPTH: BODGE 1911 AT 10071 CONTRACTOR: Packayating Bobcat E32 CAVE-IN-DEPTH:	- - - -		- - - - -		SAND, orangish brown, moist,	very	D		2.25	- 5-2	
THE STRATIFICATION LINES REPRESENT THE APPROXIMATE BOUNDRY LINES BETWEEN SOIL TYPES. IN-SITU THE TRANSITION MAY BE GRADUAL EXCAVATION EFFORT: E - EASY M - MEDIUM D - DIFFICULT VD - VERY DIFFICULT WL (First Encountered) N/E WL (Seasonal High) CONTRACTOR: OPERATOR: MAKE/MODEL: MSD DATE COMPLETED: UNITS: CAVE-IN-DEPTH: English	- - - - -		- - - - - - -	END O	F TEST PIT AT 10 FT						
THE STRATIFICATION LINES REPRESENT THE APPROXIMATE BOUNDRY LINES BETWEEN SOIL TYPES. IN-SITU THE TRANSITION MAY BE GRADUAL EXCAVATION EFFORT: E - EASY M - MEDIUM D - DIFFICULT VD - VERY DIFFICULT WL (First Encountered) N/E WL (Seasonal High) CONTRACTOR: SA Way & Son Excavating Fin Bobcat E32 ECS REP.: MSD DATE COMPLETED: UNITS: CAVE-IN-DEPTH:											
▼ WL (Completion) SA Way & Son Excavating Tim Bobcat E32 ECS REP.: DATE COMPLETED: UNITS: CAVE-IN-DEPTH: MSD Jan 26 2023 English	TI	HE S	TRATIF	EXCAVA	TION EFFORT: E - EASY M - MEDIU	M D - DIFFICULT	VD - VERY D	IFFICULT			
ECS REP.: DATE COMPLETED: UNITS: CAVE-IN-DEPTH: MSD Jan 26 2023 English								OPERATOR:	MA	AKE/MODE	L:
MSD Jan 26 2023 English	_		(Comp		LETED	Excavating				bcat E32	
	MSD			Jan 26 2023	TECT DIT	_					

CLIENT: Vistablock Westmount, LLC					PROJECT NO.: SHEE 18:5839 1 of 1			ET:			
PROJE	PROJECT NAME: TEST PIT NO				TEST PIT NO.:		SURFA	ACE ELEVATION:	:		
Chiques Crossing TP-25				TP-25		349.0			EC	.6	
	SITE LOCATION: 3733 Mount Joy Road, Mount Joy, Pennsylvania, 17601						STATION:				
NORT			287863.6	•	EASTING:		2319124.3				
DЕРТН (FT)	WATER LEVELS	ELEVATION (FT)	DESC	RIPTION OF MATERIA	ıL		EXCAVATION EFFORT	DCP	QP (TSF)	SAMPLE NUMBER	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)
-		-	Topsoil Thickness[26.0		THE EVEN CO	9	E				
- - -		-	(CL) LEAN CLAY, orangi	sh brown, moist,	, very stiff, 54R 6/	8			2.25	- S-1	21.1
5-	-	344 -					D				
-	-	-									
10 -		339 -	END O	OF TEST PIT AT 10	FT	_////					
-		-	-								
-		-									
-	-	-									
15		-									
REMA	L ARKS:										
T	UE C	TD ATIF	ICATION LINES REPRESENT	THE ADDROVINANT	DOLINDBY LINES D	ETWEEN CO.	TVDEC IN	CITI I THE TO A A	ICITIONI N	AV DE CDA	DUAL
	nt 2	IKAHE			ASY M - MEDIUM D				M MUITIER	AT BE GKA	DUAL
$\overline{\nabla}$	\\/\	/Firct =	Incountered) N/E	WL (Seasona		CONTRACTO		OPERATOR:	N.A.	AKE/MODE	1.
			letion)	vvl (seasons	ai i i i i gi i j	SA Way & Sor Excavating		Tim		bcat E32	
ECS REP.: DATE COMPLETED: UNITS: CAVE-IN-DEPTH:											
MSD Jan 26 2023 English											
					TEST PIT LC)G					

Double Ring Infiltration Test Results Chiques Crossing ECS Project No. 18:5839

1/27/2023	TP-05	4.0	Time Reading	11:04 6.00	11:34 0.00	12:04 0.00	12:04 6.00	30 min	12:34 0.00	13:04 0.00	13:34 0.00	14:04 0.00					9.00	6.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00
1/27/2023	TP-04	0.9	Reading	6.00	0.00	0.00	6.00	30 min 30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00					9.00	00.9	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00
1/27	F)	Time	11:05	11:35	12:05	12:05	30	12:35	13:05	13:35	14:05					9	9	0	0	0	2	0
1/27/2023	TP-04	4.0	Reading	00.9	0.75	0.50	00.9		0.25	0.25	0.38	0.25					00.9	00.9	0.25	0.28	0.57	2.00	0.28
1/27	±L	7	Time	11:05	11:35	12:05	12:05	30 min	12:35	13:05	13:35	14:05					9	9	0	0	0	2	0
1/27/2023	TP-03	2.5	Reading	00'9	1.25	1.00	00.9		0.75	1.00	0.75	1.00					00.9	00.9	1.00	0.88	1.75	2.00	0.88
1/27	IL.	,	Time	11:06	11:36	12:06	12:06	30 min	12:36	13:06	13:36	14:06					9	9	τ	0	T	2	0
1/27/2023	TP-02	3.0	Reading	00.9	00.9	4.00	00.9		1.75	1.63	1.50	1.50					00'9	00.9	1.50	1.60	9.57	2.00	4.79
1/27	Ė	,	Time	11:08	11:38	12:08	12:08	10 min	12:18	12:28	12:38	12:48					9	9	1	1	6	2	4
1/27/2023	TP-01	0.9	Reading	9.00	1.00	1.00	00.9	30 min	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00					00'9	00.9	0.00	0.03	90.0	2.00	0.03
1/27	dl	9	Time	11:08	11:38	12:08	12:08	08	12:38	13:08	13:38	14:08					9	9	0	0	0	2.	Ó
Date Tested:	Field Data	Test Depth (ft)		Presoak Start/Water Depth (in)	Presoak 30 Min (in)	Presoak 60 Min (in)	START TEST (in)	Reading Interval	Reading # 1 (in)	Reading # 2 (in)	Reading # 3 (in)	Reading # 4 (in)	Reading # 5 (in)	Reading # 6 (in)	Reading # 7 (in)	Reading # 8 (in)	O.D. of Double Ring Infiltrometer (in)	Initial Water Depth (in)	Final Water Level Drop (in)	Average Reading (in)	Infiltration Rate (in/hr)	Safety Factor	Corrected Infiltration Rate (in/hr)

Notes: 1. Infiltrometer refilled to water depth of 6 inches (inner and outer ring) after each reading.

Double Ring Infiltration Test Results Chiques Crossing ECS Project No. 18:5839

1/26/2023 1/26/2023
4.0 6.0
Time Reading Time Reading
11:19 6.00 11:19
11:49 0.00 11:49
12:19 0.00 12:19
12:19 6.00 12:19
30 min 30 min
12:49 0.00 12:49
13:19 0.00 13:19
13:49 0.00 13:49
14:19 0.00 14:19
9.00
00.9
0.00
0.00
0.00
2.00
0.00

Notes: 1. Infiltrometer refilled to water depth of 6 inches (inner and outer ring) after each reading.

Double Ring Infiltration Test Results Chiques Crossing ECS Project No. 18:5839

Date Tested:		1/24/2023	1/5	1/24/2023	1/5	1/24/2023	1/24	1/24/2023	1/5	1/24/2023	1/54	1/24/2023
Field Data	d⊥	TP-08	扛	TP-09	i1	TP-09	Ĭ	TP-10	T	TP-10	11	TP-11
Test Depth (ft)	e	3.5	7	4.0		0.9	7	4.0		6.0	()	1.5
	Time	Reading										
Presoak Start/Water Depth (in)	12:16	00'9	08:8	00.9	8:30	00'9	12:20	00'9	12:20	00'9	12:22	00'9
Presoak 30 Min (in)	12:46	0.25	00:6	0.50	00:6	0.00	12:50	0.25	12:50	05'0	12:52	0.25
Presoak 60 Min (in)	13:16	0.13	08:6	0.38	08:6	0.00	13:20	0.25	13:20	00'0	13:22	0.00
START TEST (in)	13:16	9.00	08:6	9.00	9:30	00'9	13:20	9.00	13:20	00'9	13:22	00.9
Reading Interval	08	30 min	08	30 min	08	30 min	30	30 min	30	30 min	08	30 min
Reading # 1 (in)	13:46	0.13	10:00	0.25	10:00	0.00	13:50	0.25	13:50	00'0	13:52	0.13
Reading # 2 (in)	14:16	0.13	10:30	0.13	10:30	0.00	14:20	0.25	14:20	00'0	14:22	0.00
Reading # 3 (in)	14:46	0.13	11:00	0.13	11:00	0.00	14:50	0.25	14:50	00.0	14:52	0.00
Reading # 4 (in)	15:16	0.13	11:30	0.13	11:30	0.00	15:20	0.25	15:20	00.0	15:22	0.00
Reading # 5 (in)												
Reading # 6 (in)												
Reading # 7 (in)												
Reading # 8 (in)												
O.D. of Double Ring Infiltrometer (in)	9	00.9	9	00'9	9	00.9	9	00.9	9	9.00	9	00.9
nitial Water Depth (in)	9	00'9	9	00'9	9	00.9	9	00'9	•	00.9	9	00.9
Final Water Level Drop (in)	0	0.13	0	0.13	0	0.00	0	0.25)	0.00	0	0.00
Average Reading (in)	0	0.13	0	0.16	0	0.00	0	0.25)	0.00	0	0.03
Infiltration Rate (in/hr)	0	0.25	0	0.31	0	0.00	0	0.50)	0.00	0	90.0
Safety Factor	2.	2.00	2	2.00	2	2.00	2	2.00	7	2.00	2	2.00
Corrected Infiltration Rate (in/hr)	0	0.13	0	0.16	0	0.00	0	0.25)	0.00	0	0.03

Notes: 1. Infiltrometer refilled to water depth of 6 inches (inner and outer ring) after each reading.

Double Ring Infiltration Test Results Chiques Crossing ECS Project No. 18:5839

1/24/2023	TP-14	1.0	Reading	00.9	0.00	0.00	00.9	30 min	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00					00.9	00.9	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00
1/2	T		Time	10:10	10:40	11:10	11:10	3(11:40	12:10	12:40	13:10)))))	())
1/24/2023	TP-13	5.5	Reading	00'9	00'0	0.13	00'9	30 min	00'0	0.13	00'0	00.0					6.00	6.00	0.00	0.03	0.06	2.00	0.03
1/5	1		Time	10:12	10:42	11:12	11:12	30	11:42	12:12	12:42	13:12)))))	7	J
1/24/2023	TP-13	3.5	Reading	00.9	0.13	0.00	00.9	30 min	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.00					00:9	00.9	0.00	0.03	90:0	2.00	0.03
1/24	Ŧ	(1)	Time	10:12	10:42	11:12	11:12	30	11:42	12:12	12:42	13:12					9	9	0	0	0	2	0
1/24/2023	TP-12	0.9	Reading	00.9	0.00	0.00	00.9	30 min	0.13	0.00	0.13	0.00					00.9	00.9	0.00	90:0	0.13	2.00	90:0
1/2	I)	Time	10:14	10:44	11:14	11:14	30	11:44	12:14	12:44	13:14					9	9	0	0	0	2	0
1/24/2023	TP-12	4.0	Reading	00.9	0.00	0.00	00.9	30 min	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00					00.9	00.9	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00
1/5	Ĭ	7	Time	10:14	10:44	11:14	11:14	30	11:44	12:14	12:44	13:14					9	9	0	0	0	2	0
1/24/2023	TP-11	3.5	Reading	00'9	0.13	0.00	00.9	30 min	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13					00.9	00.9	0.13	0.13	0.25	2.00	0.13
1/24	TP	3	Time	12:22	12:52	13:22	13:22	30	13:52	14:22	14:52	15:22					9	9	0.	0	0.	2.	Ö
Date Tested:	Field Data	Test Depth (ft)		Presoak Start/Water Depth (in)	Presoak 30 Min (in)	Presoak 60 Min (in)	START TEST (in)	Reading Interval	Reading # 1 (in)	Reading # 2 (in)	Reading # 3 (in)	Reading # 4 (in)	Reading # 5 (in)	Reading # 6 (in)	Reading # 7 (in)	Reading # 8 (in)	O.D. of Double Ring Infiltrometer (in)	Initial Water Depth (in)	Final Water Level Drop (in)	Average Reading (in)	Infiltration Rate (in/hr)	Safety Factor	Corrected Infiltration Rate (in/hr)

Notes: 1. Infiltrometer refilled to water depth of 6 inches (inner and outer ring) after each reading.

Double Ring Infiltration Test Results Chiques Crossing ECS Project No. 18:5839

1/25/2023	TP-17	4.0	Reading	00.9	0.00	0.00	00.9	30 min	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00					00.9	6.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00
1/2	_		Time	11:30	12:00	12:30	12:30	3(13:00	13:30	14:00	14:30)))))	•	J
1/25/2023	TP-16	0.9	Reading	00'9	00'0	00'0	00'9	30 min	00'0	0.13	00.0	0.13					00.9	00.9	0.13	90.0	0.13	2.00	90.0
1/25	F		Time	11:28	11:58	12:28	12:28	30	12:58	13:28	13:58	14:28					9	9)))	2	0
1/25/2023	TP-16	4.0	Reading	00.9	0.00	0.00	00.9	30 min	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.13					00.9	6.00	0.13	90.0	0.13	2.00	0.06
1/25	Ĕ	7	Time	11:28	11:58	12:28	12:28	30	12:58	13:28	13:58	14:28					9	9	0	0	0	2	0
1/23/2023	TP-15	0.9	Reading	00.9	0.13	0.13	00.9	30 min	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.00					00.9	6.00	0.00	60.0	0.19	2.00	0.09
1/23	Ė)	Time	10:17	10:47	11:17	11:17	08	11:47	12:17	12:47	13:17					9	9	0	0	0	2	0
1/23/2023	TP-15	4.0	Reading	00'9	00'0	0.13	00'9	30 min	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.13					6.00	6.00	0.13	0.03	90.0	2.00	0.03
1/2:	F	,	Time	10:17	10:47	11:17	11:17	ງ ε	11:47	12:17	12:47	13:17					9	9)))	2	0
1/24/2023	TP-14	3.0	Reading	00.9	0.00	0.00	00.9	30 min	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00					00.9	6.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00
	TP	E	Time	10:10	10:40	11:10	11:10	08	11:40	12:10	12:40	13:10					9	9	0	0	0	2.	0
Date Tested:	Field Data	Test Depth (ft)		Presoak Start/Water Depth (in)	Presoak 30 Min (in)	Presoak 60 Min (in)	START TEST (in)	Reading Interval	Reading # 1 (in)	Reading # 2 (in)	Reading # 3 (in)	Reading # 4 (in)	Reading # 5 (in)	Reading # 6 (in)	Reading # 7 (in)	Reading # 8 (in)	O.D. of Double Ring Infiltrometer (in)	Initial Water Depth (in)	Final Water Level Drop (in)	Average Reading (in)	Infiltration Rate (in/hr)	Safety Factor	Corrected Infiltration Rate (in/hr)

Notes: 1. Infiltrometer refilled to water depth of 6 inches (inner and outer ring) after each reading.

Double Ring Infiltration Test Results Chiques Crossing ECS Project No. 18:5839

1/25/2023	TP-20	1.0	Reading	00.9	0.00	0.00	00.9	30 min	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00					00.9	00.9	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00
1/2	1		Time	11:36	12:06	12:36	12:36	3(13:06	13:36	14:06	14:36))	. ,	
1/25/2023	TP-19	2.5	Reading	00'9	0.25	0.13	00'9	30 min	0.13	0.13	0.13	00'0					6.00	6.00	0.00	0.09	0.19	2.00	0.09
1/25	T		Time	11:34	12:04	12:34	12:34	30	13:04	13:34	14:04	14:34					9	9)))	2	0
1/25/2023	TP-19	1.0	Reading	00.9	0.00	0.00	00.9	30 min	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00					00.9	00.9	0.00	0.03	90:0	2.00	0.03
1/25	Ŧ	I	Time	11:34	12:04	12:34	12:34	30	13:04	13:34	14:04	14:34					9	9	0	0	0	2	0
1/25/2023	TP-18	4.5	Reading	9.00	0.00	0.00	9.00	30 min	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00					00.9	00.9	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00
1/2	I	,	Time	11:32	12:02	12:32	12:32	30	13:02	13:32	14:02	14:32					9	9	0))	2	0
1/25/2023	TP-18	2.5	Reading	00.9	0.75	0.50	00.9	30 min	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50					00.9	6.00	0.50	0.50	1.00	2.00	0.50
1/2	Ĭ	. ,	Time	11:32	12:02	12:32	12:32	30	13:02	13:32	14:02	14:32					9	9	0	0	1	2	0
1/25/2023	TP-17	0.9	Reading	00.9	0.50	0.50	00.9	30 min	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38					00.9	00.9	0.38	0.38	0.75	2.00	0.38
1/25	TP	9	Time	11:30	12:00	12:30	12:30	30	13:00	13:30	14:00	14:30					9	9	0	0	0	2.	Ó
Date Tested:	Field Data	Test Depth (ft)		Presoak Start/Water Depth (in)	Presoak 30 Min (in)	Presoak 60 Min (in)	START TEST (in)	Reading Interval	Reading # 1 (in)	Reading # 2 (in)	Reading # 3 (in)	Reading # 4 (in)	Reading # 5 (in)	Reading # 6 (in)	Reading # 7 (in)	Reading # 8 (in)	O.D. of Double Ring Infiltrometer (in)	Initial Water Depth (in)	Final Water Level Drop (in)	Average Reading (in)	Infiltration Rate (in/hr)	Safety Factor	Corrected Infiltration Rate (in/hr)

Notes: 1. Infiltrometer refilled to water depth of 6 inches (inner and outer ring) after each reading.

Double Ring Infiltration Test Results Chiques Crossing ECS Project No. 18:5839

1/26/2023	TP-23	2.5	Reading	00.9	0.00	0.00	00.9	30 min	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00					00.9	6.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00
1/2	-		Time	11:17	11:47	12:17	12:17	3(12:47	13:17	13:47	14:17)))))		J
1/26/2023	TP-22	6.0	Reading	00'9	00'0	00'0	00'9	30 min	00'0	0.00	0.00	00'0					6.00	6.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00
1/26	F		Time	11:18	11:48	12:18	12:18	30	12:48	13:18	13:48	14:18					9	9)))	2	0
1/26/2023	TP-22	4.0	Reading	00.9	0.13	0.00	00.9	30 min	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00					00.9	6.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00
1/26	Ĕ	7	Time	11:18	11:48	12:18	12:18	30	12:48	13:18	13:48	14:18					9	9	0	0	0	2	0
1/25/2023	TP-21	3.0	Reading	00.9	0.00	0.00	9.00	30 min	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00					00.9	00.9	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00
1/25	Ē	,	Time	11:38	12:08	12:38	12:38	30	13:08	13:38	14:08	14:38					9	9	0	0	0	2	0
1/25/2023	TP-21	1.0	Reading	00'9	00'0	0.00	00'9	30 min	0.00	0.00	0.00	00'0					6.00	6.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00
1/2	F		Time	11:38	12:08	12:38	12:38	ງ ε	13:08	13:38	14:08	14:38					9	9)))	2	0
1/25/2023	TP-20	2.5	Reading	00.9	0.25	0.25	00.9	30 min	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00					00.9	6.00	0.00	0.03	90.0	2.00	0.03
	TP	7	Time	11:36	12:06	12:36	12:36	08	13:06	13:36	14:06	14:36					9	9	0	0	0	2.	0
Date Tested:	Field Data	Test Depth (ft)		Presoak Start/Water Depth (in)	Presoak 30 Min (in)	Presoak 60 Min (in)	START TEST (in)	Reading Interval	Reading # 1 (in)	Reading # 2 (in)	Reading # 3 (in)	Reading # 4 (in)	Reading # 5 (in)	Reading # 6 (in)	Reading # 7 (in)	Reading # 8 (in)	O.D. of Double Ring Infiltrometer (in)	Initial Water Depth (in)	Final Water Level Drop (in)	Average Reading (in)	Infiltration Rate (in/hr)	Safety Factor	Corrected Infiltration Rate (in/hr)

Notes: 1. Infiltrometer refilled to water depth of 6 inches (inner and outer ring) after each reading.

Double Ring Infiltration Test Results Chiques Crossing ECS Project No. 18:5839

			Reading																				
			Time																				
1/26/2023	TP-25	0.9	Reading	00'9	1.00	1.00	00.9	30 min	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00					00.9	00.9	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	1.00
1/2	_		Time	11:22	11:52	12:22	12:22	3(12:52	13:22	13:52	14:22))	\	•		,	1
1/26/2023	TP-25	4.0	Reading	00.9	1.00	1.00	00.9	30 min	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00					00'9	00'9	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	1.00
1/26	Ė	7	Time	11:22	11:52	12:22	12:22	30	12:52	13:22	13:52	14:22					9	9	1	1	2	2	1
1/26/2023	TP-24	0.9	Reading	00.9	0.00	0.00	00.9	30 min	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00					00.9	00.9	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00
1/2	F)	Time	11:21	11:51	12:21	12:21	30	12:51	13:21	13:51	14:21					9	9	0	0	0	2	0
1/26/2023	TP-24	4.0	Reading	00.9	0.75	0.50	00.9	30 min	0.50	0.50	0.38	0.38					00'9	00.9	0.38	0.44	0.88	2.00	0.44
1/2	F	,	Time	11:21	11:51	12:21	12:21	30	12:51	13:21	13:51	14:21					9	9)))	2	0
1/26/2023	TP-23	2.5	Reading	6.00	0.00	0.00	00.9	30 min	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00					00'9	00.9	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00
1/26	TP	2	Time	11:17	11:47	12:17	12:17	30	12:47	13:17	13:47	14:17					9	9	0.	0.	0.	2.	o
Date Tested:	Field Data	Test Depth (ft)		Presoak Start/Water Depth (in)	Presoak 30 Min (in)	Presoak 60 Min (in)	START TEST (in)	Reading Interval	Reading # 1 (in)	Reading # 2 (in)	Reading # 3 (in)	Reading # 4 (in)	Reading # 5 (in)	Reading # 6 (in)	Reading # 7 (in)	Reading # 8 (in)	O.D. of Double Ring Infiltrometer (in)	Initial Water Depth (in)	Final Water Level Drop (in)	Average Reading (in)	Infiltration Rate (in/hr)	Safety Factor	Corrected Infiltration Rate (in/hr)

Notes: 1. Infiltrometer refilled to water depth of 6 inches (inner and outer ring) after each reading.





TP-01 TP-02





TP-03 TP-04

CHIQUES CROSSING
ECS PROJECT NO. 18:5839
LANCASTER COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA



TEST PIT PHOTOGRAPHS





TP-06





TP-07 TP-08

CHIQUES CROSSING ECS PROJECT NO. 18:5839 LANCASTER COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA







TP-09 TP-10





TP-11 TP-12

CHIQUES CROSSING
ECS PROJECT NO. 18:5839
LANCASTER COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA







TP-13 TP-14





TP-15 TP-16

CHIQUES CROSSING
ECS PROJECT NO. 18:5839
LANCASTER COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA







TP-17 TP-18





TP-19 TP-20

CHIQUES CROSSING
ECS PROJECT NO. 18:5839
LANCASTER COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA







TP-21 TP-22

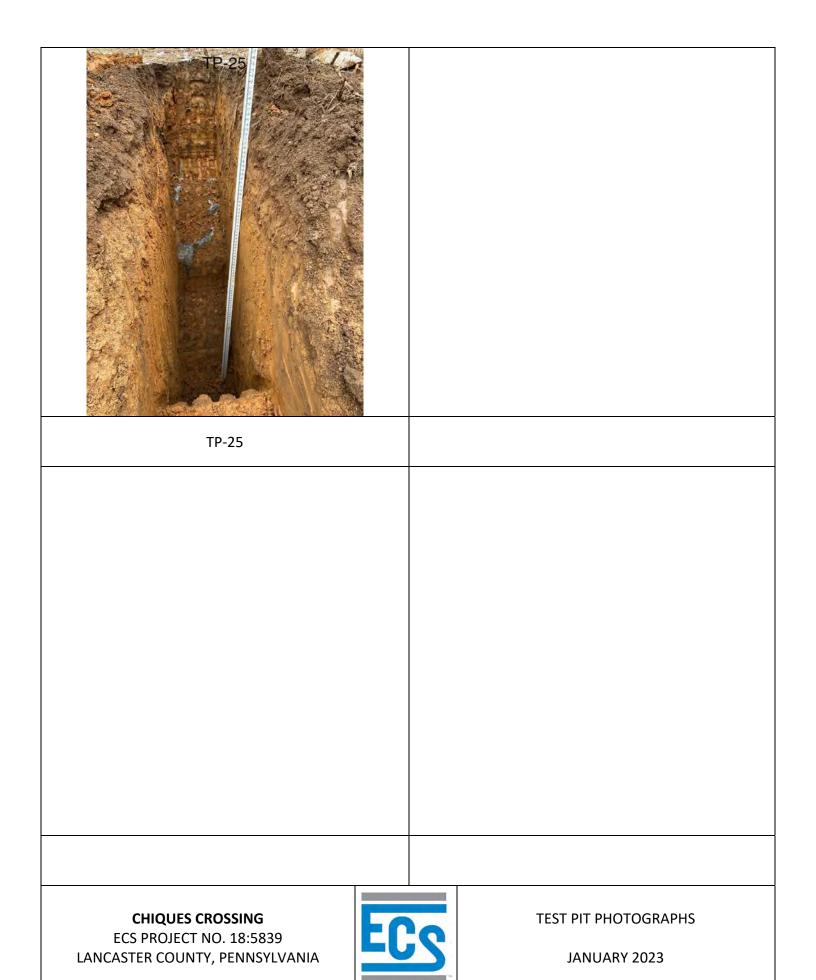




TP-23 TP-24

CHIQUES CROSSING
ECS PROJECT NO. 18:5839
LANCASTER COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA







Surficial Rock (SR-01)



Surficial Rock (SR-02)



Surficial Rock (SR-03)



Surficial Rock (SR-04)

CHIQUES CROSSING ECS PROJECT NO. 18:5839 LANCASTER COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA



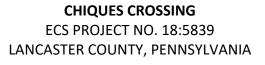
CARBONATE ASSESSMENT PHOTOGRAPHS



Surficial Rock (SR-05)



Surficial Rock (SR-07)





Surficial Rock (SR-06)



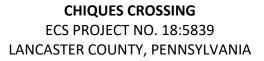
Sinkhole/Subsidence Feature







Animal Burrow (GH-02)





Animal Burrow (GH-01)



Animal Burrow (GH-03)

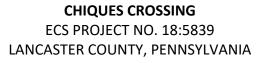




Animal Burrow (GH-04)



Animal Burrow (GH-06)





Animal Burrow (GH-05)



Animal Burrow (GH-07)

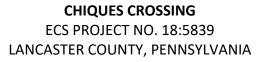




Animal Burrow (GH-08)



Animal Burrow (GH-10)





Animal Burrow (GH-09)



Animal Burrow (GH-11)



APPENDIX C – Laboratory Testing

Laboratory Test Results Summary Plasticity Chart Grain Size Analyses Textural Triangle USDA Test

Laboratory Testing Summary

					Atter	Atterberg Limits	nits	**Percent	Moisture	Moisture - Density	CBR (%)	(%)	
Sample Location	Sample Number	Depth (feet)	√MC (%)	Soil	1	PL	₫	Passing No.	<maximum Density (pcf)</maximum 	<0ptimum Moisture (%)	0.1 in. 0.2 in.		#Organic Content (%)
TP-04	S-1	4	27.2	CL	39	17	22	77.3					
TP-12	S-1	4	23.7	CL	36	20	16	4.77					
TP-25	S-1	4	21.1	CL	41	19	22	87.0					
Notes:	: See test repor	ts for test n	nethod, ^AS	STM D221(5-19, *AS	TM D248	8, **ASTI	M D1140-17, #	4STM D2974-2	Notes: See test reports for test method, ^ASTM D2216-19, *ASTM D2488, **ASTM D1140-17, #ASTM D2974-20e1 < See test report for D4718 corrected values	eport for D	04718 col	rected values
Definitions:	: MC: Moisture Content, Soil Type: US Bearing Ratio, OC: Organic Content	Content, Sc OC: Orgar	oil Type: Us	SCS (Unifie	³d Soil Cl≀	assificatio	n Systen	ı), LL: Liquid Li	mit, PL: Plastic	Definitions: MC: Moisture Content, Soil Type: USCS (Unified Soil Classification System), LL: Liquid Limit, PL: Plastic Limit, PI: Plasticity Index, CBR: California Bearing Ratio, OC: Organic Content	ity Index,	CBR: Ca	ifornia

Project: Chiques Crossing Client: Vistablock Westmount, LLC

Date Reported: 2/3/2023
Address

Project No.: 18:5839

52-6 Grumbacher Road York, PA 17406

(717)767-4788

Office Number / Fax

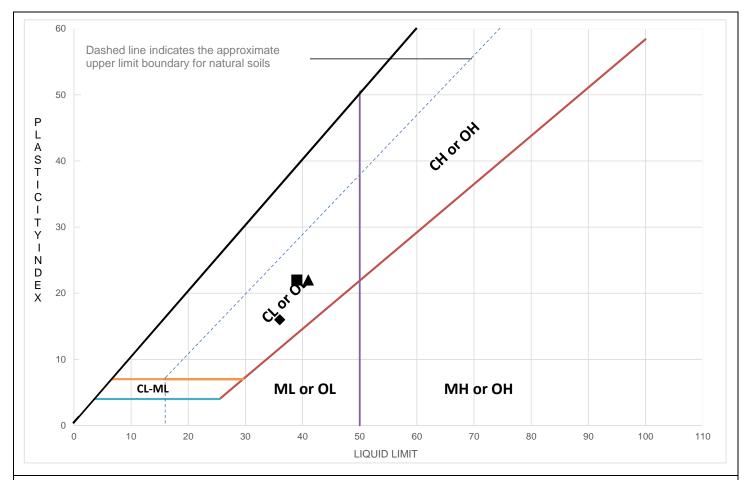
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Office / Lab

Date Received		
Approved by	agolihew	
Checked by		
Tested by	JGates	

LIQUID AND PLASTIC LIMITS TEST REPORT



TEST RESULTS (ASTM D4318-10 (MULTIPOINT TEST))

			• •			. • (,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0 10 (1110)		-0.,,	
	Sample Location	Sample Number	Sample Depth (ft)	LL	PL	PI	%<#40	%<#200	AASHTO	USCS	Material Description
	TP-04	S-1	4	39	17	22	91.8	77.3	A-6	CL	Lean Clay with Sand
•	TP-12	S-1	4	36	20	16	93.4	77.4	A-6	CL	Lean Clay with Sand
A	TP-25	S-1	4	41	19	22	92.5	87.0	A-7-6	CL	Lean Clay

Project: Chiques Crossing
Client: Vistablock Westmount, LLC

Project No.: 18:5839 Date Reported: 2/3/2023



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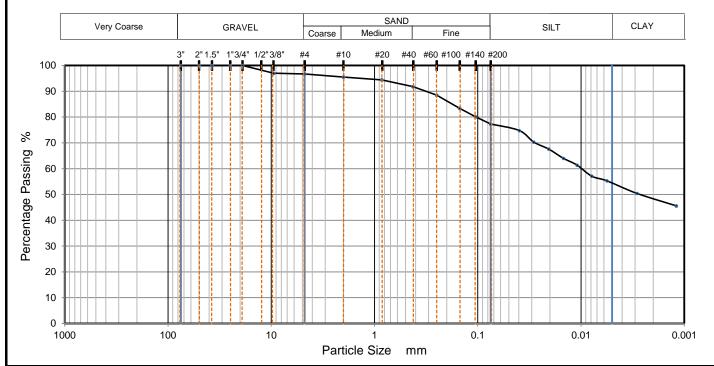
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Tested by	Checked by	Approved by	Date Received
JGates		agolihew	

PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION



TEST RESULTS (ASTM D6913M-17-METHOD A)

Sie	eving	Hydrometer S	Sedimentation
Particle Size	% Passing	Particle Size mm	% Passing
3"	100	0.0397	75
2"	100	0.0287	70
1 1/2"	100	0.0206	68
1"	100	0.0148	64
3/4"	100	0.0109	61
3/8"	97	0.0079	57
#4	97	0.0056	55
#10	96	0.0029	50
#20	94	0.0012	46
#40	92		
#60	89	Specific Grav	ity (Historical)
#100	83	2.	65
#140	80	1	
#200	77		

Dry Mass of sample, g	145.8		
Sample Proportions	% dry mass		
Very coarse, >3" sieve	0		

Very coarse, >3" sieve	0
Gravel, 3" to # 4 sieve	3
Coarse Sand, #4 to #10 sieve	1
Medium Sand, #10 to #40	4
Fine Sand, #40 to #200	15
Silt, 75µm to 5 µm	23
Clay < 5µm	55

USCS	CL	Liquid Limit	39	D90	0.318	D50	0.003	D10	
AASHTO	A-6	Plastic Limit	17	D85	0.176	D30		Cu	
USCS Group Name	Lean clay with sand	Plasticity Index	22	D60	0.010	D15		Сс	

Project: Chiques Crossing
Client: Vistablock Westmount, LLC
Sample Description: Lean Clay with Sand
Sample Source: TP-04

Depth (ft): 4
Sample No.: S-1
Date Reported: 2/3/2023

Project No.: 18:5839



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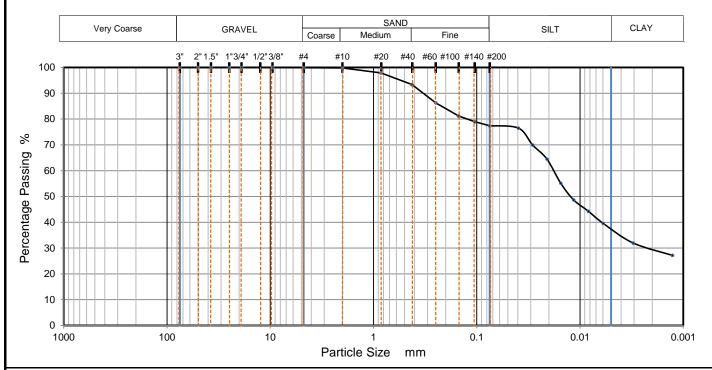
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Tested by	Checked by	Approved by	Date Received	Remarks
JGates		agolihew		





TEST RESULTS (ASTM D6913M-17-METHOD A)

Sie	eving	Hydrometer S	Sedimentation
Particle Size	% Passing	Particle Size mm	% Passing
3"	100	0.0395	77
2"	100	0.0288	70
1 1/2"	100	0.0209	65
1"	100	0.0154	55
3/4"	100	0.0115	49
3/8"	100	0.0083	44
#4	100	0.0060	40
#10	100	0.0031	32
#20	98	0.0013	27
#40	93		
#60	86	Specific Grav	ity (Historical)
#100	81	2.	65
#140	79		
#200	77]	
		II	

Dry Mass of sample, g	111.1
ample Proportions	% dry mass

Sample Proportions	% dry mass
Very coarse, >3" sieve	0
Gravel, 3" to # 4 sieve	0
Coarse Sand, #4 to #10 sieve	0
Medium Sand, #10 to #40	6
Fine Sand, #40 to #200	16
Silt, 75µm to 5 µm	40
Clay < 5µm	38

USCS	CL	Liquid Limit	36	D90	0.330	D50	0.012	D10	
AASHTO	A-6	Plastic Limit	20	D85	0.220	D30	0.002	Cu	
USCS Group Name	Lean clay with sand	Plasticity Index	16	D60	0.018	D15		Сс	

Project: Chiques Crossing

Client: Vistablock Westmount, LLC Sample Description: Lean Clay with Sand

Sample Source: TP-12

Project No.: 18:5839 Depth (ft): 4 Sample No.: S-1 Date Reported: 2/3/2023

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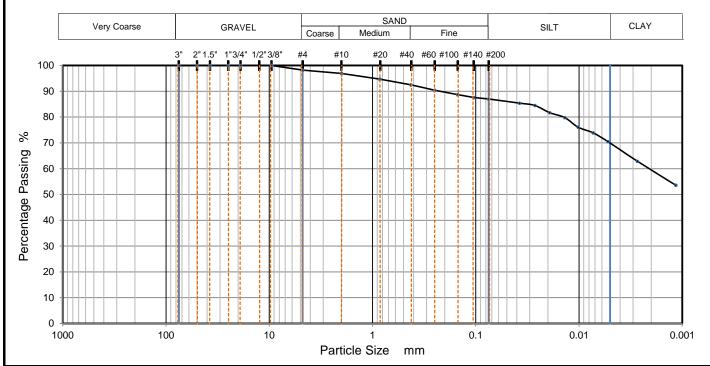
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Tested by	Checked by	Approved by	Date Received	Remarks
JGates		agolihew		





TEST RESULTS (ASTM D6913M-17-METHOD A)

Sie	Sieving		Sedimentation
Particle Size	% Passing	Particle Size mm	% Passing
3"	100	0.0377	85
2"	100	0.0268	85
1 1/2"	100	0.0192	82
1"	100	0.0137	80
3/4"	100	0.0102	76
3/8"	100	0.0073	74
#4	98	0.0053	71
#10	97	0.0027	63
#20	95	0.0012	54
#40	93		
#60	90	Specific Grav	rity (Historical)
#100	89	2.	65
#140	88		
#200	87]	
		11	

Dry Mass of sample, g	121.1
	-

Sample Proportions	% dry mass				
Very coarse, >3" sieve	0				
Gravel, 3" to # 4 sieve	2				
Coarse Sand, #4 to #10 sieve	1				
Medium Sand, #10 to #40	4				
Fine Sand, #40 to #200	6				
Silt, 75µm to 5 µm	17				
Clay < 5µm	70				

USCS	CL	Liquid Limit	41	D90	0.222	D50	D10	
AASHTO	A-7-6	Plastic Limit	19	D85	0.032	D30	Cu	
USCS Group Name	Lean clay	Plasticity Index	22	D60	0.002	D15	Сс	

Project: Chiques Crossing

Client: Vistablock Westmount, LLC

Sample Description: Lean Clay Sample Source: TP-25

Project No.: 18:5839 Depth (ft): 4 Sample No.: S-1

Date Reported: 2/3/2023



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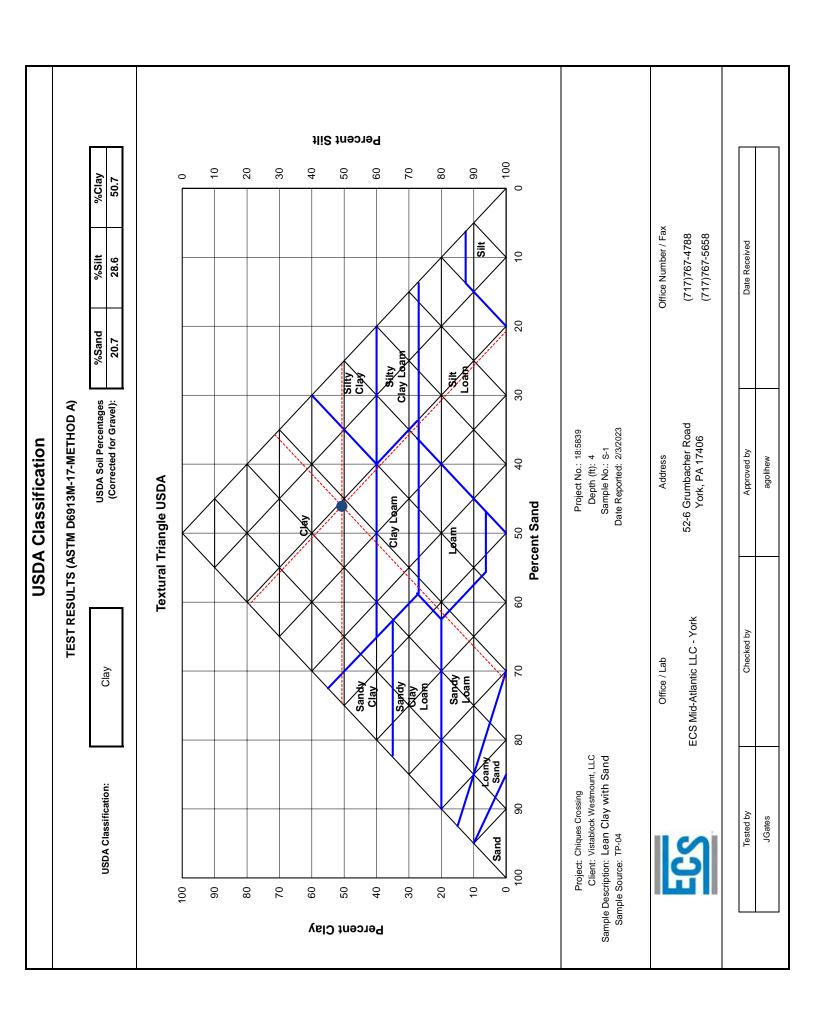
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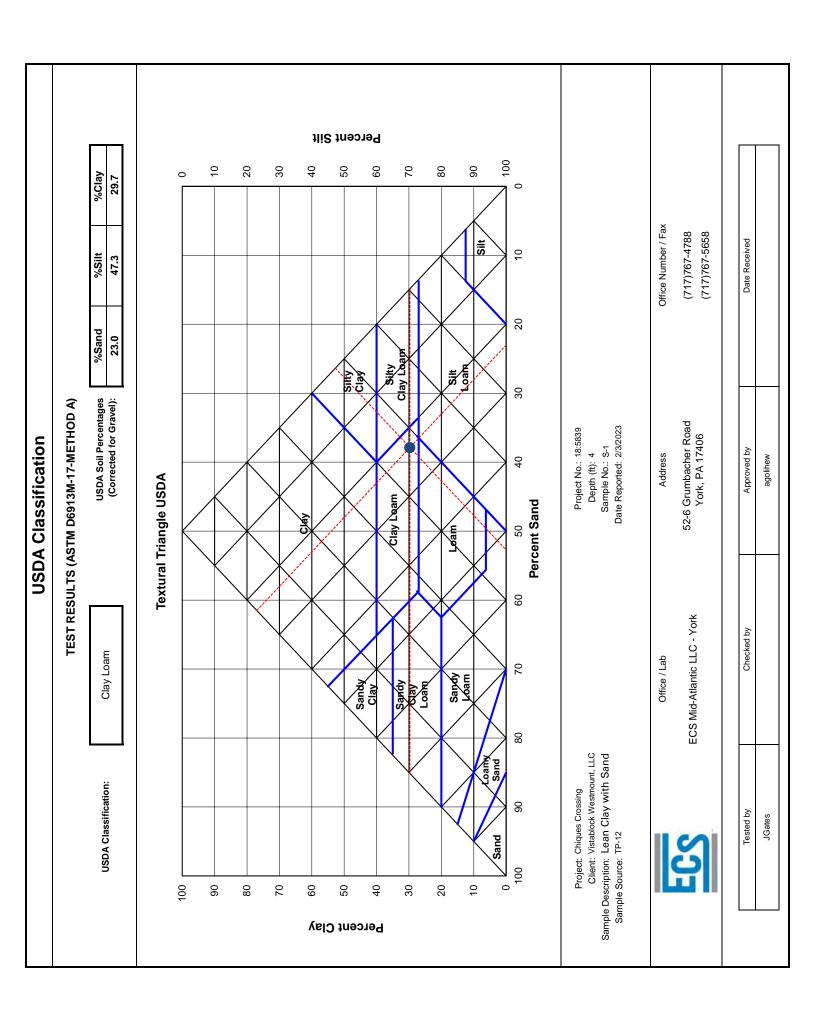
Office Number / Fax (717)767-4788

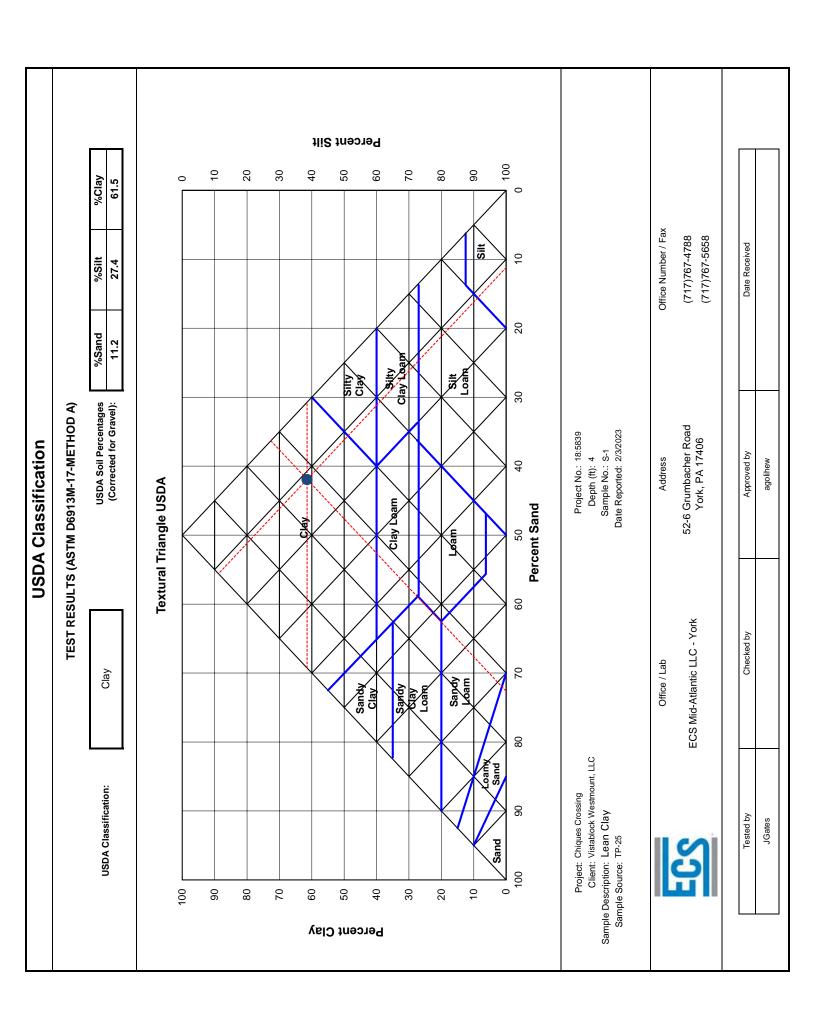
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JGates		agolihew		

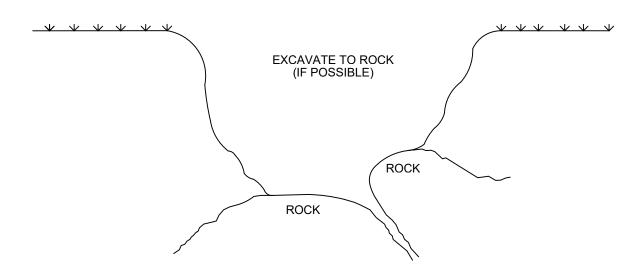






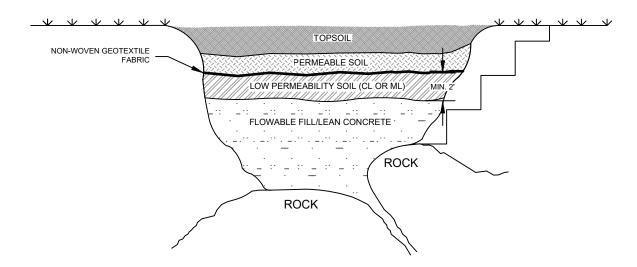
APPENDIX D – Supplemental Report Documents

Sinkhole Repair Details French Drain Installation Procedure



STEP 1: EXCAVATE THE SINKHOLE DOWN TO ROCK, IF POSSIBLE.

STEP 2: CLEAN OUT ALL LOOSE SOIL AND EXPOSE THROAT, IF POSSIBLE.



STEP 3: PLACE APPROXIMATELY 2 TO 3 FEET (OR AS NEEDED) OF FLOWABLE FILL/LEAN CONCRETE.

STEP 4: COMPACT LOW PERMEABILITY SOIL (CL OR ML MATERIALS) OVER FLOWABLE FILL/LEAN CONCRETE TO A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 2 FEET.

STEP 5: COVER THE SOIL WITH NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE FABRIC.

STEP 6: COVER GEOTEXTILE WITH PERMEABLE SOIL, COMPATIBLE WITH THE ON-SITE SOILS. COMPACT TO A MINIMUM OF 95% OF THE MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY (MDD) AS OBTAINED BY ASTM D698 (OR 92% OF THE MDD AS OBTAINED BY ASTM D1557.)

STEP 7: FILL THE REMAINDER OF THE HOLE WITH SOIL TO MATCH GRADE. THIS CAN BE LAYERED TO MATCH THE EXISTING SOIL PROFILE.

NOTE: ALL SINKHOLE REPAIRS SHOULD BE PERFORMED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER EXPERIENCED WITH CARBONATE GEOLOGY AND SINKHOLE REPAIR PROCEDURES. DETAILS CAN BE MODIFIED AT THE DESCRETION OF THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER BASED ON THE ENCOUNTERED CONDITIONS.POSITIVE DRAINAGE AWAY FROM THE OPEN EXCAVATION SHOULD BE MAINTAINED.

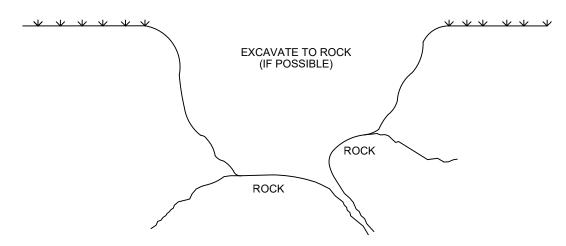


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TYPICAL SINKHOLE REPAIR DETAIL

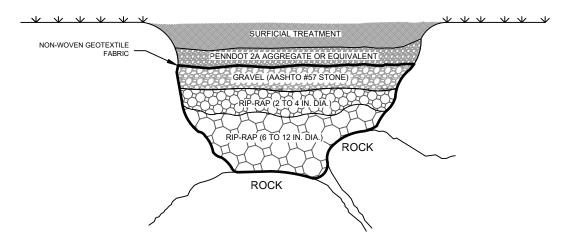
GROUTED REPAIR

NOT TO SCALE



STEP 1: EXCAVATE THE SINKHOLE DOWN TO ROCK, IF POSSIBLE.

STEP 2: CLEAN OUT ALL LOOSE SOIL AND EXPOSE THROAT, IF POSSIBLE.



STEP 3: LINE THE EXCAVATION WITH NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE FABRIC (MIRAFI 140N OR EQUIVALENT.

STEP 4: PLACE A LAYER OF LARGE STONE IN THE EXCAVATION. STONE SHOULD BE APPROXIMATELY 6 TO 12 INCHES IN DIAMETER.

STEP 5: PLACE A LAYER OF SMALLER STONE ON TOP. THIS LAYER SHOULD CONSIST OF STONES APPROXIMATELY 2 TO 4 INCHES IN DIAMETER.

STEP 6: PLACE A LAYER OF GRAVEL ON TOP OF THE SMALLER STONES. THE GRAVEL SHOULD BE AASHTO #57 STONE OR EQUIVALENT.

STEP 7: COVER THE GRAVEL WITH THE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC. THIS WILL PREVENT THE FINES FROM THE NEXT LAYER FROM BEING LOST IN THE VOID SPACE OF THE GRAVEL/STONE.

STEP 8: PLACE A LAYER OF PENNDOT 2A AGGREGATE OR EQUIVALENT ON TOP OF THE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC. COMPACT TO A MINIMUM OF 95% OF THE MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY (MDD) AS OBTAINED BY ASTM D698 (OR 92% OF THE MDD AS OBTAINED BY ASTM D1557.)

STEP 9: FILL THE REMAINDER OF THE HOLE WITH SOIL TO MATCH GRADE. THIS CAN BE LAYERED TO MATCH THE EXISTING SOIL PROFILE.

NOTE: IDEALLY EACH LAYER IS APPROXIMATELY 6 INCHES TO 2 FEET THICK; HOWEVER, THICKER LAYERS ARE SOMETIMES WARRANTED DEPENDING ON THE DEPTH OF THE FEATURE.ALL SINKHOLE REPAIRS SHOULD BE PERFORMED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER EXPERIENCED WITH CARBONATE GEOLOGY AND SINKHOLE REPAIR PROCEDURES. DETAILS CAN BE MODIFIED AT THE DESCRETION OF THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER BASED ON THE ENCOUNTERED CONDITIONS. POSITIVE DRAINAGE AWAY FROM THE OPEN EXCVATION SHOULD BE MAINTAINED.



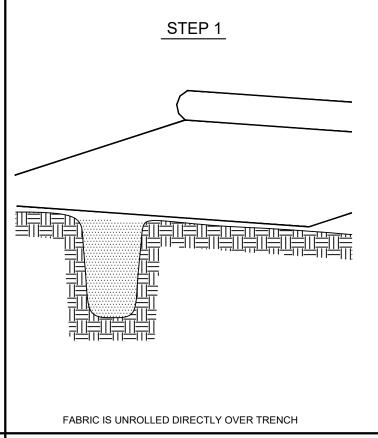
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TYPICAL SINKHOLE REPAIR DETAIL

STONE TYPE REPAIR

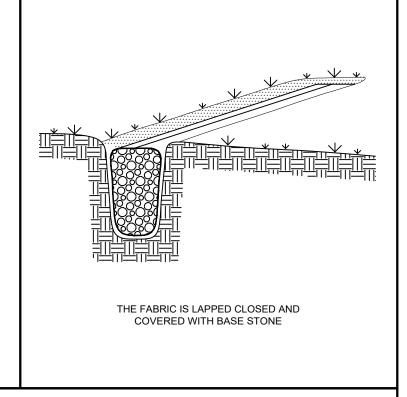
NOT TO SCALE

#57 AGGREGATE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC SUBDRAIN USING FILTER FABRIC



THE TRENCH IS FILLED WITH AGGREGATE

STEP 2



STEP 3



FRENCH DRAIN TYPICAL DETAIL
INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

NOT TO SCALE